

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 03441650

Xpress Signs Limited

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 March 2020

Xpress Signs Limited

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2020

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Xpress Signs Limited

Chartered Accountant's Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of Xpress Signs Limited

Year ended 31 March 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Xpress Signs Limited for the year ended 31 March 2020, which comprise the balance sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us. As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance. This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Xpress Signs Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 2 September 2019. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Xpress Signs Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to you, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF as detailed at www.icaew.com/compilation. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Xpress Signs Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Xpress Signs Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Xpress Signs Limited. You consider that Xpress Signs Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year. We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Xpress Signs Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

MILLER DAVIES LLP Chartered accountants

A3 Broomsleigh Business Park Worsley Bridge Road London SE26 5BN

24 February 2021

Xpress Signs Limited

Balance Sheet

31 March 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	263,608	303,391
Current assets			
Stocks		6,469	7,679
Debtors	6	220,644	247,635
Cash at bank and in hand		36,028	26,120
		-----	-----
		263,141	281,434
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	312,664	279,444
		-----	-----
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(49,523)	1,990
		-----	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		214,085	305,381
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	65,296	100,276
		-----	-----
Net assets		148,789	205,105
		-----	-----
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		148,689	205,005
		-----	-----
Shareholders funds		148,789	205,105
		-----	-----

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Xpress Signs Limited

Balance Sheet *(continued)*

31 March 2020

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 24 February 2021 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr A Cleaver

Director

Mr P Cleaver

Director

Company registration number: 03441650

Xpress Signs Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit 3 Kangley Business Centre, Kangley Bridge Road, London, SE26 5AQ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	15% reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings	-	33% straight line
Motor vehicles	-	25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the balance sheet as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 19 (2019: 20).

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 April 2019	488,168	8,606	156,534	653,308
Additions	—	—	18,275	18,275
	-----	-----	-----	-----
At 31 March 2020	488,168	8,606	174,809	671,583
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2019	264,581	8,606	76,730	349,917
Charge for the year	33,538	—	24,520	58,058
	-----	-----	-----	-----
At 31 March 2020	298,119	8,606	101,250	407,975
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2020	190,049	—	73,559	263,608
	-----	-----	-----	-----
At 31 March 2019	223,587	—	79,804	303,391
	-----	-----	-----	-----

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Included within the carrying value of tangible assets are the following amounts relating to assets held under finance leases or hire purchase agreements:

	Plant and machinery £
At 31 March 2020	220,684
At 31 March 2019	250,580

6. Debtors

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	146,164	175,054
Other debtors	74,480	72,581
	220,644	247,635

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	85,473	64,036
Corporation tax	20,055	12,465
Social security and other taxes	76,447	56,140
Other creditors	130,689	146,803
	312,664	279,444

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Other creditors	65,296	100,276

9. Financial instruments

The carrying amount for each category of financial instrument is as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	197,687	206,993
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	281,558	311,216

10. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Not later than 1 year	57,748	56,975
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	8,642	62,630
	66,390	119,605

11. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2020			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr A Cleaver	5,619	873	6,492
Mr P Cleaver	200	—	200

	5,819	873	6,692

2019			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr A Cleaver	7,174	(1,555)	5,619
Mr P Cleaver	—	200	200

	7,174	(1,355)	5,819

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.