Company registration number: 3441083

Nameco (No. 86) Limited

Report and financial statements 31 December 2011

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Company information

Directors

J R H Evans Nomina Plc L M Cumani

Company Secretary

Hampden Legal Plc

Registered Office

85, Gracechurch Street

London EC3V 0AA

Auditors

Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf

London E14 4HD

Solicitors

Jones Day

21, Tudor Street

London EC4Y 0DJ

Report of the Directors

The Directors submit their Report together with the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2011

Principal Activities, Business Review and Future Developments

The principal activity of the Company is that of trading as a Lloyd's corporate capital member. The Company continues to trade in 2012 and the Directors expect this year's result to be profitable.

The financial statements incorporate the annual accounting results of the syndicates on which the Company participates for the 2009, 2010 and 2011 years of account, as well as any prior run-off years. The 2009 year closed at 31 December 2011 with a result of £105,479 (2008 £73,097) The 2010 and 2011 open underwriting accounts will normally close at 31 December 2012 and 2013

Results and Dividends

The results for the year are set out on pages 8 to 9 of the Financial Statements Dividends totalling £- were paid in the year (2010 £-)

Key Performance Indicators

The directors monitor the performance of the Company by reference to the following key performance indicators

	2011	2010
Capacity (youngest underwriting year)	757,565	626,503
Gross premium written as a % of capacity	89 7%	89 0%
Underwriting profit of latest closed year		
as a % of capacity	19 6%	13 3%
Run-off years of account movement	(494)	5,483

Other Performance Indicators

As a result of the nature of this Company as a Lloyd's Corporate Member the majority of its activities are carried out by the syndicates in which it participates. The Company is not involved directly in the management of the syndicate's activities, including employment of syndicate staff, as these are the responsibility of the relevant Managing Agent. Each Managing Agent will also have responsibility for the environmental activities of each syndicate, although by their nature insurers do not produce significant environmental emissions. As a result, the Directors of the Company do not consider it appropriate to monitor and report any performance indicators in relation to staff or environmental matters.

Risk Management

As a corporate member of Lloyd's the majority of the risks to this Company's future cash flows arise from its participation in the results of Lloyd's syndicates. As detailed below, these risks are mostly managed by the Managing Agent of the syndicate. This Company's role in managing this risk is limited to selection of syndicate participations and monitoring performance of the syndicates.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Syndicate Risks

The syndicate's activities expose it to a variety of financial and non-financial risks. The Managing Agent is responsible for managing the syndicate's exposure to these risks and, where possible, introducing controls and procedures that mitigate the effects of the exposure to risk. Each year, the Managing Agent prepares an Individual Capital Assessment (ICA) for the syndicate, the purpose of this being to agree capital requirements with Lloyd's based on an agreed assessment of the risks impacting the syndicate's business, and the measures in place to manage and mitigate those risks from a quantitative and qualitative perspective. The risks described below are typically reflected in the ICA, and typically the majority of the total assessed value of the risks concerned is attributable to Insurance Risk

The insurance risks faced by a syndicate include the occurrence of catastrophic events, downward pressure on pricing of risks, reductions in business volumes and the risk of inadequate reserving. Reinsurance risks arise from the risk that a reinsurer fails to meet their share of a claim. The management of the syndicate's funds is exposed to risks of investment, liquidity, currency and interest rates leading to financial loss. The syndicate is also exposed to regulatory and operational risks including its ability to continue to trade. However, supervision by Lloyd's and the Financial Services Authority provide additional controls over the syndicate's management of risks.

The Company manages the risks faced by the syndicates on which it participates by monitoring the performance of the syndicates it supports. This commences in advance of committing to support a syndicate for the following year, with a review of the business plan prepared for each syndicate by its Managing Agent. In addition quarterly reports and annual accounts together with any other information made available by the Managing Agent are monitored and if necessary enquired into. If the Company considers that the risks being run by the syndicate are excessive it will seek confirmation from the Managing Agent that adequate management of the risk is in place and if considered appropriate will withdraw support from the next underwriting year. The company relies on advice provided by the Members' Agent which acts for it, who are specialists in assessing the performance and risk profiles of syndicates.

Investment and Currency Risks

The other significant risks faced by the Company are with regard to the investment of the available funds within its own custody. The elements of these risks are investment risk, liquidity risk, currency risk and interest rate risk. The main liquidity risk would arise if a syndicate had inadequate liquid resources for a large claim and sought funds from the company to meet the claim. In order to minimise investment, credit and liquidity risk the Company's funds are invested in readily realisable short term cash deposits.

