FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 May 2008

TUESDAY

L11 31/03/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE 379

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

DIRECTORS

R Tchenguiz V A Tchenguiz

SECRETARY

M H P Ingham

COMPANY NUMBER

03462658 (England and Wales)

REGISTERED OFFICE

4th Floor Leconfield House Curzon Street London W I J 5 J A

AUDITORS

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP The Clock House 140 London Road Guildford Surrey GUI 1UW

SOLICITORS

Olswang 90 High Holborn London WCIV 6XX

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and financial statements of H.A. Leasing Limited for the year ended 31 May 2008.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company, which has remained unchanged during the financial year, was property investment by holding lease interests in land and buildings.

The company also acts as an intermediate holding company.

No new finance leases have been initiated during the year and the finance lease debtor at 31 May 2008 amounted to £4,882,436. The original cost of the finance lease was £4,372,584 as set out in note 9.

In the opinion of the directors the result for the year and the financial position of the company at 31 May 2008 were satisfactory given the support of Rotch Property Group Limited, a related company.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The directors use the following key indicators to measure performance:

	2008	2007
Ratio of loan to finance lease	143%	143%
Interest turnover cover	95%	95%

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

It is the company's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken. The company only enters into derivative contracts as part of its risk mitigation strategy.

The company is exposed to interest rate risks, lessee credit risk, cashflow risks, market value risks and third party risks. As its subsidiary is involved in property investment the principal risks it faces, in addition to the company's, is tenant credit risk.

Interest rate risk

The risk has been mitigated by the company only being party to fixed interest rate loans, through the use of swap arrangements.

Lessee and tenant credit risk

The risk has been mitigated by the company only taking on appropriate lessees with credit checks undertaken by Prime Estates Management Limited, a related company.

Cashflow risk

The company minimises its cashflow risk of non performance on its loan agreements by minimising its lessee credit risk and by employing Prime Estates Management Limited, a related company, as its management agents utilising their specialist skills to ensure collection of rent takes place on time.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Market value risk

The subsidiary's investment property values are determined by market forces outside of the company's control.

A reduction in the market value of the investment property could give rise to a risk of default as the loan funding includes loan to value covenants. The company minimises its exposure to loan defaults resulting from falls in property market values by cross-collateralising its property portfolio with that of other group companies so as to spread the risk over a more diverse portfolio and geographical area.

Third party risk

The company is exposed to third party risk as the company's assets and undertakings are charged in respect of the loan finance provided to fellow group companies under the cross-guarantee and cross-collateralisation arrangements (see note 11).

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

DIRECTORS

The following directors have held office since 1 June 2007:

R Tchenguiz

V A Tchenguiz

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed, as far as they are aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

AUDITORS

The auditor, Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP, Chartered Accountants, has indicated its willingness to continue in office.

On behalf of the board

R Tchenguiz Director

27 March 2009

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- d. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF H.A. LEASING LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 15.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition, we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs at 31 May 2008 and of its result for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and

- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP

Registered Auditor Chartered Accountants The Clock House 140 London Road Guildford Surrey

GUI 1UW

27 March 2009

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 May 2008

	Notes	2008 £	2007 £
TURNOVER	1	364,217	357,480
Other operating expenses	2	(4,580)	(5,455)
OPERATING PROFIT		359,637	352,025
Investment income	3		249
		359,637	352,274
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(392,759)	(385,438)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	5	(33,122)	(33,164)
Taxation	7	(224,041)	(64,691)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	14	(257,163)	(97,855)

All amounts derive from continuing activities.

No separate Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented as all such gains and losses have been dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

BALANCE SHEET

31 May 2008

	Notes	2008 £	2007 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	8	236,836	236,836
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	1,368,842	1,379,696
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	5,083,301	5,023,836
	9	6,452,143	6,403,532
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	10	(114,042)	(110,631)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		6,338,101	6,292,901
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		6,574,937	6,529,737
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(6,981,558)	(6,903,236)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES	12	(448,958)	(224,917)
NET LIABILITIES		(855,579)	(598,416)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	13	200,000	200,000
Profit and loss account	14	(1,055,579)	(798,416)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	15	(855,579)	(598,416)

The financial statements on pages 6 to 15 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 27 March 2009 and are signed on its behalf by:

D Tobenouiz

Director

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The following accounting policies have been used consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

GOING CONCERN

The company's property investment and funding structure has been set up to be principally self funding.

