rogenSi Limited

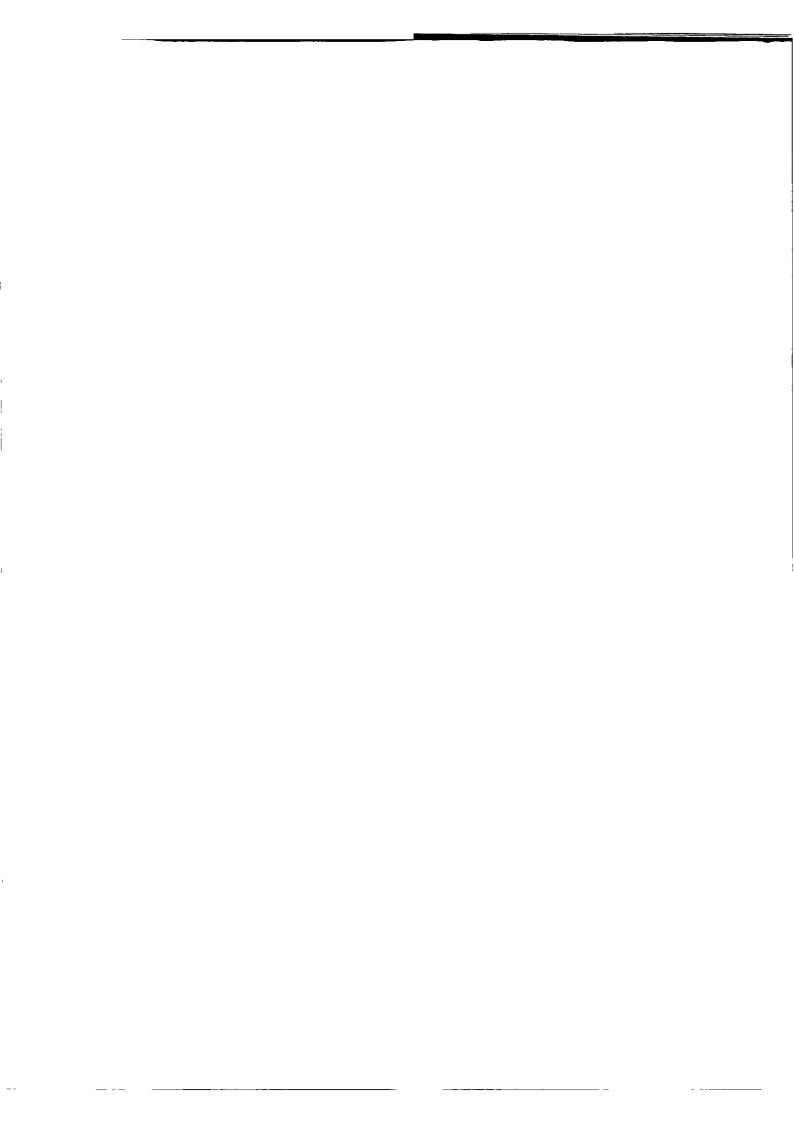
Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2010

Registered number 3424866

TUESDAY

LD7 29/03/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE



Directors

S Lempriere A D G Macphail B T Reynolds M Felix

Auditors

KPMG LLP 15 Canada Square London E14 5GL

Bankers

HSBC Bank plc PO Box 260, 46 The Broadway Ealing London W5 5JR

Solicitors

RadcliffesLeBrasseur LLP 5 Great College Street Westminster London SW1P 3SJ

Registered office

St Brides House 10 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8EH

Directors' report

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2010

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £351,137 (2009 loss £352,156) The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividends (2009 nil)

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year continued to be providing consultancy and business training Included in the trading activities is a branch in Dubai

Business review

The directors are broadly satisfied with the company's performance during the year in very challenging market conditions

Resourcing levels and components are now such that the directors expect an improved trading performance in the year ending 30 June 2011

Management consider revenue, gross margin and operating profit to be the primary financial key performance indicators used to monitor the business