Regulatory Risks

The Company is subject to continuing approval by Lloyd's and the Financial Services Authority to be a member of a Lloyd's syndicate. The risk of this approval being removed is mitigated by monitoring and fully complying with all requirements in relation to membership of Lloyd's. The capital requirements to support the proposed amount of syndicate capacity for future years are subject to the requirements of Lloyd's. A variety of factors are taken into account by Lloyd's in setting these requirements including market conditions and syndicate performance and although the process is intended to be fair and reasonable the requirements can fluctuate from one year to the next, which may constrain the volume of underwriting the Company is able to support

Report of the Directors (continued)

Operational Risks

As there are relatively few transactions actually undertaken by the Company there are only limited systems and staffing requirements of the Company and therefore operational risks are not considered to be significant. Close involvement of all directors in the Company's key decision making and the fact that the majority of the Company's operations are conducted by syndicates provides control over any remaining operational risks.

Directors

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows

J R H Evans Nomina Plc L M Cumani

Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that year, in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK and Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) In preparing those Financial Statements the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Report of the Directors is prepared in accordance with company law in the United Kingdom

Auditors

Littlejohn LLP has signified its willingness to continue in office as auditors

Report of the Directors (continued)

In the case of each of the persons who are Directors at the time this report is approved, the following applies:

- (a) So far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- (b) They have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Approved by the Board on 9 August 2012 and signed on its behalf by

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Hampden Legal Plc

Secretary

Report of the Auditors

Independent Auditor's report to the members of Nameco (No. 86) Limited

We have audited the Financial Statements of Nameco (No 86) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Accounting Policies and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the Financial Statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the Financial Statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors, and the overall presentation of the Financial Statements

Opinion on Financial Statements

In our opinion the Financial Statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its result for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the Financial Statements are prepared is consistent with the Financial Statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the Financial Statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Carmine Papa (Senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of Littlejohn LLP
Statutory auditor

9 August 2012

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

Profit and loss account Technical account – general business for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note		2011 £		2010 £
Premiums Written Gross premiums written Outward reinsurance premiums	1		679,159 (129,882)		557,640 (106,625)
Net Premiums Written			549,277		451,015
Change in the provision for Unearned premiums Gross Provision Reinsurers' share			(51,466) 6,950		30,527 (10,105)
Earned Premiums, Net of Reinsurance Allocated Investment Return Transferred from the Non-			504,761		471,437
Technical Account			15,573		22,648
Other technical income, net of reinsurance			-		238
Claims Paid Gross Amount Reinsurers' share		(306,141) 52,950		(312,094) 51,202	
Net claims paid	_	(253,191)		(260,892)	
Change in Provision for Claims Gross amount Reinsurers' share	-	(142,769) 48,819		876 (3,831)	
Change in net provision for claims	•	(93,950)		(2,955)	
Claims Incurred, Net of Reinsurance	-		(347,141)		(263,847)
Changes in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance Net operating expenses Other technical charges, net of reinsurance	3		(179,357)		- (174,681) -
Balance on the Technical Account for General Business			(6,164)		55,795

Profit and loss account Non - technical account for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note	2011 £	2010 £
Balance on Technical Account for General Business		(6,164)	55,795
Investment income	4	26,286	32,376
Unrealised gains on investments		12,114	7,732
Investment expenses and charges	5	(7,046)	(8,904)
Unrealised losses on investments		(13,562)	(8,246)
Allocated investment return transferred to the general business			
technical account		(15,573)	(22,648)
Other income		(7,742)	3,492
Other charges		(19,790)	(16,654)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	6	(31,477)	42,943
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	7	12,760	(2,292)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	14	(18,717)	40,651

All amounts relate to continuing operations

The company had no recognised gains and losses in the year other than the result above

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2011

		31 Г	December 20	11	31 D	ecember 201	0
	Note	Syndicate Participation	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Assets							
Intangible assets	9	•	31,027	31,027	-	51,211	51,211
Investments Financial investments Deposits with ceding	10	736,784	-	736,784	762,222	-	762,222
undertakings		304	-	304	260	-	260
		737,088	-	737,088	762,482	-	762,482
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions							
Provision for unearned		39,056	•	39,056	31,931	-	31,931
premiums Claims outstanding Other technical provisions		230,161	-	230,161	204,524	-	204,524 -
		269,217	-	269,217	236,455	-	236,455
Debtors Arising out of direct insurance operations		152,501	-	152,501	139,446	-	139,446
Arising out of reinsurance operations		147,845		147,845	118,195		118,195
Other debtors	11	77,634	5,085	82,719	60,701	15,561	76,262
		377,980	5,085	383,065	318,342	15,561	333,903
Other assets Cash at bank and in hand Other		41,395 88,248	114,475 -	155,870 88,248	31,916 81,919	57,762 -	89,678 81,919
		129,643	114,475	244,118	113,835	57,762	171,597
Prepayments and accrued income							-
Accrued interest Deferred acquisitions costs Other prepayments and accrued income		1,588 64,202 3,497	• • •	1,588 64,202 3,497	1,556 53,886 2,805	72 - -	1,628 53,886 2,805
		69,287	-	69,287	58,247	72	58,319
Total assets		1,583,215	150,587	1,733,802	1,489,361	124,606	1,613,967

