Abbreviated accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2014

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Contents

	Page
Auditors' report	1
Abbreviated balance sheet	2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 6

Independent auditors' report to Missing Link Communications Limited under Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 6 together with the financial statements of Missing Link Communications Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and the auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

B. Lispatrick

Brendan Neil Fitzpatrick FCCA (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of James Scott

Balmoral House, Warwick Court

Chartered Certified Accountants and Statutory Auditor Park Road Middleton

8 July 2014

Manchester

M24 1AE

Abbreviated balance sheet as at 31 March 2014

·	2014		2013		
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		96,123		105,916
Current assets					
Stocks		21,116		20,740	
Debtors		279,436		172,861	
Cash at bank and in hand		167,228		185,658	
		467,780		379,259	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(252,146)		(228,964)	
Net current assets			215,634		150,295
Total assets less current					
liabilities			311,757		256,211
Creditors: amounts falling due					
after more than one year	5		(39,593)		(47,354)
Provisions for liabilities			2,512		(2,418)
Net assets			274,676		206,439
			====		====
Capital and reserves			•		
Called up share capital	6		1,003		1,003
Profit and loss account			273,673	•	205,436
Shareholders' funds			274,676		206,439

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) relating to small companies.

These accounts were approved by the directors on 8 July 2014, and are signed on their behalf by:

Steve Kay

Director

Phillip Heyworth

Director

Registration number 3430531

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

Straight line to residual value over 5-10 years

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment

Straight line to residual value over 10 years

Motor vehicles

Straight line to residual value over 3-4 years

1.4. Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.5. Stock and work in progress

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.6. Pensions

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contribution payable by the company during the year.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

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1.7. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2. Auditors' remuneration

	2014 £	2013 £
Auditors' remuneration - audit of the financial statements	4,600	4,000

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

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3.	Fixed assets		Tangible fixed assets £
	Cost		
	At 1 April 2013		163,813
	Additions		16,090
	Disposals		(8,059)
	At 31 March 2014		171,844
	Depreciation		
	At 1 April 2013		57,897
	On disposals		(6,059)
	Charge for year		23,883
	At 31 March 2014		75,721
	Net book values		
	At 31 March 2014		96,123
	At 31 March 2013		105,916
4.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2014 £	2013 £
	Creditors include the following:		
	Secured creditors	21,907	17,511 ———
5.	Creditors: amounts falling due	2014	2013
	after more than one year	£	£
	Creditors include the following:		
	Secured creditors	39,593	47,354

The hire purchase contracts are secured on the assets to which they relate.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014

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6.	Share capital	2014	2013
		£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	1,000 Ordinary shares of 1 each	1,000	1,000
	1 Ordinary A shares of 1 each	1	1
		1,003	1,003
	Equity Shares		•
	1,000 Ordinary shares of 1 each	1,000	1,000
	1 Ordinary A shares of 1 each	1	1
		1,003	1,003

The rights attached to both the 'A' ordinary and 'B' ordinary shares are such that as a class they have no voting rights or rights relating to the assets in winding up pro rata on any sub holdings of this class and they have distribution rights independent of any other class of shares of the company.