LDC (SMITHFIELD) LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

M C Allan

A D Reid M P Bennett

Secretary

A D Reid

Company number

03373096

Registered office

The Core

40 St Thomas Street

BRISTOL BS1 6JX

Auditors

KPMG Audit Pic

8 Salisbury Square

LONDON EC4Y 8BB

Business address

The Core

40 St Thomas Street

BRISTOL BS1 6JX

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

Principal activities

The company's principal activity is that of investment. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2008 £nil)

The company registration number is 03373096

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 January 2009

M C Allan

A D Reid

M P Bennett

Statement of disclosure to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG Audit Plc will therefore continue in office

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statementsThe directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

By order of the ba

A D Reid Secretary

24 September 2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF LDC (SMITHFIELD) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of LDC (Smithfield) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 set out on pages 4 to 9 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www frc org uk/apb/scope/UKNP

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its loss for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Stephen Bligh (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG Audit Plc, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants

24 September 2010

8 Salisbury Square LONDON EC4Y 8BB

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2009 £	Year ended 31 December 2008 £
Turnover	2	4,177	206
Cost of sales		(8,395)	(636)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	3	(4,218)	(430)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	4	<u> </u>	
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation	9	(4,218)	(430)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

There is no difference between the loss for the year as stated above and its historical cost equivalent.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2009

Notes	2009		2008	
	£	£	£	£
5	63,032		67,250	
6	(10,560)		(10,560)	
		52,472		56,690
		52,472		56,690
8		2		2
9		52,470		56,688
10		52,472		56,690
	5 6 8 9	Notes £ 5 63,032 6 (10,560)	Notes £ £ 5 63,032 6 (10,560)	Notes £ £ £ 5 63,032 67,250 6 (10,560) (10,560) 52,472 52,472 52,472 52,472

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 24 September 2010 and were signed on it's behalf by

M P Bennett Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards (UK GAAP) and under the historical cost convention

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a subsidiary undertaking where 90 percent or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group

1.2 Going concern

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

13 Turnover

Turnover derived from an interest in investment property is recognised in the profit and loss account when received

1.4 Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes account of taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and treatment under the company's accounting policies

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and their recognition in a tax computation

In accordance with FRS19, deferred tax is provided in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date that may give rise to an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future except as otherwise provided by FRS19. Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on the sale has been recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

2 Turnover

Turnover is generated in the UK and from the company's principal activity

3 Loss on ordinary activities before taxation

Auditors' remuneration of £650 (2008 £485) was borne by another group company

Fees paid to the company's auditors, KPMG Audit Plc and its associates for services other than statutory audit of the company are not disclosed in the company's accounts since the consolidated accounts of the company's parent, The UNITE Group plc are required to disclose non audit fees on a consolidated basis

Directors' remuneration was borne by another group company in respect of both years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

4	Taxation	2009 £	2008 £
	Current tax charge	-	-
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	<u>(4,218)</u>	(430)
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 28 00% (2008 28 50%)	(1,181)	(123)
	Effects of Losses carried forward	1,181	123
		1,181	123
	Current tax charge	-	-
	Deferred tax balances are set out in detail in note 7		
5	Debtors	2009 £	2008 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	63,032	64,072 3,178
		63,032	67,250
	All debtors are due within one year		<u> </u>
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2009 £	2008 £
	Other creditors	10,560	10,560

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

7	Provisions for liabilities and charges		
	The deferred tax balance at 31 December 2009 comprised as follows		Amount not provided £
	Deferred tax asset on losses not provided		1,181
	Balance at 31 December 2009		1,181
	The deferred tax asset is not recognised due to the uncertainty of future taxable asset could be realised	profits again	st which the
8	Share capital	2009 £	2008 £
	Authorised 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
9	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		Profit and loss account £
	Balance at 1 January 2009 Retained loss for the year		56,688 (4,218)
	Balance at 31 December 2009		52,470
10	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2009 £	2008 £
	Loss for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	(4,218) 56,690	(430) 57,120
	Closing shareholders' funds	52,472	56,690

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

11 Contingent liabilities

The company had no contingent liabilities at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008 £nil)

12 Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 31 December 2009 (31 December 2008 £nil)

13 Employees

There were no employees other than the directors in either year

14 Control

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Unite Holdings plc

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is The UNITE Group plc. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by The UNITE Group plc. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and can be obtained from The Core, 40 St Thomas Street, BRISTOL, BS1 6JX

15 Related party transactions

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The UNITE Group plc, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 8 from the requirements to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent undertaking