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2011

	_	31 1	December 20	11	31 I	December 20	10
Liabilities and shareholders'	Note _	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation	Corporate £	Total £
funds							
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	12	-	1	1	-	1	1
Share premium account Profit and loss account	13	52,944	20,720	73,664	132,122	(39,740)	92,382
Shareholders' funds – attributable to equity interests	14 _	52,944	20,721	73,665	132,122	(39,739)	92,383
Technical provisions Provision for unearned premiums		281,112	-	281,112	227,636	-	227,636
Claims outstanding – gross amount Other technical provisions		1,092,944	- -	1,092,944	974,444 -	-	974,444 -
Provisions for other risks and charges Deferred taxation Other	15	:	5,719	5,719 -	:	32,951	32,951
Deposit received from reinsurers		165	-	165	261	-	261
Creditors Arising out of direct insurance operations		35,265	-	35,265	41,663	-	41,663
Arising out of reinsurance operations		68,585	-	68,585	61,719	-	61,719
Amounts owed to credit Institutions		209	-	209	-	-	-
Other creditors including taxation and social security	16	78,622	74,652	153,274	70,317	88,061	158,378
	_	1,556,902	80,371	1,637,273	1,376,040	121,012	1,497,052
Accruals and deferred income	_	(26,631)	49,495	22,864	(18,801)	43,333	24,532
Total habilities	-	1,583,215	150,587	1,733,802	1,489,361	124,606	1,613,967

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 9 August 2012 and signed on its behalf by

Nomin. Mc

Director NOMINA PLC

Company registration number 3441083

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note	2011 £	2010 £
Operating activities Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	17	57,814	13,507
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		-	-
Capital expenditure Purchase of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity		503	(51,054) 3,513
Taxation Corporation and overseas taxes (paid)/refunded		(1,604)	(564)
Equity dividends paid		-	-
Financing Issue of shares Share issue expenses		- -	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) for the year	17	56,713	(34,598)
Cash flows were invested as follows:			
Increase/(decrease) in cash holdings Purchase of financial investments Sale of financial investments	17	56,713 - -	(34,598)
Net investment of cash flows		56,713	(34,598)

The Company has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's Consequently, the cash flow statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from the syndicates at Lloyd's

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2011

Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting modified to include the revaluation of investments and comply with applicable Accounting Standards

The Company participates in insurance business as an underwriting member of various syndicates at Lloyd's

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 396(3) of the Companies Act 2006, Schedule 3 of the Large and Medium sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the recommendations of the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting for Insurance Business issued by the Association of British Insurers in December 2005, as amended in December 2006, except that exchange differences arising on syndicate assets and liabilities are dealt with in the technical account as all of these differences arise from technical account transactions

Accounting information in respect of the syndicate participations has been provided by the Syndicate's managing agent and has been reported upon by the syndicate auditors

Going Concern

The company participates as an underwriting member of Lloyd's Its underwriting is supported by Funds at Lloyd's either made available by the company directly or by its members. The Directors are of the opinion that the company has adequate resources to meet its underwriting and other operational obligations for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the going concern concept has been adopted in preparation of the financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The Financial Statements are prepared using the annual basis of accounting. Under the annual basis of accounting a result is determined at the end of each accounting period reflecting the profit or loss from providing insurance coverage during that period and any adjustments to the profit or loss of providing insurance cover during earlier accounting periods

Amounts reported in the general business technical account relate to movements in the period in respect of all relevant years of account of the syndicates on which the Company participates

Assets and liabilities arising as a result of the underwriting activities are mainly controlled by the syndicates' managing agents. Accordingly, these assets and liabilities have been shown separately in the balance sheet as "Syndicate Participation". Other assets and liabilities are shown as "Corporate". The syndicate assets are held subject to trust deeds for the benefit of the syndicates' insurance creditors.

The information included in these Financial Statements in respect of the syndicates has been supplied by Managing Agents based upon the various accounting policies they have adopted The following describes the policies they have adopted

Nameco (No. 86) Limited Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2011

General Business

1 Premiums

Premiums written comprise the total premiums receivable in respect of business incepted during the year, together with any differences between booked premiums for prior years and those previously accrued, and include estimates of premiums due but not yet receivable or notified to the syndicates on which the Company participates, less an allowance for cancellations. All premiums are shown gross of commission payable to intermediaries and exclude taxes and duties levied on them

11 Unearned Premiums

Written premium is earned according to the risk profile of the policy. Unearned premiums represent the proportion of premiums written in the year that relate to unexpired terms of policies in force at the Balance Sheet date, calculated on a time apportionment basis having regard where appropriate, to the incidence of risk. The specific basis adopted by each syndicate is determined by the relevant Managing Agent.

