REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

Bondcare (Martha) Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

7 November 2010

Company Number 3402958

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 7 November 2010

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Directors

L Levison

J Sorotzkin

Secretary and registered office

L Levison, New Burlington House, 1075 Finchley Road, London, NW11 0PU

Company number

3402958

Auditors

BDO LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU

Report of the directors for the year ended 7 November 2010

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 7 November 2010

Results

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the profit for the year

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2009 - £Nil)

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of investment property

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were

L Levison

J Sorotzkin

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 7 November 2010 (continued)

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

In preparing this directors' report advantage has been taken of the small companies' exemption

On behalf of the Board

L Levison

Director

21 September 2011

Independent auditor's report

TO THE MEMBERS OF BONDCARE (MARTHA) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Bondcare (Martha) Limited for the year ended 7 November 2010 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Basis for qualified opinion on financial statements

As explained in note 1, investment properties have been included in the financial statements at 7 November 2010 based on the 8 November 2009 valuation rather than the year end open market value as required by Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 19 "Accounting for Investment Properties" We are unable to quantify the effect, if any, on reserves, tangible fixed assets and loss for the year resulting from this non-compliance with accounting standards

Qualified opinion on financial statements

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion paragraph, the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 7 November 2010 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the directors' report in accordance with the small companies' regime

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Michael Goldstein, (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
London
United Kingdom

21 September 2011

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Profit and loss account for the year ended 7 November 2010

	Note	2010 £	2009 £
Turnover	2	290,013	290,013
Administrative expenses		1,000	1,000
Operating profit	3	289,013	289,013
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(52,338)	(31,505)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		236,675	257,508
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	6	-	-
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	13	236,675	257,508

All amounts in the current year relate to continuing activities

All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account. There were no movements in shareholder's funds during the current or prior year other than the profit for the year.

Balance sheet at 7 November 2010

Company number 3402958	Note	2010 £	2010 £	2009 £	2009 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		6,274,000		6,274,000
Current assets					
Debtors	8	117,296		159,046	
Creditors, amounts falling due	_				
within one year	9	45,502		45,502	
Net current assets			71,794		113,544
					
Total assets less current					
iabilities			6,345,794		6,387,544
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10		237,769		516,194
non more than one year	10				
			6,108,025		5,871,350
					
Capital and reserves	40		4 000		
Called up share capital Revaluation reserve	12 13		1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account	13		4,470,140 1,636,885		4,470,140 1,400,210
TONE AND 1055 ACCOUNT	13				
Shareholders' funds			6,108,025		5,871,350

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 21 September 2011

L Levison Director

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 7 November 2010

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of freehold properties and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

Non-compliance with accounting standards

The directors have reviewed the group's accounting policies and have not applied the requirement of Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No 19 ("SSAP 19") to include investment properties in the balance sheet at 7 November 2010 at the open market value at that date. The company's investment property has been included in the balance sheet based on the directors' valuation as at 8 November 2009.

The directors consider that the financial difficulties at Southern Cross Healthcare, the sole tenant, have created a situation where it is difficult to determine a market value for this type of specialist asset

The financial statements have otherwise been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

Going concern

The directors are required to make an assessment of the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The directors have, after considering the financial difficulties at Southern Cross Healthcare Group plc ("Southern Cross") the company's sole tenant, concluded that it is appropriate to prepare the company's financial statements on a going concern basis. The main considerations were as follows

Following the announcement on 11 July 2011 by Southern Cross that it will cease to be an operator of homes at the end of the restructuring period, the directors have considered their own experience in operating these nursing homes and believe that they have sufficient experience and resources within the group to assume the operation of the nursing homes internally. They are currently in discussions with Southern Cross to set in place a course of action that will ensure the smooth transfer of the operations of the homes from Southern Cross to the Bondcare Group. The directors have prepared forecasts based the Group assuming operational responsibility of the business and these show that the group will be able to meet interest payments as they fall due in the foreseeable future.

The group is dependent on the continued support of its lender and to date the lender has been supportive. At the date these accounts were signed, no formal agreement has been signed, however the directors are confident that one will be signed in the near future.

Turnover

Turnover represents rental income arising from operating leases granted to tenants and is recognised on a straight line basis until the next rent review

Investment property

In respect of the requirement of Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No 19 ("SSAP 19"), investment properties should be included in the financial statements at their year end open market value. However investment properties in the group are recorded at 8 November 2009 valuation. As explained above, this policy does not comply with accounting standards.