The principal risk or uncertainty facing the business in the year ended 30 June 2010 continued to be that of the wider market conditions. However, resourcing levels of the business at the balance sheet date allows the company to have significantly more flexible costs and therefore be better placed to react to changing market conditions

Going Concern

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect future development and position, are set out in the sections above. On this basis, and on their assessment of the company's financial position, the company's directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements

Further details are given in Note 1 to the financial statements

Donations

The company did not make any charitable donations (2009 £1,050) during the year

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

J R Robertson	(resigned 22 March 2010)
A W F Wolfe	(resigned 30 April 2010)
C A Hiles	(resigned 30 April 2010)
S L E Holland	(resigned 11 October 2010)
S Lempriere	
A D G Macphail	
B T Reynolds	

N Chotai (resigned 15 September 2009)

(appointed 15 September 2009, resigned 10 November 2010) C Stanworth

(appointed 10 November 2010) M Felix

Directors' report

Auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office

Directors' statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

On behalf of the board

Brian Terrence Reynolds

Director

25 March 2011

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report

to the members of rogenSı Limited

We have audited the financial statements of rogenSi Limited for the year ended 30 June 2010 set out on pages 6 to 20. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/UKNP

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2010 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

T J Rush (Semor Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

15 Canada Square

London, E14 5GL

Date 28th march 2011

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 30 June 2010

	Notes	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover Cost of sales	2	5,022,854 (3,136,768)	6,155,215 (4,063,727)
Gross profit Administrative expenses		1,886,086 (2,332,287)	2,091,488 (2,519,821)
Operating Loss	3	(446,201)	(428,333)
Bank and other interest and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	6 7	22,896 (51,613) (28,717)	1,843 (54,989) (53,146)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(474,918)	(481,479)
Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	8	123,781	129,323
Loss retained for the financial year	16	(351,137)	(352,156)

All of the activities of the company are classified as continuing

Notes on page 9 to 20 form part of these financial statements

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 30 June 2010

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the loss of £351,137 attributable to the shareholders for the year ended 30 June 2010 (2009 loss £352,156)

Balance sheet

at 30 June 2010

Registered No 3424866

Registered No 3424866		2010	2009
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	10	588,647	789,507
Investments	9	128,305	128,305
		716,952	917,812
Current assets			
Stocks		35,952	49,548
Debtors	11	2,254,446	2,190,261
Cash at bank		197,278	235,542
		2,487,676	2,475,351
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(1,989,747)	(1,800,289)
Net current assets		497,929	675,062
Creditors: amounts falling due greater than one year	13	(391,840)	(480,364)
Total assets less total liabilities		823,041	1,112,510
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	15	2,250	2,250
Share premium	16	249,000	249,000
Profit and loss account	16	571,791	861,260
Equity shareholders' funds	16	823,041	1,112,510

Notes on page 9 to 20 form part of these statutory financial statements

The financial statements have been approved by the Board on 25 March 2011 and signed on its behalf by

Brian Terrence Reynolds

Director

Cash flow statement for the year ended 30 June 2010

	Note	2010	2009
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash flow from	operating act	£ tıvıties	£
3	- ,		
Operating loss		(446,201)	(428,333)
Depreciation charge	10	239,930	211,649
Loss on sale of fixed assets		-	857
Decrease in stocks		(13,596)	(13,250)
(Increase) / decrease in debtors		(548,048)	550,135
Increase / (decrease) in creditors		716,876	(563,638)
Net cash outflow from operating activities		(51,039)	(242,580)
Cash flow statement			
Cash outflow from operating activities		(51,039)	(242,580)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	18	(28,717)	(53,146)
Taxation refund / (paid)		122,006	(16,406)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	18	(36,829)	(37,491)
Cash inflow / (outflow) before management of liquid resources and financing		5,421	(349,623)
Financing	18	(97,826)	(164,460)
Effect of exchange rate movement		54,141	33,889
Decrease in cash in the period		(38,264)	(480,194)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt			
Decrease in cash for the year		(38,264)	(480,194)
Movement in finance lease creditor		97,826	(270,578)
Movement in net debt for the year		59,562	(750,772)
Net (debt) / cash at the start of the year		(196,648)	554,124
Net debt at the end of the year	19	(137,086)	(196,648)

at 30 June 2010

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare group accounts as it qualifies as a small company as defined by section 363 of the Companies Act 2006 These financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group