111 Deferred Acquisition Costs

Acquisition costs, which represent commission and other related expenses, are deferred over the period in which the related premiums are earned

IV Reinsurance Premiums

Reinsurance premium costs are allocated by the Managing Agent of each syndicate to reflect the protection arranged in respect of the business written and earned

v Claims Incurred and Reinsurers' Share

Claims incurred comprise claims and settlement expenses (both internal and external) occurring in the year and changes in the provisions for outstanding claims, including provisions for claims incurred but not reported and settlement expenses, together with any other adjustments to claims from previous years. Where applicable, deductions are made for salvage and other recoveries

The provision for claims outstanding comprises amounts set aside for claims notified and claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR). The amount included in respect of IBNR is based on statistical techniques of estimation applied by each syndicate's in house reserving team and reviewed by external consulting actuaries. These techniques generally involve projecting from past experience the development of claims over time to form a view of the likely ultimate claims to be experienced for more recent underwriting, having regard to variations in the business accepted and the underlying terms and conditions. The provision for claims also includes amounts in respect of internal and external claims handling costs. For the most recent years, where a high degree of volatility arises from projections, estimates may be based in part on output from rating and other models of the business accepted and assessments of underwriting conditions.

The reinsurers' share of provisions for claims is based on calculated amounts of outstanding claims and projections for IBNR, net of estimated irrecoverable amounts, having regard to each syndicate's reinsurance programme in place for the class of business, the claims experience for the year and the current security rating of the reinsurance companies involved. Each syndicate uses a number of statistical techniques to assist in making these estimates

Accordingly the two most critical assumptions made by each syndicates Managing Agent as regards claims provisions are that the past is a reasonable predictor of the likely level of claims development and that the rating and other models used including pricing models for recent business are reasonable indicators of the likely level of ultimate claims to be incurred

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2011

The level of uncertainty with regard to the estimations within these provisions generally decreases with time since the underlying contracts were exposed to new risks. In addition the nature of short tail claims such as property where claims are typically notified and settled within a short period of time will normally have less uncertainty after a few years than long tail risks such as some liability business where it may be several years before claims are fully advised and settled. In addition to these factors if there are disputes regarding coverage under policies or changes in the relevant law regarding a claim this may increase the uncertainty in the estimation of the outcomes.

The assessment of these provisions is usually the most subjective aspect of an insurer's accounts and may result in greater uncertainty within an insurer's accounts than within those of many other businesses. The provisions for gross claims and related reinsurance recoveries have been assessed on the basis of the information currently available to the directors of each syndicate's managing agent. However, ultimate liability will vary as a result of subsequent information and events and this may result in significant adjustments to the amounts provided. Adjustments to the amounts of claims provisions established in prior years are reflected in the financial statements for the period in which the adjustments are made. The provisions are not discounted for the investment earnings that may be expected to arise in the future on the funds retained to meet the future liabilities. The methods used, and the estimates made, are reviewed regularly

vi Unexpired Risks Provision

Provisions for unexpired risks are made where the costs of outstanding claims, related expenses and deferred acquisition costs are expected to exceed the unearned premium provision carried forward at the balance sheet date. The provision for unexpired risks is calculated separately by reference to classes of business which are managed together, after taking into account relevant investment return. The provision is made on a syndicate by syndicate basis by the relevant Managing Agent.

vii Closed Years of Account

At the end of the third year, the underwriting account is normally closed by reinsurance into the following year of account. The amount of the reinsurance to close premium payable is determined by the managing agent, generally by estimating the cost of claims notified but not settled at 31 December, together with the estimated cost of claims incurred but not reported at that date, and an estimate of future claims handling costs.

Any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities of the closed year of account is borne by the underwriting year into which it is reinsured

The payment of a reinsurance to close premium does not eliminate the liability of the closed year for outstanding claims. If the reinsuring syndicate was unable to meet its obligations, and the other elements of Lloyd's chain of security were to fail, then the closed underwriting account would have to settle outstanding claims.

The Directors consider that the likelihood of such a failure of the reinsurance to close is extremely remote, and consequently the reinsurance to close has been deemed to settle the liabilities outstanding at the closure of an underwriting account. The Company has included its share of the reinsurance to close premiums payable as technical provisions at the end of the current period, and no further provision is made for any potential variation in the ultimate liability of that year of account.

viii Run-off Years of Account

Where an underwriting year of account is not closed at the end of the third year (a "run-off" year of account) a provision is made for the estimated cost of all known and unknown outstanding liabilities of that year. The provision is determined initially by the managing agent on a similar basis to the reinsurance to close. However, any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities for that year remains with the corporate member participating therein. As a result any run-off year will continue to report movements in its results after the third year until such time as it secures a reinsurance to close.

