Virgin Entertainment Asia Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 3389805 31 December 2013

WEDNESDAY



LD2 27/08/2014 #35: COMPANIES HOUSE

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Directors' report

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the 9 month period ended 31 December 2013. The previous financial statements were for the 12 month period ended 31 March 2013.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company is that of an investment holding company.

Business review

The Company has adequate financial resources, and as an investment holding company no significant changes are expected in relation to its income streams or cost base that could jeopardise this. As a consequence, the directors believe that the Company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the current uncertain economic outlook.

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Results and dividends

The profit for the period, after taxation, amounted to £492,000 (Year ended 31 March 2013 - £16,490,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (Year ended 31 March 2013 - £nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the period were:

R P Blok (appointed 21 June 2013) N A R Fox (appointed 21 June 2013) C R Stent (resigned 21 June 2013) I P Woods

Provision of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware,
 and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any information needed by the Company's auditor in connection with preparing its report and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006 the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

This report was approved by the board on 19 August 2014 and signed on its behalf.

(BA R Gerrard Company Secretary The Battleship Building 179 Harrow Road

London W2 6NB

Directors' responsibilities statement for the period ended 31 December 2013

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Virgin Entertainment Asia Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Virgin Entertainment Asia Limited for the period ended 31 December 2013, set out on pages 4 to 10. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Director's responsibilities statement on page 2, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its loss for the period then ended. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare
 a strategic report.

Sarah Styant (Senior Statutory Auditor)

Ray

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square

London

E14 5GL

19 August 2014

Profit and loss account

for the period ended 31 December 2013

		9 months ended	12 months ended
		31 December	31 March
		2013	2013
	Note	£000	£000
Administrative expenses		(13)	15,686
		•	
Operating (loss)/profit		(13)	15,686
Interest receivable and similar income	5	656	1,078
Interest payable and similar charges	6	-	(16)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		643	16,748
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(151)	(258)
Profit for the financial period		492	16,490

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for the current period or prior year other than those included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Registered number: 3389805

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2013

		3	1 December		31 March
	Note	£000	2013 £000	£000	2013 £000
Fixed assets					
Investments	8		-		-
Current assets					
Debtors	9	25,276		24,630	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(3,166)		(3,012)	
Net current assets			22,110		21,618
Net assets		_	22,110	- -	21,618
Capital and reserves		_		-	
Called up share capital	11		2		2
Capital redemption reserve	12		8,846		8,846
Other reserves	12		418		418
Profit and loss account	12	_	12,844	_	12,352
Shareholders' funds	13	=	22,110	- -	21,618

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 19 August 2014.

R P Blok Director

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare group financial statements by virtue of being subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements present information about the Company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds of its size.

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Virgin Group Holdings Limited, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with wholly owned subsidiaries which form part of the group.

1.2 Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

1.3 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted

2. Operating profit/(loss)

The operating loss is stated after charging/ (crediting):

	9 months ended 31 December	12 months ended 31 March
	2013	2013
	£000	£000
Provision for receivables due from group undertakings	8	10
Reversal of provision against amounts due from related undertakings	-	(15,705)
Total	8	(15,695)

3. Auditors' remuneration

Audit fees for the current period and prior year were borne by another group company.

Directors' remuneration

The directors did not receive any remuneration during the period for services to the Company (Year ended 31 March 2013 - £nil).

5. Interest receivable and similar income

		9 months ended 31 December	12 months ended 31 March
		2013	2013
		£000	£000
	Interest receivable from group companies	656	1,078
	•		
5.	Interest payable and similar charges		

Interest payable and similar charges

	9 months ended 31 December 2013 £000	12 months ended 31 March 2013 £000
On loans from group undertakings	-	16

7. Taxation

	9 months ended 31 December	12 months ended 31 March
	2013 £000	2013 £000
UK corporation tax charge on profit for the period/year	<u> </u>	258

Factors affecting tax charge for the period/year

The tax assessed for the period/year is higher than (Year ended 31 March 2013 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23% (Year ended 31 March 2013 - 24%). The differences are explained below:

	9 months ended 31 December 2013 £000	12 months ended 31 March 2013 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	643	16,748
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23% (Year ended 31 March 2013 - 24%)	148	4,020
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Non-taxable income	3 -	7 (3,769)
Current tax charge for the period/year	151	258

7. Taxation (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Company had no recognised or unrecognised deferred tax balances at either the current period or prior year end.

8. Fixed asset investments

The company in which the Company's interest at 31 December 2013 is more than 20% is as follows:

		Country of registration	Principal activity	Holding	Class of shares
	Subsidiary undertakings				
	Salform Limited	England & Wales	Investment holding company	100%	£1 Ordinary shares
9.	Debtors				
			31 Dec	ember 2013 £000	31 March 2013 £000
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Prepayments and accrued income		2	25,274 2	24,630
				25,276	24,630
10.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year				
			31 De c	ember 2013 £000	31 March 2013 £000
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Accruals and deferred income			5 2,175 986	2,173 835 4
				3,166	3,012

11. Share capital

	<i>31 December</i> 2013 £000	31 March 2013 £000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
16,470,652 Ordinary A shares of £0.0001 each	1	1
8,235,326 Ordinary B shares of £0.0001 each	. 1	1
	2	2

The A Ordinary Shares have attached to them full voting rights. They carry dividend and capital distribution (including on winding up) rights which are 99.999% rateably in proportion to the amount paid up or credited as paid up on such A Ordinary Shares. They do not carry any rights of redemption.

The B Ordinary Shares do not carry voting rights. They carry dividend and capital distribution (including on winding up) rights which are 0.001% rateably in proportion to the amount paid up or credited as paid up on such B Ordinary Shares. They do not carry any rights of redemption.

12. Reserves

		Capital redemption reserve £000	Other reserves £000	Profit and loss account £000
	At 1 April 2013	8,846	418	12,352
	Profit for the financial period	-	-	492
	At 31 December 2013	8,846	418	12,844
13.	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds			
		31 De	ce mber	31 March
			2013	2013
			£000	£000
	Opening shareholders' funds		21,618	4,710
	Profit for the financial period/year		492	16,490
	Debt waiver			418
	Closing shareholders' funds		22,110	21,618

14. Related party transactions

At 31 December 2013, the company's ultimate parent company was Virgin Group Holdings Limited, whose principal shareholders are Sir Richard Branson and certain trusts, none of which individually has a controlling interest in Virgin Group Holdings Limited. The principal beneficiaries of those trusts are Sir Richard Branson and/or his immediate family. The shareholders of Virgin Group Holdings Limited have interests directly or indirectly in certain other companies which are considered to give rise to related party disclosures under Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related party disclosures'.

As a 100% owned subsidiary of Virgin Group Holdings Limited, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard 8: Related Party Disclosures, which enables it to exclude disclosure

14. Related party transactions (continued)

of transactions with Virgin Group Holdings Limited and its wholly owned subsidiaries.

15. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

As at 31 December 2013 the ultimate parent company was Virgin Group Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.