The company's business activities and factors likely to affect its future development are set out in the business review section of the directors' report on pages 2 and 3

Going Concern

The Company has net assets of £823,041 (2009 £1,112,510) and net current assets of £497,929 (2009 £675,062) Based on these indications and considering the future trading of the company the directors believe it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation was calculated on the basis of the following rates. This reflects the useful economic life of the respective assets

Leasehold improvements - Over expected life of lease on a straight line basis
Fixtures and fittings - 33% per annum on a straight line basis
Office equipment - 33% per annum on a straight line basis
Software - 33% per annum on a straight line basis

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and the outstanding future lease obligations are shown in creditors. Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stock includes work in progress which relates to work performed by consultants at year end which is not completed and which may or may not have been invoiced. Work in progress is valued at its realisable value. Other stock items are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

at 30 June 2010

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less impairment

2. Turnover

Turnover is the total sales value of services provided, excluding value added tax, and is attributable to one continuing activity, as stated in the directors' report

2010

2009

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below

		£	£
	United Kingdom	3,251,702	4,065,454
	Europe	783,442	743,103
	Dubai	987,710	1,346,658
		5,022,854	6,155,215
3.	Operating Loss This is stated after charging		***
		2010 £	2009 £
	Auditors' remuneration - audit of these financial statements - tax services	25,000 27,338	27,900 14,966
		52,338	42,866
	Depreciation - owned fixed assets	114,320	117,441
	Depreciation – leased fixed assets	125,610	94,208
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets		1,664
	Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	456,590	434,361
	Operating lease rentals - office equipment	47,376	35,204

Included within administrative expenses for the year ended 30 June 2010 are restructuring costs of £72,491 (2009 - £239,836)

Notes to the financial statements at 30 June 2010

4.	Staff costs		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	2,205,114	3,404,846
	Social security costs	171,636	311,852
	·	2,376,750	3,716,698
		2,370,730	3,710,098
	The monthly average number of employees during the year was as follows	2010	2000
		2010 No	2009 No
		NO	NO
	Directors	7	8
	Consultants	10	23
	Administration	8	15
		25	46
5.	Directors' emoluments		
J.	Directors emoluments	2010	2009
		£	£
	Payment for loss of office	50,990 629,644	43,618
	Emoluments	<u> </u>	874,307
		680,634	917,925
	In respect of the highest paid director		
		2010	2009
		£	£
	Aggregate emoluments	152,292	150,050
6.	Interest receivable and similar income		
Ο.	interest receivable and similar income	2010	2009
		£	£
	Bank interest receivable	22,896	1,843
	Other interest receivable	22,896	1,843
7.	Interest nevelle and similar income		
٠.	Interest payable and similar income	2010	2009
		£	£
	Interest payable and similar charges	7,789	23,291
	Interest payable and similar charges Interest payable on finance leases	43,824	31,698
	• •	51,613	54,989

at 30 June 2010

8. Taxation

(a) Tax on profit on ordinary activities
--

The tax charge is made up as follows		
	2010	2009
	£	£
Current tax		
UK corporation tax credit	(22,565)	(119,962)
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(9,595)	
	(32,160)	(119,962)
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences (note 8(c))	(91,621)	(9,361)
Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	(123,781)	(129,323)

(b) Factors affecting current tax credit

The tax credit assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the year is at at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009–28%). The differences are reconciled below