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2011

ix Net Operating Expenses (including Acquisition Costs)

Net operating costs include acquisition costs, profit and loss on exchange and other amounts incurred by the syndicates on which the Company participates

Acquisition costs, comprising commission and other costs related to the acquisition of new insurance contracts, are deferred to the extent that they are attributable to premiums unearned at the Balance Sheet date

x Distribution of Profits and Collection of Losses

Lloyd's operates a detailed set of regulations regarding solvency and the distribution of profits and payment of losses between syndicates and their members. Lloyd's continues to require membership of syndicates to be on an underwriting year of account basis and profits and losses belong to members according to their membership of a year of account. Normally profits and losses are transferred between the syndicate and members after results for a year of account are finalised after 36 months. This period may be extended if a year of account goes into run-off. The syndicate may make earlier on account distributions or cash calls according to the cash flow of a particular year of account and subject to Lloyd's requirements.

x1 Investments

Investments are stated at current value, including accrued interest at the Balance Sheet date

x11 Investment Return

Investment return comprises all investment income, realised investment gains and losses and movements in unrealised gains and losses, net of investment expenses and charges

Realised and unrealised gains and losses are measured by reference to the original cost of the investment if purchased in the year, or if held at the beginning of the year by reference to the current value at that date

Investment return is initially recorded in the non-technical account. A transfer is made from the non-technical account to the general business technical account to reflect the investment return on funds supporting the underwriting business.

XIII Basis of Currency Translation

Syndicates maintain separate funds in Sterling, United States dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros

Income and expenditure in US dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros is translated at the average rate of exchange for the year Underwriting transactions denominated in other foreign currencies are included at the rate of exchange ruling at the date the transaction is processed

Assets and liabilities are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange at the Balance Sheet date

Differences arising on translation of foreign currency amounts in syndicates are included in the technical account

XIV Debtors/Creditors Arising from Insurance/Reinsurance Operations

The amounts shown in the Balance Sheet include the totals of all the Syndicates outstanding debit and credit transactions as processed by the Lloyd's central facility, no account has been taken of any offsets which may be applicable in calculating the net amounts due between the Syndicates and each of their counterparty insureds, reinsurers or intermediaries as appropriate

Accounting Policies for the year ended 31 December 2011

Taxation

The Company is taxed on its results including its share of underwriting results declared by the syndicates and these are deemed to accrue evenly over the calendar year in which they are declared. The syndicate results included in these Financial Statements are only declared for tax purposes in the calendar year following the normal closure of the year of account. No provision is made for corporation tax in relation to open years of account. However, full provision is made for deferred tax on underwriting results not subject to current corporation tax.

HM Revenue & Customs agrees the taxable results of the syndicates at a syndicate level on the basis of computations submitted by the managing agent. At the date of the approval of these Financial Statements the syndicate taxable results of years of account closed at this and at previous year ends may not have been fully agreed with HM Revenue & Customs. Any adjustments that may be necessary to the tax provisions established by the Company, as a result of HM Revenue & Customs agreement of syndicate results, will be reflected in the Financial Statements of subsequent periods.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the Balance Sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have not been discounted

Intangible Assets

Costs incurred by the Company in the Corporation of Lloyd's auctions in order to acquire rights to participate on syndicates' underwriting years are included within intangible fixed assets and amortised over a 5 year period beginning in the year following the purchase of the syndicate participation

Cash Flow Statement

The Company has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's Consequently, the Cash Flow Statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from syndicates at Lloyd's

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

Class of Business	Gross Written	Gross Premiums	Gross Claims	Net Operating	Reinsurance	
2011	Premiums	Earned	Incurred	Expenses	Balance	Total
2011	£	£	£	£	£	£
Direct Insurance		_				
Accident and health	22,871	22,635	(11,574)	(8,613)	(1,065)	1,383
Motor - third party liability	2,165	2,200	(1,306)	(714)	(20)	160
Motor - other classes	51,167	41,433	(33,442)	(14,449)	2,296	(4,162)
Marine, aviation and transport	92,212	82,043	(37,215)	(24,755)	(3,650)	16,423
Fire and other damage to prope		144,547	(82,401)	(46,109)	(16,978)	(941)
Third party liability	142,020	124,314	(69,343)	(44,060)	(4,375)	6,536
Credit and suretyship	13,979	11,867	(6,865)	(3,166)	(929)	907
Legal expenses	1,401	1,006	(319)	(598)	(44)	45
Assistance	+	-,	-	` ,	•	-
Miscellaneous	2,093	1,601	(731)	(1,049)	(17)	(196)
Total direct	482,771	431,646	(243,196)	(143,513)	(24,782)	20,155
Reinsurance	196,388	196,047	(205,714)	(35,844)	3,619	(41,892)
Total	679,159	627,693	(448,910)	(179,357)	(21,163)	(21,737)
2010						
Direct Insurance						
Accident and health	28,359	32,667	(16,265)	(13,745)	(2,642)	15
Motor - third party liability	3,292	3,374	(2,406)	(1,138)	(24)	(194)
Motor - other classes	29,900	31,420	(42,463)	(10,656)	(1,018)	(22,717)
Marine, aviation and transport	56,720	57,314	(26,471)	(16,383)	(3,653)	10,807
Fire and other damage to propo	erty 118,906	128,767	(52,607)	(43,457)	(19,366)	13,337
Third party liability	104,882	109,962	(54,656)	(32,808)	(7,094)	15,404
Credit and suretyship	37,925	41,983	(20,983)	(12,120)	(6,429)	2,451
Legal expenses	3,987	4,595	(3,074)	(1,639)	(30)	(148)
Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	792	976	(508)	(525)	7	(50)
Total direct	384,763	411,058	(219,433)	(132,471)	(40,249)	18,905
Reinsurance	172,877	177,109	(91,785)	(42,210)	(29,110)	14,004
Total	557,640	588,167	(311,218)	(174,681)	(69,359)	32,909

