Report and Financial Statements

53 weeks ended 3 July 2009

29/03/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

Notes to the accounts

# **REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2009**

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## **REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2009**

## OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

## **DIRECTORS**

A Herbert K R Dolliver B O Orndorff

## **SECRETARY**

R B Secretariat Limited

# REGISTERED OFFICE

Microsoft Campus Thames Valley Park Reading Berkshire RG6 1WG

## **BANKERS**

National Westminster Bank Plc 12 High Street Windsor Berkshire SL4 1LQ Citibank NA 336 The Strand London WC2R 1HB

## **SOLICITORS**

Reed Smith The Broadgate Tower 20 Primrose Street London London EC2A 2RS Hewitson Becke & Shaw Shakespeare House 42 Newmarket Road Cambridge CB5 8EP

## **AUDITORS**

Deloitte LLP Reading United Kingdom

## TAX ADVISERS

KPMG LLP Arlington Business Park Theale Reading RG7 4SD

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the 53 week period ended 3 July 2009

### **ACTIVITIES**

Microsoft Research Limited is engaged in computer science research

### REVIEW OF RESULTS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The results for the period are shown on page 5 Turnover increased by 13% to £32,445,941 (2008 £28,649,525) The company recorded a loss before taxation of £564,344 (2008 £1,032,493) The directors feel that this leaves them in a sound position for the coming period Dividends of £8,000,000 were paid in the period (2008 £5,230,826)

The company maintained a strong balance sheet and had net assets at 3 July 2009 of £6,487,,229 (2008 £9.712,653)

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company earns revenue on a cost-plus basis, reimbursed by other group companies. It does not have significant borrowings or foreign currency exposure. The Microsoft group continues to invest in research activities. In the opinion of the directors, there are no significant risks and uncertainties facing the company.

#### GOING CONCERN

The company and the Microsoft group have considerable financial resources. As a consequence, the directors believe that the group is well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the current uncertain economic outlook.

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and the group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who served during the period and to the date of signing are shown on page 1

### **AUDITORS**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors. The company passed elective resolutions on 13 March 1997 dispensing with the requirements to hold annual general meetings.

Approved by the Board and signed on behalf of the board on 29/3 2010

A Herbert Director

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### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MICROSOFT RESEARCH LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Microsoft Research Limited for the 53 weeks ended 3 July 2009 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 19. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

## Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

## Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 3 July 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

# Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or

certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or

we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Susan Barratt BA ACA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Reading, United Kingdom

29 March 2010

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT 53 weeks ended 3 July 2009

	Note	53 weeks ended 3 July 2009 £	52 weeks ended 27 June 2008 £
TURNOVER Administrative expenses	2	32,445,941 (33,201,529)	28,649,525 (28,192,554)
OPERATING LOSS / (PROFIT)	4	(755,588)	456,971
Interest payable and similar charges Interest receivable and similar income	5 6	(1,134) 192,378	(4,626) 580,148
(LOSS) / PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(564,344)	1,032,493
Tax credit on profit on ordinary activities	7	2,191,020	1,708,390
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	15	1,626,676	2,740,883

All amounts derive from continuing operations

There were no recognised gains and losses other than as shown in the profit and loss account above Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

# **BALANCE SHEET As at 3 July 2009**

	Note	53 weeks ended 3 July 2009 £	52 weeks ended 27 June 2008 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible fixed assets Investments	9 10	1,558,518	1,930,160
investments	10	8,479	8,479
		1,566,997	1,938,639
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	11	13,476,213	13,395,875
Cash at bank and in hand			3,181,681
		13,476,213	16,577,556
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	12	(8,555,981)	(8,803,542)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		4,920,232	7,774,014
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES, BEING NET ASSETS		6,487,229	9,712,653
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	14	30,000	30,000
Profit and loss account	15	6,457,229	9,682,653
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	15	6,487,229	9,712,653

The financial statements of Microsoft Research Limited, Registered Number 03369488, were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 Karely 2010

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 53 weeks ended 3 July 2009

### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below. These have been consistently applied in both the current and preceding financial periods.

## Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

#### Going concern

The company and the Microsoft group have considerable financial resources. As a consequence, the directors believe that the group is well placed to manage its business risks successfully despite the current uncertain economic outlook.

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and the group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts

### Share-based payments

The Microsoft group operates a number of share-based payment arrangements

The fair value of awards granted is spread over the vesting period of those awards. A corresponding amount is credited to reserves. Refer to note 16 for details of how the fair value of awards is determined.