	2010 £	2009 £
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(474,918)	(481,479)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by the applicable rate of tax	(132,977)	(134,814)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Expenses not deductible for tax purposes – fixed assets	1,928 24,934	10,928
Capital allowances in arrears of depreciation	8,266	8,156
Other short-term timing differences	(4,108)	1,929
Adjustments in respect of prior years Losses carried back to prior period	(9,595) 14,000	113.801
Tax overprovided in previous years	(14,813)	(119,962)
Transfer losses carried forward	87,724	-
Effect of foreign exchange	(7,519)	
Total current tax credit (note 8(a))	(32,160)	(119,962)

Notes to the financial statements at 30 June 2010

(c) Deferred tax

At 30 June 2010 (note 11)

Deferred taxation recognised and not recognised in the financial statements are as follows

Deferred taxation recognised and not recognise	u in the imancia	n statements ar	e as follows	
		2010		2009
	2010	Not	2009	Not
	Recognised	recognised	Recognised	recognised
	£	£	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	26,214	-	17,948	-
Other timing differences (general provisions)	-	-	4,108	-
Losses carried forward	87,724	-	-	-
D. Complete and the second	112.020		22.056	
Deferred taxation asset	113,938	<u> </u>	22,056	<u> </u>
				£
At 1 July 2009 Profit and loss account movement arising during	g the vear			22,056
Fixed asset timing differences	5 me year			8,266
Short term timing differences				(4,108)
Losses carried forward				87,724

113,938

at 30 June 2010

9. Fixed asset investments

	Shares in subsidiary £
Cost:	2
At 1 July 2009 Additions	175,955
At 30 June 2010	175,955
Impairment. At 1 July 2009 Provided during the year	(47,650)
At 30 June 2010	(47,650)
Net book value. At 30 June 2010	128,305
At 1 July 2009	128,305

The company's fixed asset investments consist of 100% of the share capital of its subsidiary, Performance Potential Limited As of 30 June 2010, the investment carrying value of £128,305 is equal to the net asset value of Performance Potential Limited as of 30 June 2010. The net asset value has not changed in the current financial year.

10. Tangible fixed assets

	Finance lease assets £	Leasehold improvement £	Fixtures and fittings £	Office equipment £	Software £	Total £
Cost: At 1 July 2009	596,650	279,726	17,738	189,374	29,562	1,113,050
Foreign currency translation	-	3,897	1,694	(1,832)	256	4,015
Additions	-	15,000	3,195	19,861	2,437	40,493
At 30 June 2010	596,650	298,623	22,627	207,403	32,255	1,157,558
Depreciation: At 1 July 2009 Foreign currency	94,208	58,412	8,683	141,910	20,330	323,543
translation Provided during the	-	2,179	1,101	1,994	164	5,438
year year	125,610	71,920	5,581	29,735	7,084	239,930
At 30 June 2010	219,818	132,511	15,365	173,639	27,578	568,911
Net book value At 30 June 2010	376,832	166,112	7,262	33,764	4,677	588,647
						~···
At 1 July 2009	502,442	221,314	9,055	47,464	9,232	789,507

at 30 June 2010

11. Debtors

11. Deptors	2010	2009
	£	£
Trade debtors	1,244,383	1,312,086
Amounts owed by group undertakings (note 17)	337,296	351,973
Other debtors	264,527	119,623
Deferred taxation	113,938	22,056
Corporation tax	14,813	116,507
Prepayments and accrued income	279,489	268,016
	2,254,446	2,190,261
12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
· ·	2010	2009
	£	£
Trade creditors	396,065	266,938
Amounts owed to group undertakings (note 17)	463,539	112,298
Other taxation and social security	137,021	62,493
Other creditors	184,639	324,277
Finance leases	103,524	97,826
Accruals and deferred income	704,959	936,457
	1,989,747	1,800,289
13. Creditors: amounts falling due greater than one year		
	2010	2009
	£	£
Dilapidations provision	161,000	146,000
Finance leases	230,840	334,364
	391,840	480,364

A provision of £161,000 (2009 £146,000) has been made for the cost of dilapidations on completion of the lease of the company's office at 1, Plough Place, London, EC4A 1DE £15,000 has been charged to the profit and loss account for additional provision in the year ended 30 June 2010