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

Direct Gross Premium Written in: United Kingdom	2.	Geographical Analysis	2011	2010
United Kingdom		Geographical ranalysis	£	£
Other EU Member States Rest of the World		Direct Gross Premium Written in:		
Rest of the World		United Kingdom	*	
3. Net Operating Expenses 2011 2010 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £		Other EU Member States		
2011 2010 Expenses 2011 2010 Expenses 2011 Expenses 2011 Expenses 2011 Expenses 2011 2010 Expenses 2011 2010 2010 2011		Rest of the World	85,563	64,575
Acquisition costs			482,771	384,763
Acquisition costs	3	Net Operating Expenses	2011	2010
Acquisition costs	٥.	Net Operating Expenses	£	£
Change in deferred acquisition costs		A causition costs	144.140	116.470
Administrative expenses				
Loss/(Profit) on exchange				
4. Investment Income 2011 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £				
Income from investments			179,357	174,681
Income from investments				
Income from investments	1	Investment Income	2011	2010
Income from investments 19,872 23,876 Gains on the realisation of investments 6,345 8,190 Bank deposit interest 69 310	4.	investment income		
Gains on the realisation of investments 6,345 8,190 69 310		Income from investments		
Bank deposit interest 69 310				
5. Investment Expenses and Charges Investment management expenses, including interest Losses on the realisation of investments 7,046 Profit/(Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation This is stated after charging Directors remuneration Amortisation of syndicate capacity Interest on bank loan and overdrafts Interest on other loans 2011 2010 £ £ £				
5. Investment Expenses and Charges Investment management expenses, including interest Losses on the realisation of investments 1,378 1,500 5,668 7,404 7,046 8,904 6. Profit/(Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation This is stated after charging Directors remuneration Amortisation of syndicate capacity Interest on bank loan and overdrafts Interest on other loans 2011 2010 £ £ 1 1,840 432 Interest on other loans		Bank deposit interest		
Investment management expenses, including interest 1,378 1,500 Losses on the realisation of investments 5,668 7,404 6. Profit/(Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation for the state of the state			26,286	32,376
Investment management expenses, including interest 1,378 1,500 Losses on the realisation of investments 5,668 7,404 6. Profit/(Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation 2011 2010 This is stated after charging Directors remuneration 2011 2010 Amortisation of syndicate capacity 11,840 432 Interest on bank loan and overdrafts 2010 Interest on other loans 2011 Interest on the realisation of investments 2011 Interest on the realisation of investments 2011 Interest on other loans 2010 Interest on other loans 2011 Interest on other loa	5	Investment Evnenses and Charges	2011	2010
Investment management expenses, including interest 1,378 1,500 Losses on the realisation of investments 5,668 7,404 6. Profit/(Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation for the first stated after charging Directors remuneration	٥.	Investment Expenses and Charges	£	£
Losses on the realisation of investments 5,668 7,404 7,046 8,904 6. Profit/(Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation £ This is stated after charging Directors remuneration		Investment management expenses including interest		
6. Profit/(Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation E This is stated after charging Directors remuneration Amortisation of syndicate capacity Interest on bank loan and overdrafts Interest on other loans 2011 2010 E 11,840		Losses on the realisation of investments		
This is stated after charging Directors remuneration Amortisation of syndicate capacity Interest on bank loan and overdrafts Interest on other loans £ £ £ £ Interest on other loans			7,046	8,904
This is stated after charging Directors remuneration Amortisation of syndicate capacity Interest on bank loan and overdrafts Interest on other loans £ £ £ £ Interest on other loans			2011	2010
This is stated after charging Directors remuneration Amortisation of syndicate capacity Interest on bank loan and overdrafts Interest on other loans This is stated after charging	6.	Profit/(Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation		
Directors remuneration		m	ı.	ı.
Amortisation of syndicate capacity 11,840 432 Interest on bank loan and overdrafts		This is stated after charging		
Interest on bank loan and overdrafts		Directors remuneration	-	-
Interest on other loans			11,840	432
			-	-
The Company has no employees		Interest on other loans		
		The Company has no employees		