#### Financial year

The financial year is the fifty two or fifty three week period ending on the Friday closest to 30 June

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment

Depreciation is provided on cost in equal annual instalments over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The rates of depreciation are as follows

Leasehold improvements Over the period of the lease

Computer equipment 20 - 100%

Fixtures, fittings and telecoms equipment 20 - 33%

### Investments

Investments are stated at cost, less any provision for impairment. The company has one investment, as described in note 10. The company does not control this investment, hence is not required to prepare consolidated accounts to include the results of the investment.

#### Leases

Rental costs under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account in equal annual amounts over the period of the lease

#### Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 53 weeks ended 3 July 2009

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Turnover

Turnover represents amounts derived from parent undertaking and is stated at cost plus ten percent

### Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the period in which it is incurred

#### Grants

Grants awarded to support research projects are recorded at the date the company grants the award Grant amounts committed but not yet paid are included in accruals. The amount of the grant which is accrued is restricted to those sums which have been committed to at the balance sheet date.

### **Pensions**

The company makes contributions into the Microsoft Group personal pension scheme dependent upon the contributions of the employees themselves. The contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become due and payable

## Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies during the period are recorded at the average rate ruling for the month of the transaction

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the closing rate of exchange at the balance sheet date

All exchange gains and losses are taken to the profit and loss account

## 2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents amounts derived from the parent undertaking in the United States of America and is wholly derived from the company's principal activity

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 53 weeks ended 3 July 2009

## 3. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

	53 weeks ended 3 July 2009 £	52 weeks ended 27 June 2008 £
The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was as follows:		
Research	137	121
Other	26	26
	163	147
Staff costs:		
Wages and salaries	12,701,144	£ 11,336,961
Social security costs	1,109,606	1,850,679
Other pension costs	699,576	556,733
Share-based payments charge	3,147,900	2,537,006
	17,658,226	16,281,379
Directors emoluments:	£	£
Remuneration	234,667	245,307
Pension contribution	21,390	12,233
	256,057	257,540
Highest paid director	£	£
Fees and other emoluments	256,057	257,540

Contributions were made to a defined contribution pension scheme on behalf of one director (2008) one). The other two directors (2008) two) of the Parent Company have apportioned their remuneration between the group companies that they serve and the allocation for Microsoft Research Limited is nil (2008) £nil).

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 53 weeks ended 3 July 2009

# 4. OPERATING PROFIT

4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
		53 weeks ended 3 July 2009 £	52 weeks ended 27 June 2008 £
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Rentals under other operating leases - plant and machinery - other Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	17,688 1,345,555 868,943	25,639 1,367,054 727,437
	Auditors' remuneration – audit services	19,515	18,278
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		53 weeks ended 3 July 2009 £	52 weeks ended 27 June 2008 £
	Bank interest and charges	1,134	4,626
6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		53 week ende 3 Jul 200	d ended y 27 June
	Bank interest receivable Other interest receivable Interest received from group undertakings	23,87 18,44 150,05	3 -
		192,37	580,148

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 53 weeks ended 3 July 2009

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£174 36 per share)

