Registered number: 03472499

## **ALL SEASONS FLOWERS LIMITED**

## UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020



# ALL SEASONS FLOWERS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03472499

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 AUGUST 2020

	Note	£	2020 £	£	2019 · . £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets Current assets	6	•	·. •		<u>-</u>
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	589,009		595,303	
Cash at bank and in hand	8	50,278	\$	44,292	
		639,287	-	639,595	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(207,379)		(252,238)	
Net current assets		··············	431,908		387,357
Total assets less current liabilities		_	431,908	<del>-</del>	387,357
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(46,609)	•	•
Net assets			385,299	-	387,357
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		30		30
Profit and loss account			385,269		387,327
		_	385,299	-	387,357

## ALL SEASONS FLOWERS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03472499

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 AUGUST 2020

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the Statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

A Porges Director

05/05/2021

The notes on pages 3 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

#### 1. General information

All Seasons Flowers Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Falcon House, Central Way, Feltham, Middlesex, TW14 0UQ.

The company specialises in wholesale distribution of cut flowers.

#### 2. Accounting policies

## 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

## 2.2 Going concern

The directors have taken consideration of the impact of COVID-19 on the business and the withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the European Union. The directors note that the company is trading adequately and has sufficient working capital and other finance available to continue trading for a period of not less than 12 months from the Statement of financial position date. As such, the directors believe that there are no significant uncertainties in their assessment of whether the business is a going concern and therefore have prepared the accounts on a going concern basis.

## 2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

## Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered.

## 2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation is provided on the following bases:

Motor vehicles

- 25% reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings

- 20% on cost

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

#### 2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## 2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

## 2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 2.8 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income in the same period as the related expenditure.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.9 Foreign currency translation

#### Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

### 2.10 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

## 2.11 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

## 2.12 Pensions

## Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

#### 2.13 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

## 2.14 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

## 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 6 (2019 - 5).

## 4. Directors' remuneration

		2020 £	2019 £
	Directors' emoluments	25,479	35, 796
	Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	44,800	25,900
		70,279	61,696
5.	Dividends		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Dividends paid on equity capital	87,200	108,800
		87,200	108,800

The directors and their close family had interest in the dividends paid during the year as follows:-

S Cromey - £43,600 (2019 - £54,400) A Porges - £43,600 (2019 - £54,400)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

## 6. Tangible fixed assets

	Other fixed assets £
Cost	
At 1 September 2019	48,555
At 31 August 2020	48,555
Depreciation	
At 1 September 2019	48,555
At 31 August 2020	48,555
Net book value	
At 31 August 2020	-
At 31 August 2019	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

7.	Debtors		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Trade debtors	233,517	245,101
	Other debtors	326,406	333,706
	Prepayments and accrued income	29,086	16,496
		589,009	595,303
8.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	50,278	44,292
	Less: bank overdrafts	<del>-</del>	(43)
		50,278	44,249
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Bank overdrafts	-	43
	Bank loans	3,391	-
	Trade creditors	141,099	185,299
	Corporation tax	19,900	24,300
	Other taxation and social security	32,234	25,814
	Other creditors	3,464	3,786
	Accruals and deferred income	7,291	12,996
	•	207,379	252,238
		<del> </del>	

Bank overdrafts and loans are secured by the way of a debenture against all assets of the company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

10.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Bank loans	46,609	-
		46,609	-
	Bank loan are secured by the way of a debenture against all assets of the	e company.	
11.	Loans		
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	Bank loans	3,391	-
		3,391	-
	Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
	Bank loans	10,169	-
		10,169	-
	Amounts falling due 2-5 years		
	Bank loans	30,508	~
		30,508	-
	Amounts falling due after more than 5 years		
	Bank loans	5,932	-
		5,932	~
		50,000	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

## 12. Share capital

2020 2019 £ £

## Allotted, called up and fully paid

30 Ordinary shares of £1 each

30 30

#### 13. Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contribution payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £47,887 (2019 - £36,619).

#### 14. . Commitments under operating leases

The Company had no commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as at the reporting date.

## 15. Transactions with directors

Included within other debtors is an amount of £161,762 (2019 - £161,762) owed from a partnership in which the directors are partners.

Included within other debtors is an amount of £265 (2019 - £265) due from S Cromey, director and shareholder. The loan has no interest accruing or payable on it.

## 16. Related party transactions

Included within other creditors is an amount of £1,615 (2019 - £1,615) owed to the directors and shareholders of the company.

Included within other debtors is an amount of £123,846 (2019 - £131,239) owed from a company under common control.

In accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A, related party transactions that, in the opinion of the directors, were conducted under market conditions, have not been disclosed.

## 17. Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party are the directors.