The auditors, Littlejohn LLP, charge a fixed fee to Nomina PLC for the provision of the audit of the company This fee is included within the service fee charged to the company by Nomina PLC and equates to approximately £95 (2010 £95)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

	2011	2010
Analysis of Charge in Period	£	£
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profit/(loss) of the period	-	(4,728)
Adjustment in respect of previous period	12,868	(8,140)
	12,868	(12,868)
Foreign tax	1,604	564
Total current tax	14,472	(12,304)
Deferred tax	•	, , ,
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(28,289)	13,630
Change in tax rate	1,057	966
ŭ	(12,760)	2,292
The tax assessed for the period is different to the		
standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20 25% (2010 21 00%) The differences are explained below		
21 00%) The differences are explained below	(31,477)	42,943
	(31,477) (6,374)	42,943 9,018
21 00%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of		·
21 00%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20 25% (2010 21 00%)		·
21 00%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20 25% (2010 21 00%) Effects of	(6,374)	9,018
21 00%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20 25% (2010 21 00%) Effects of Underwriting results subject to timing differences for taxation	(6,374) 15,860	9,018 5,958
21 00%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20 25% (2010 21 00%) Effects of Underwriting results subject to timing differences for taxation Utilisation of tax losses	(6,374) 15,860 (9,686)	9,018 5,958 (20,142)
21 00%) The differences are explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20 25% (2010 21 00%) Effects of Underwriting results subject to timing differences for taxation Utilisation of tax losses Foreign tax	(6,374) 15,860 (9,686) 1,604	9,018 5,958 (20,142) 446

The results of the Company's participation on the 2009, 2010 and 2011 years of account and the calendar year movement on 2008 and prior run-offs, will not be assessed to tax until the year ended 31 December 2012, 2013 and 2014 respectively being the year after the calendar year result of each run-off year or the normal date of closure of each year of account

8. Dividends	2011 £	2010 £
Equity dividends declared and paid		-

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

9.	Intangible Assets	2011	2010
	Purchased syndicate capacity	£	£
	Cost		
	At 01 January 2011 Additions Disposals	71,878 - (8,802)	21,262 51,054 (438)
	At 31 December 2011	63,076	71,878
	Amortisation		
	At 01 January 2011 Provided during the year Disposals	20,667 11,840 (458)	20,652 432 (417)
	At 31 December 2011	32,049	20,667
	Net Book Value		
	At 31 December 2011	31,027	51,211
	At 31 December 2010	51,211	610

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

10. Investments

Other Financial Investments - Syndicate	Other	Financial	Investments	- Syndicate
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	Other Financial Investments -	Synuicate		2011		2010	
			Marke			Market	
			Valu	•	Cost	Value	Cost
				£	£	£	£
	Shares and other variable yield so	ecurities and	71,80	-	71,193	73,516	70,956
	Debt securities and other fixed in securities	come	616,28	0	617,574	638,382	637,952
	Participation in investment pools		33,65	5	33,188	36,939	35,257
	Loans secured by mortgages		4,75		4,784	4,694	4,744
	Other loans		4,46		4,440	4,181	4,181
	Deposits with credit institutions		5,80		5,807	4,472	4,472
	Other		1		184	38	160
	Other		736,78		737,170	762,222	757,722
	Listed investments included with	in the above	721,74	4	721,955	748,837	744,165
	Shares and other variable yield so Debt securities and other fixed in securities			-	-	-	-
				-	-	-	-
	Listed investments included with	in the above		-	-	-	<u>-</u>
11.	Other Debtors			2011			2010
		Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
	Amounts due from group						
	undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Funds at Lloyd's	-	-	•	-	-	-
	Other	77,634	5,085	82,719	60,701	15,561	76,262
		77,634	5,085	82,719	60,701	15,561	76,262

Funds at Lloyd's represents assets deposited with the Corporation of Lloyd's (Lloyd's) to support the Company's underwriting activities as described in the Accounting Policies. The Company has entered into a Lloyd's Deposit Trust Deed which gives the Corporation the right to apply these monies in settlement of any claims arising from the participation on the syndicates. These monies can only be released from the provision of this Deed with Lloyd's express permission and only in circumstances where the amounts are either replaced by an equivalent asset, or after the expiration of the Company's liabilities in respect of its underwriting. The Company's underwriting is supported by assets made available to it by the shareholders of the company.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