The directors have assessed the operation of the structure and the continuation and availability of support being provided by Rotch Property Group Limited (see note 18), a related company, and have determined that the company has, or can expect to have, sufficient working capital for its needs for at least the next 12 months. In view of this the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the accounts on the going concern basis.

INVESTMENTS

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. An asset is not recognised to the extent that the transfer of economic benefits in future is uncertain. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

GROUP ACCOUNTS

The company and its subsidiary undertaking comprise a small-sized group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemptions provided by section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare group accounts.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from the requirement to produce a cashflow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

FINANCE LEASES

Finance leases are initially stated at cost including acquisition costs. The carrying amount is increased by finance charges in the accounting period and reduced by payments received in the period. Finance charges are recognised in the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant return on the carrying amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 May 2008

1. TURNOVER

Turnover represents finance charges allocated to the period so as to give a constant periodic rate of return in the company's net cash investment in the lease.

2.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	2008 £	2007 £
	Administrative expenses	4,580	5,455
3.	INVESTMENT INCOME	2008 £	2007 £
	Bank interest	-	249
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2008 £	2007 £
	Loan interest payable to group undertakings Amortisation of finance costs	384,104 8,655 392,759	376,783 8,655 385,438
5.	LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2008 £	2007 £
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging: Auditor's remuneration	2,000	2,000

6. EMPLOYEES

There were no employees during the year apart from the directors, who received no emoluments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 May 2008

TAXATION	2008	2007
U.K. corporation tax	£	£
Current tax charge	•	-
Chiron an onling		
Deferred tax		
Effects of changes in tax rates and laws	(16,544)	-
Deferred tax charge current year	240,585	64,691
Deferred tax charge	224,041	64,691
Total tax charge	224,041	64,691
Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(33,122)	(33,164)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK		
corporation tax of 28.00% (2007: 30.00%)	(9,274)	(9,949)
Effects of:		21.620
Non deductible expenses	30,002	31,630
Group relief	12,212	18,394
UK transfer pricing	24,408	24,616
Adjustment in respect of finance leases	(57,348)	(64,691)
	9,274	9,949
Current tax charge	•	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 May 2008

8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Shares in group undertakings

£

Cost

1 June 2007 and 31 May 2008

236,836

In the opinion of the directors the aggregate value of the company's investment in subsidiary undertakings is not less than the amount included in the balance sheet.

Holdings of more than 20%

The company holds more than 20% of the share capital of the following companies:

Company

Country of registration or

Shares held

incorporation

Class

%

Subsidiary undertakings

Restgrove Limited

England

Ordinary

100

The aggregate amount of capital and reserves and the results of these undertakings for the last relevant financial year were as follows:

Capital and Profit reserves for the year £

Restgrove Limited

253,648

(534)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 May 2008

9.	DEBTORS	2008 £	2007 £
	Trade debtors	46,948	2,066
		1,313,238	1,368,974
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Finance leases	4,882,436	4,814,315
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	209,521	218,177
	Prepayments and accrued income		
		6,452,143	6,403,532
			
	Amounts falling due after more than one year and included in the debtors above are:	2008	2007
		2008 £	2007 £
		£	£
	Finance leases	4,882,436	4,814,315
		200,865	209,521
	Prepayments		
		5,083,301	5,023,836
			
	The original cost of the finance lease was £4,372,584 (2007: £4,372,584).		
	CHI I MANAGEMENT	2008	2007
10.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	£006	£
		-	•
	Accruals and deferred income	114,042	110,631
	Accident and deterior income		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 May 2008

11.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	2008 20 £	2007 £
	Loans from group undertaking	6,981,558	6,903,236
	Loan maturity analysis: In more than five years	6,981,558	6,903,236

The group undertaking loans comprise four loans which are financed by loans from a third party to that group undertaking which are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company's assets. The loans bear interest at 5.7% per annum.

Loan one's interest shortfall rolls up into the loan until April 2014 when it will be repayable in instalments until April 2025 when one bullet payment of £2,359,158 will be made.