No depreciation is provided on investment properties. The directors consider that this accounting policy results in the financial statements giving a true and fair view. The effect of this departure from Companies Act 2006 has not been quantified because it is impracticable and, in the opinion of the directors, would be misleading. The aggregate surplus or deficit arising on revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve except where a deficit is deemed to represent a permanent diminution in value, in which case it is charged to the profit and loss account.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 7 November 2010 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit over the term of the debt so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Finance costs include issue costs, which are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company
 has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of rollover relief, and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)' not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group headed by BC and the company is included in consolidated financial statements

2 Turnover

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company and arises solely within the United Kingdom

3	Ope	rating	profit

Operating profit	2010 £	2009 £
This has been arrived at after charging		
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	1,000	1,000

4 Employees

The average number of employees, including directors, during the year was Nil (2009 - Nil)

No director received remuneration in the current or prior years

5 Interest payable and similar charges

microst payable and similar only god	2010 £	2009 £
Loans from group companies	52,338	31,505

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 7 November 2010 (continued)

6 Taxation on profit from ordinary activities	6	Taxation on	profit from	ordinary	activities
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No tax charge arises in the current or prior year

The tax assessed for the year is less than the standard rate of corporation are explained below	tax in the UK	The differences
	2010 £	2009 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	236,675	257,508
Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%)	66,269	72,102
Effects of Depreciation in excess of capital allowances Group relief claimed	(1,576) (64,693)	(1,970) (70,132)
Current tax charge for year		

7 Tangible assets

Freehold investment property £

Cost or valuation
At 9 November 2009 and at 7 November 2010

6,274,000

Investment properties are included at open market value based on the directors' valuation as at 8 November 2009

The historic cost of the investment property is £1,803,860 (2009 - £1,803,860)

8 Debtors

	2010 £	2009 £
Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	34,280 83,016	34,280 124,766
	117,296	159,046

All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 7 November 2010 (continued)

9	Creditors [,] amounts falling due with	in one year		2010 €	2009 £
	Accruals and deferred income			45,502 ————	45,502
10	Creditors: amounts falling due after	r more than one yea	ır	2010 £	2009 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings			237,769	516,194
	Amounts owed to group undertakings LIBOR (see note 14 for details of guar		s of repayment a	and bear interest	at 1 5% above
11	Provisions for liabilities				
11	No provision has been made for the which would arise if the freehold proper				9 - £1,112,000
11	No provision has been made for the i				9 - £1,112,000
	No provision has been made for the publich would arise if the freehold proper				9 - £1,112,000 2 009 £
	No provision has been made for the position would arise if the freehold proper share capital	erties were sold at th	eir revalued amou	unts 2010	2009
	No provision has been made for the positive which would arise if the freehold proper share capital Allotted, called up and fully paid	erties were sold at th 2010 Number	eir revalued amou 2009 Number	2010 £	2009 £ 1,000
12	No provision has been made for the positive which would arise if the freehold proper share capital Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each	erties were sold at th 2010 Number	eir revalued amou 2009 Number	2010 £	2009 £
12	No provision has been made for the positive which would arise if the freehold proper share capital Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each	erties were sold at th 2010 Number	eir revalued amou 2009 Number	2010 £ 1,000 Revaluation reserve	2009 £ 1,000 Profit and loss account

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 7 November 2010 (continued)

14 Contingent liabilities

The company has given a joint and several guarantee together with other group members in respect of group borrowings of £176m (2009 - £176m) The company has granted a debenture over all its assets in support of this loan

The company has also granted an unlimited guarantee in respect of a group overdraft facility. At 7 November 2010 the aggregate due under this facility was £410,016 (2009 - £362,529)

15 Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related party disclosures" not to disclose transactions with members of the group headed by BC on the grounds that 100% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within that group and the company is included in consolidated financial statements

Related party transactions and balances

Included in other debtors is an amount of £34,280 (2009 - £34,280) due from Netbond UK Limited, a company controlled by L Levison

16 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

The company's immediate parent company is BC2 Limited. The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by BC. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of BC are available from Companies House.

The company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Finsbury Trust Corporation Limited, a company registered in Gibraltar