12.	Called-up Share Capital				20 Allotted, called and fully p		2010 ed, called-up nd fully paid
	Ordinary £1 shares				1		1
13.	Profit and Loss Account			2011			2010
		Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total	Syndicate Participation	Corporate £	Total £
	Datamad profit/(loss) brought	£	£	£	£	ı	L
	Retained profit/(loss) brought forward	132,122	(39,740)	92,381	179,276	(127,545)	51,730
	Reallocate distribution	(73,089)	73,089	-	(114,356)	114,356	-
	Profit/(loss) for the financial						
	year	(6,089)	(12,628)	(18,717)	67,202	(26,551)	40,652
	Equity dividends		-	-	-		
	Retained profit/(loss) carried forward	52,944	20,720	73,664	132,122	(39,740)	92,382
14.	Reconciliation of Movem	ents in Shar	eholders'		2011		2010
	Funds				2011		2010
					£		£
	Opening shareholders funds				92,383 (18,718)		51,732 40,651
	Profit/(loss) for the financial ye Equity dividends	аг			(10,710)		40,031
	Proceeds from issue of shares				-		-
	Closing shareholders' funds				73,665		92,383
	D. C. L. The coefficient				2011		2010
15.	Deferred Taxation				2011 £		£
	Opening balance				32,951		18,355
	Profit and loss account charge				(27,232)		14,596
	Closing balance				5,719		32,951

The deferred tax balance consists of timing differences relating to the taxation of underwriting results

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

16. Other Creditors including Taxation and Social Security

			2011			2010
	Syndicate			Syndicate		
	Participation	Corporate	Total	Participation	Corporate	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Corporation tax	_	-	-	-	-	-
Proprietors' loan	-	70,647	70,647	-	85,647	85,647
accounts						
Third Party Funds	-	•	-	=	-	-
Other creditors	78,622	4,005	82,627	70,317	2,414	72,731
Amount due to group undertakings	-	-	-	•	-	-
	78,622	74,652	153,274	70,317	88,061	158,378

17. (a) Reconciliation of Operating Profit to Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Operating Activities

Inflow/(Outflow) from Operating Activities	2011	2010
zamoni, (o amana) ara ara ara ara ara ara ara ara ara a	£	£
Profit or loss on ordinary activities before tax	(31,477)	42,943
(Profit)/loss attributable to syndicate transactions	79,177	47,154
Profit or loss – excluding syndicate transactions	47,700	90,097
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(2,320)	86,165
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(7,247)	(159,695)
(Profit)/loss on disposal of intangible assets	7,842	(3,492)
Amortisation of syndicate capacity	11,839	432
Impairment of syndicate capacity	-	•
Realised/unrealised (gains)/losses on investments	0	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	57,814	13,507

(b) Movement in Cash, Portfolio Investments and Financing

	At 1 January 2011 £	Cashflow £	Changes to Market Value £	At 31 December 2011
Cash	57,762	56,713	-	114,475
Other financial investments	-		-	<u> </u>
	57,762	56,713	-	114,475

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

18. Related Party Disclosure

Nomina plc, a director of the company, provides administration services to the company. Nomina plc charged a management fee of £2,750 (2010 £2,625) to cover all the costs of basic administration of the company

19. Ultimate Controlling Party

The Company is controlled by M Fairclough

20. Syndicate Participation

The principal syndicates or members' agent pooling arrangements ("MAPA") in which the Company participates as an underwriting member are as follows

Syndicate or MAPA Number:	Managing Agent	2011 Allocated Capacity	2010 Allocated Capacity	2009 Allocated capacity	2008 Allocated Capacity
		£	£	£	£
33	Hiscox Syndicates Limited	74,583	-	=	-
218	Equity Syndicate Management Limited	50,000	-	=	•
386	QBE Underwriting Limited	30,990	-	•	-
510	R J Kıln & Co Lımıted	120,000	•	-	-
557	R J Kılın & Co Lımıted	7,976	-	-	-
570	Atrium Underwriters Limited	22,617	-	•	-
609	Atrium Underwriters Limited	60,000	-	•	-
623	Beazley Furlonge Limited	100,000	-	-	-
727	S A Meacock & Company Limited	8,245	•	-	-
958	Omega Underwriting Agents Limited	60,000	-	-	•
1176	Chaucer Syndicates Limited	12,957	-	-	•
1200	Argo Managing Agency Limited	-	56,877	52,896	52,896
2010	Cathedral Underwriting Limited	28,772	-	-	-
2525	Whittington Capital Management Limited	8,104	•	-	•
2526	Whittington Capital Management Limited	31,431	•	-	-
2791	Managing Agency Partners Limited	86,202	-	-	-
4040	HCC Underwriting Agency Limited	-	-	25,000	25,000
6104	Hiscox Syndicates Limited	20,000	19,122	13,761	13,761
6106	Amlin Underwriting Limited	25,000	12,730	12,730	· -
7200	Members' Agents Pooling Arrangement	•	65,026	51,524	55,908
7201	Members' Agents Pooling Arrangement	_	297,885	239,668	260,820
7202	Members' Agents Pooling Arrangement	_	140,195	114,136	123,805
7202	Members' Agents Pooling Arrangement	_	20,630	16,612	18,267
7217	Members' Agents Pooling Arrangement	10,688	14,038	11,856	,