## 7.

Part	TAX CREDIT ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
Adjustment in respect of prior years – current tax  (759,456) (306,78  Total Current tax credit for the period (1,717,452) (1,471,452)  Deferred tax credit – current year (473,568) (236,93  Total deferred credit for the period (2,191,020) (1,708,39)  Total tax credit for the period (2,191,020) (1,708,39)  The average standard rate of current tax for the period, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax 128% (2008 29 5%) The current tax charge for the period differs from 28% (2008 29 5%) for the reason set out in the following reconciliation  53 weeks ended 3 July 2009 2009  £  (Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax (564,344) 1,032,49  Tax charge on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 29 5%) (158,016) 304,58  Permanent adjustments 70,000 (497,76  Differences between depreciation and capital allowances 103,473 (203,31  Other tuming differences (21,453) 47,17  Adjustments in respect of prior years (759,456) (306,78  Current tax credit for the year (1,717,452) (1,471,452)  DIVIDENDS  103,473 (203,31) (2		ended 3 July 2009	52 weeks ended 27 June 2008 £
Total Current tax credit for the period	UK corporation tax	(957,996)	(1,164,675)
Deferred tax credit - current year	Adjustment in respect of prior years – current tax	(759,456)	(306,783)
Total deferred credit for the period (236,93)  Total tax credit for the period (2,191,020) (1,708,39)  The average standard rate of current tax for the period, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax 128% (2008 29 5%) The current tax charge for the period differs from 28% (2008 29 5%) for the reason set out in the following reconciliation    S3 weeks ended 3 July 2009 £	Total Current tax credit for the period	(1,717,452)	(1,471,458)
Total tax credit for the period (2,191,020) (1,708,39)  The average standard rate of current tax for the period, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax of 28% (2008 29 5%) The current tax charge for the period differs from 28% (2008 29 5%) for the reason set out in the following reconciliation    S3 weeks ended 3 July 27 June 2009 200	Deferred tax credit - current year	(473,568)	(236,932)
The average standard rate of current tax for the period, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 28% (2008 29 5%) The current tax charge for the period differs from 28% (2008 29 5%) for the reason set out in the following reconciliation    53 weeks ended   3 July   27 Jun   2009   200	Total deferred credit for the period	(473,568)	(236,932)
28% (2008 29 5%) The current tax charge for the period differs from 28% (2008 29 5%) for the reason set out in the following reconciliation    53 weeks ended 3 July 2009 200 200	Total tax credit for the period	(2,191,020)	(1,708,390)
(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax  (564,344) 1,032,49  Tax charge on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 29 5%) (158,016) 304,58  Permanent adjustments 70,000 (497,76)  Differences between depreciation and capital allowances 103,473 (203,31)  R&D tax credit (952,000) (815,34)  Other timing differences (21,453) 47,17  Adjustments in respect of prior years (759,456) (306,78)  Current tax credit for the year (1,717,452) (1,471,452)  DIVIDENDS  53 weeks ended ende and 2 July 27 Jung 2009 2000 £	set out in the following reconciliation		52 weeks
Tax charge on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 29 5%)  Permanent adjustments 70,000 (497,76 Differences between depreciation and capital allowances 103,473 (203,31 R&D tax credit (952,000) (815,34 Other timing differences (21,453) 47,17 Adjustments in respect of prior years (759,456) (306,78  Current tax credit for the year (1,717,452) (1,471,45  DIVIDENDS  53 weeks ended ended 3 July 27 Jun 2009 2000 £	set out in the following reconcination	ended 3 July 2009	ended 27 June 2008
Permanent adjustments 70,000 (497,76 Differences between depreciation and capital allowances 103,473 (203,31 R&D tax credit (952,000) (815,34 Other timing differences (21,453) 47,17 Adjustments in respect of prior years (759,456) (306,78 Current tax credit for the year (1,717,452) (1,471,45  DIVIDENDS  53 weeks ended ende 3 July 27 Jun 2009 200 £	set out in the following reconcination	ended 3 July 2009	ended 27 June
Differences between depreciation and capital allowances  R&D tax credit  Other timing differences  Other timing differences  Adjustments in respect of prior years  Current tax credit for the year  DIVIDENDS  53 weeks ended ended 3 July 27 Jun 2009 200 £		ended 3 July 2009 £	ended 27 June 2008
R&D tax credit       (952,000)       (815,34         Other tuning differences       (21,453)       47,17         Adjustments in respect of prior years       (759,456)       (306,78         Current tax credit for the year       (1,717,452)       (1,471,45         DIVIDENDS       53 weeks ended       ended         3 July       27 Jun         2009       200         £	(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax  Tax charge on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 29 5%)	ended 3 July 2009 £  (564,344)  (158,016)	ended 27 June 2008 £ 1,032,493 304,585
Other timing differences Adjustments in respect of prior years  Current tax credit for the year  DIVIDENDS  53 weeks ended ended 3 July 27 Jun 2009 200 £	(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax  Tax charge on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 29 5%)  Permanent adjustments	ended 3 July 2009 £  (564,344)  (158,016) 70,000	ended 27 June 2008 £ 1,032,493 304,585 (497,766)
Adjustments in respect of prior years  Current tax credit for the year  DIVIDENDS  53 weeks ended ended a 3 July 27 Jun 2009 2000 £	(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax  Tax charge on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 29 5%)  Permanent adjustments  Differences between depreciation and capital allowances	ended 3 July 2009 £ (564,344) (158,016) 70,000 103,473	ended 27 June 2008 £ 1,032,493 304,585 (497,766) (203,317)
DIVIDENDS  53 weeks 52 week ended ende 3 July 27 Jun 2009 200	(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax  Tax charge on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 29 5%)  Permanent adjustments  Differences between depreciation and capital allowances  R&D tax credit	ended 3 July 2009 £ (564,344) (158,016) 70,000 103,473 (952,000)	ended 27 June 2008 £ 1,032,493 304,585 (497,766) (203,317) (815,347)
53 weeks 52 week ended ende 3 July 27 Jun 2009 £	(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax  Tax charge on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 29 5%)  Permanent adjustments  Differences between depreciation and capital allowances  R&D tax credit  Other timing differences	ended 3 July 2009 £  (564,344)  (158,016) 70,000 103,473 (952,000) (21,453)	ended 27 June 2008 £ 1,032,493 304,585 (497,766) (203,317)
ended ende 3 July 27 Jun 2009 200 £	(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax  Tax charge on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 29 5%)  Permanent adjustments  Differences between depreciation and capital allowances  R&D tax credit  Other timing differences  Adjustments in respect of prior years	ended 3 July 2009 £ (564,344) (158,016) 70,000 103,473 (952,000) (21,453) (759,456)	ended 27 June 2008 £ 1,032,493 304,585 (497,766) (203,317) (815,347) 47,170 (306,783)
Dividends proposed and paid in the year (£266 66 per share, 2008 8,000,000 5,230.82	(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax  Tax charge on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 29 5%)  Permanent adjustments  Differences between depreciation and capital allowances  R&D tax credit  Other timing differences  Adjustments in respect of prior years  Current tax credit for the year	ended 3 July 2009 £ (564,344) (158,016) 70,000 103,473 (952,000) (21,453) (759,456)	ended 27 June 2008 £ 1,032,493 304,585 (497,766) (203,317) (815,347) 47,170 (306,783)
£174.26 per chara)	(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax  Tax charge on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 29 5%)  Permanent adjustments  Differences between depreciation and capital allowances  R&D tax credit  Other timing differences  Adjustments in respect of prior years  Current tax credit for the year	ended 3 July 2009 £  (564,344)  (158,016) 70,000 103,473 (952,000) (21,453) (759,456)  (1,717,452)  53 weeks ended 3 July 2009	ended 27 June 2008 £ 1,032,493 304,585 (497,766) (203,317) (815,347) 47,170 (306,783)