Loan two's interest shortfall rolls up into the loan until April 2015 when it will be repayable in instalments until April 2035 when one bullet payment of £524,630 will be made.

Loan three's interest shortfall rolls up into the loan until December 2010 when it will be repayable in instalments until March 2025 when one bullet payment of £1,514,154 will be made.

Loan four's interest shortfall rolls up into the loan until March 2022 when it will be repayable in instalments until March 2025 when one bullet payment of £1,136,006 will be made.

The loans are subject to cross guarantees and cross-collateralisation of the underlying properties used as security with other group loans. The total value of the group loans subject to this cross-collateralisation, including the company's loans, is £123,903,566 (2007: £124,040,311).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 May 2008

12.	DEFERRED TAXATION		Deferred
			taxation £
	Balance at 1 June 2007 Transfer from profit and loss account		224,917 224,041
	Balance at 31 May 2008		448,958
	Deferred taxation provided in the financial statements is as follows:		
		2008 £	2007 £
	Other timing differences Tax losses available	448,958	408,154 (183,237)
		448,958	224,917
	Other timing differences arise on the difference in recognition of net income from the term at a constant rate of return and that recognised for tax purposes. These timing converse until 2023.	ne finance lease of the finance lease of the finances are not the financ	over the lease of expected to
	term at a constant rate of return and that recognised for tax purposes. These timing c reverse until 2023.	lifferences are no	n expected to
13.	term at a constant rate of return and that recognised for tax purposes. These timing of reverse until 2023. SHARE CAPITAL	ne finance lease d differences are no 2008 £	over the lease of expected to 2007 £
13.	term at a constant rate of return and that recognised for tax purposes. These timing c reverse until 2023.	2008	2007
13.	term at a constant rate of return and that recognised for tax purposes. These timing of reverse until 2023. SHARE CAPITAL Authorised: 200,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	2008	2007 £
13.	term at a constant rate of return and that recognised for tax purposes. These timing of reverse until 2023. SHARE CAPITAL Authorised:	2008	2007 £
13.	term at a constant rate of return and that recognised for tax purposes. These timing of reverse until 2023. SHARE CAPITAL Authorised: 200,000 ordinary shares of £1 each Allotted, issued and fully paid: 200,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	2008 £ 200,000 200,000	2007 £ 200,000
	term at a constant rate of return and that recognised for tax purposes. These timing of reverse until 2023. SHARE CAPITAL Authorised: 200,000 ordinary shares of £1 each Allotted, issued and fully paid: 200,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	2008 £ 200,000 200,000	2007 £ 200,000 200,000 Profit and loss account

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

for the year ended 31 May 2008

15.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2008 £	2007 £
	Loss for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	(257,163) (598,416)	(97,855) (500,561)
	Closing shareholders' funds	(855,579)	(598,416)

16. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 May 2008 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2008	2007
	£	£
Land and buildings expiring after five years	13,021	12,382

17. CONTROL

The company's immediate holding company is Waxford Limited.

The directors regard the United Kingdom ultimate holding company to be Restmead Limited.

The directors regard the ultimate holding company to be Vin-Rotch Properties Limited Inc., a company incorporated in the Republic of Panama.

The ultimate controlling party, is the Tchenguiz Family Trust.

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company is related to Rotch Property Group Limited and its subsidiaries ("Rotch") with whom it has directors in common and whose ultimate holding company is Vin-Rotch Properties Limited Inc. and ultimate controlling party is the Tchenguiz Family Trust.

During the year Rotch charged the company management fees of £2,350 (2007: £2,350). At the balance sheet date, and included within amounts owed by group undertakings, £1,313,238 (2007: £1,368,974) was due by Rotch. No interest accrues on this related party balance.

Rotch has agreed to provide limited support to assist the company in meeting its operational costs as they arise should this be necessary.

The company's intermediate holding company, Dalefox Limited, provides the company with loan finance. At the balance sheet date £6,981,558 (2007: £6,903,236) was due to Dalefox Limited. During the year interest of £384,104 (2007: £376,783) was payable to Dalefox Limited.

The company leases three properties from Restgrove Limited, its subsidiary undertaking. During the year the company paid rent of £12,382 (2007: £11,767) to Restgrove Limited. These amounts have been taken into account when calculating the net finance lease position at the year end.