The maturity of obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts is as follows

	2010	2009
	£	£
Within one year	133,241	133,241
In the second to fifth years	272,534	405,775
Less future finance charges	(71,411)	(106,826)
	334,364	432,190
	·	

at 30 June 2010

14. Commitments under operating leases

At 30 June 2010 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

2010		2009	
Land &	Office	Land & buildings	Office
uildings	equipment		equipment
28,776	4,172	47,597	35,344
506,170	31,172	535,026	
	uildings 28,776	uildings equipment 28,776 4,172	uildings equipment buildings 28,776 4,172 47,597

Operating leases represent rentals payable by the company for property and office equipment. The leases have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal options

15. Share capital

•				Authorised
			2010	2009
			£	£
1000 'A' ordinary shares of £1 each			1,000	1,000
1'B' ordinary share of £250 each			250	250
1000 'C' ordinary shares of £1 each			1,000	1,000
			2,250	2,250
	No	Allotte 2010 £	d, called up d No	ind fully paid 2009 £
		~	1.0	~
1000 'A' ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
1 'B' ordinary shares of £250 each	1	250	1	250
1000 'C' ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
		2,250		2,250

The 'B' ordinary shares confer on the holder the right to a vote to be not more than 20% of the total voting power of the company in general meeting regardless of the number of shares issued by the company

The 'C' ordinary shares have no voting rights but rank pari passu with 'A' and 'B' shares in the event of a wind up and return of capital

at 30 June 2010

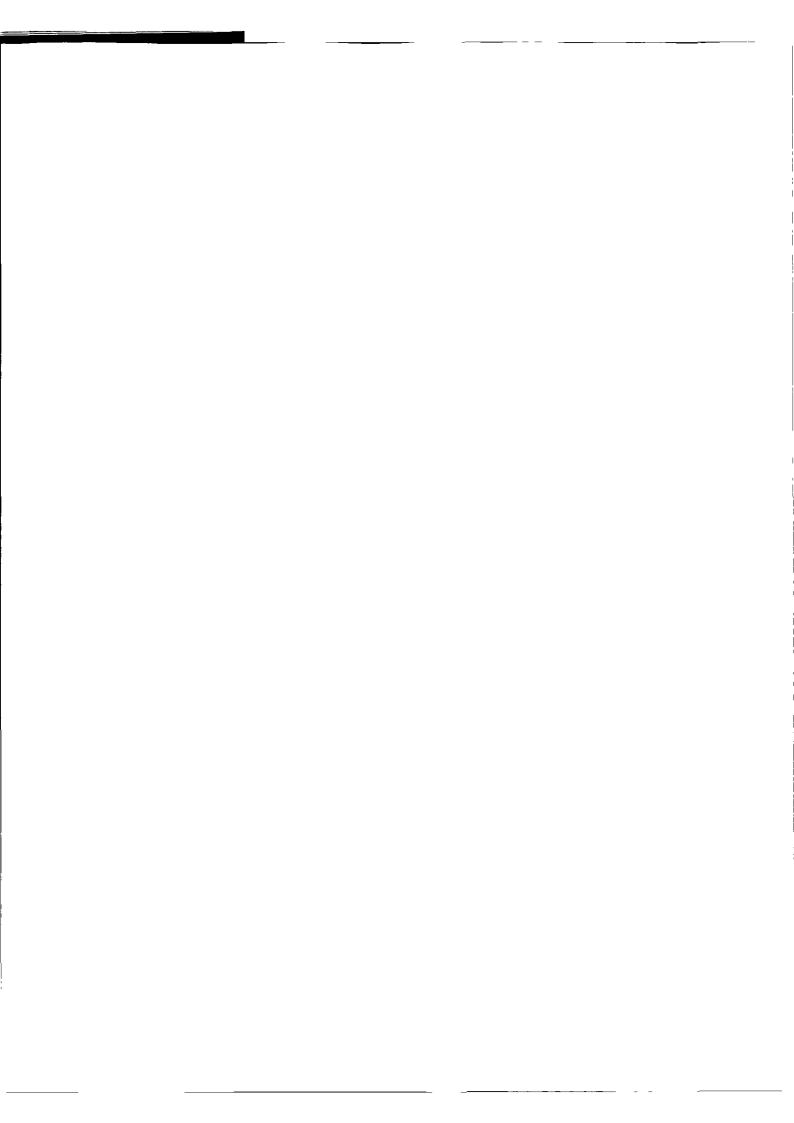
16. Reconciliation of shareholders' funds and movement on reserves