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 53 weeks ended 3 July 2009

## 9 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Leasehold improve- ments £	Computer equipment	Fixtures, fittings and telecoms equipment	Total £
	Cost				
	At 27 June 2008	1,418,824	2,422,528	1,922,753	5,764,105
	Additions	30,119	461,774	8,908	500,801
	Disposals		(3,500)		(3,500)
	3 July 2009	1,448,943	2,880,802	1,931,661	6,261,406
	Accumulated depreciation				
	At 27 June 2008	498,281	1,883,115	1,452,549	3,833,945
	Charge for the period	282,570	361,773	224,600	868,943
	Disposals		_		-
	At 3 July 2009	780,851	2,244,888	1,677,149	4,702,888
	Net book value	<del></del>			
	At 3 July 2009	668,092	635,914	254,512	1,558,518
	At 27 June 2008	920,543	539,413	470,204	1,930,160
10.	INVESTMENTS				
				2009	2008
				£	£
	Cost and net book value			8,479	8,479

The company holds 50% of the share capital of The Microsoft Research – University of Trento Centre for Computational and Systems Biology, societa consortille a r l This is a private limited liability consortium, registered in Italy The principal activity of the consortium is in research and development

## 11 DEBTORS

	2009 £	2008 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	8,586,425	9,927,164
Corporation tax Deferred tax asset (note 13)	3,219,636 1,112,105	2,250,495 638,537
Prepayments and accrued income	558,047	579,679
	13,476,213	13,395,875

All debtors are due within one year, with the exception of deferred tax

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 53 weeks ended 3 July 2009

# 12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2009 £	2008 £
Trade creditors	361,648	350,294
Other creditors including taxation and social security	363,343	904,757
Accruals and deferred income	7,080,317	7,548,491
Bank	750,673	
	8,555,981	8,803,542

Included in other creditors is £363,343 (2008 £817,639) in respect of tax and social security

The company is part of a group banking arrangement whereby all cash balances are swept overnight into a bank account held by another group company. The bank liability shown above represents uncleared payments as at 3 July 2009.

## 13. DEFERRED TAX ASSET

The deferred tax provision comprises of	2009 £	2008 £
Capital allowances taken in excess of depreciation Share-based payments	(435,331) 1,547,436	(538,804) 1,177,341
	1,112,105	638,537
The movement in deferred tax asset during the period was as follows		
Balance at 27 June 2008 Credited to profit and loss account in the period		638,537 473,568
Balance at 3 July 2009		1,112,105

## 14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2009 £	2008 £
Authorised 200,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	200,000	200,000
Called up, allotted and fully paid 30,000 £1 ordinary shares	30,000	30,000

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 53 weeks ended 3 July 2009

# 15. COMBINED STATEMENT OF MOVEMENT ON RESERVES AND RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS

	Called up capital share £	Profit and loss account £	Shareholders' funds 2009	Shareholders' funds 2008
Profit for the financial period Dividend paid Share-based payment – contribution received		1,626,676 (8,000,000) 3,147,900	1,626,676 (8,000,000) 3,147,900	2,740,883 (5,230,826) 2,537,006
Net (reduction) / addition to shareholder's funds	-	(3,225,424)	(3,225,424)	47,063
Opening shareholder's funds	30,000	9,682,653	9,712,653	9,665,590
Closing shareholder's funds	30,000	6,457,229	6,487,229	9,712,653

### 16. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

### Stock Awards

The group has a stock award scheme whereby employees are awarded shares in Microsoft Corporation. These shares vest equally on the first to fifth anniversary of the award date. The employees do not make any payment for these shares. Awards are forfeited if the employee leaves the group before the relevant anniversary date of those awards has been reached.

Details of the share awards outstanding during the year are as follows

	2009	2008
Number of share awards		
Weighted average exercise price (in £)	-	-
Outstanding at beginning of period	475,955	361,082
Granted during the period	280,337	224,604
Forfeited during the period	(2,721)	(4,786)
Exercised during the period	(139,754)	(104,945)
Expired during the period	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the period	613,817	475,955
Exercisable at the end of the period	-	-

The estimated average share price at the date share awards vested during the period ended 3 July 2009 was \$26 02 (period ended 27 June 2008 \$29 19)

In both the periods ended 3 July 2009 and 27 June 2008, awards were granted on numerous dates. The aggregate of the estimated fair values of the options granted on those dates was £3,881,680 (2008 £2,762,887)

The fair values of awards granted is based upon the market price of the underlying share as of the date of the grant, reduced by the present value of estimated future dividends

The company recognised total expenses of £2,513,511 and £1,801,864 related to stock award transactions during 2009 and 2008 respectively

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS 53 weeks ended 3 July 2009

### 16. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Shared Performance Stock Awards**

The group has a Shared Performance Stock Awards ("SPSA") scheme whereby employees are granted shares in Microsoft Corporation if the group meets specified performance targets. A quarter of each award vests each year between one and four years after the end of each performance measurement period

The fair value of the SPSAs is measured as the market price of the underlying share as of the date of the grant, reduced by the present values of estimated future dividends

The company recognised total expenses of £634,389 and £729,162 related to SPSA transactions during 2009 and 2008 respectively

## Legacy Share-based Payment Schemes

The company recognised a further £nil (2008 £5,980) relating to historic share option schemes. No new awards were made under these schemes during the current or preceding financial period

### 17. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At 3 July 2009, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

	Land and buildings 2009 £	Other 2009 £	Total 2009 £	Land and buildings 2008 £	Other 2008 £	Total 2008 £
Leases which expire Within one year Within 2 to 5 years	1,370,420	24,129	1,394,549	29,700 1,315,855	130 17,558	29,830 1,333,413
	1,370,420	24,129	1,394,549	1,345,555	17,688	1,363,243

## 18. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate parent undertaking of the company, which is also the controlling party and the largest company preparing group accounts in which the results of the company are consolidated, is Microsoft Corporation, a company incorporated in the state of Washington in the United States of America—Copies of Microsoft Corporation's annual report are available on written request from the Investor Relations Department, Microsoft Corporation, 1 Microsoft Way, Redmond, Washington 98052-6399, USA

The immediate parent company is Microsoft Ireland Capital Limited, which is the smallest company preparing group accounts which include the results of the company

## 19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In accordance with FRS 8 "Related Party Disclosures", transactions with other group undertakings within, and investee related parties of, the Microsoft Corporation group have not been disclosed in these financial statements