	Share capital £	Share premium £	Profit and loss account £	Total share- holders' funds £
At 30 June 2009	2,250	249,000	861,260	1,112,510
Foreign currency translation	-	-	61,668	61,668
Loss for the year	-	-	(351,137)	(351,137)
At 30 June 2010	2,250	249,000	571,791	823,041

Notes to the financial statements at 30 June 2010

17. Related party transactions

	Management fees	Administrative charges	Consulting charges	Cash transfers	Balance due to/(from) the company at year end
Year ended 30 June 2010	£	£	£	£	£
rogenSi Services Pty Ltd	(380,674)	235,382	14,808	(164,961)	(233,226)
rogenSi Inc (US)	-	(70,613)	90,829	57,230	200,322
rogenSı Inc (Canada)		(3,682)	-	1,654	(3,652)
rogenSı SARL	-	16,506	(185,920)	53,427	(226,661)
Performance Potential Ltd	-	-	-	(22,931)	114,638
rogenSı SAS	-	-	-	-	21,186
rogneSi Pty Ltd (Singapore)	-	(27,637)	11,322	8,486	295
rogenSi Ltd (Hong Kong)	-	-	855	-	855
	(380,674)	149,956	(68,106)	(67,095)	(126,243)
				<u>-</u> -	
Year ended 30 June 2009					
rogenSi Services Pty Ltd	(383,011)	(255,274)	128,173	382,682	62,219
rogenSi Inc (US)	-	-	-	-	122,876
rogenSi Inc (Canada)	-	-	-	-	(1,624)
rogenSı SARL	-	61,032	(13,471)	-	(110,674)
Performance Potential Ltd	-	-	-	(1,528)	139,097
rogenSi SAS	-	-	-	-	21,186
rogenS ₁ Pty Ltd (Singapore)		-	-	-	8,123
	(383,011)	(194,242)	(114,702)	381,154	239,675
				· · · · · ·	



at 30 June 2010

18. Analysis of cash flows

	2010	2009
	£	£
Returns on investment and servicing of finance		
Interest received	22,896	1,843
Interest paid	(16,217)	(23,291)
Interest element of finance lease rental payments	(35,396)	(31,698)
	(28,717)	(53,146)
Capital expenditure and financial investment		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(36,829)	(39,141)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	-	1,650
	(36,829)	(37,491)
Financing	(n= n:	/a.e.a. /e.e.
Capital element of finance lease rental payments	(97,826)	(164,460)

19. Analysis of net debt

	At beginning of year	Cash flow	Other non cash changes	At end of year
	£	£	£	£
Cash in hand, at bank	235,542	(38,264)	-	197,278
Debt due after one year Debt due within one year	(334,364) (97,826)	97,826	103,524 (103,524)	(230,840) (103,524)
Total	(196,648)	59,562	-	(137,086)
	_			

Other non-cash changes comprise transfers between leases due after and within one year

at 30 June 2010

20. Ultimate parent undertaking

The directors consider the ultimate parent undertaking to be rogenSi Worldwide Investment Unit Trust, a trust settled in Australia, and the controlling party to be rogenSi Worldwide Pty Limited, a company incorporated in Australia and corporate trustee of the ultimate parent undertaking

The parent undertaking of the group of undertakings for which group financial statements are drawn up and of which the company is a member is rogenSi Worldwide Investment Unit Trust in Australia Copies of the financial statements are not available to the public