

### Company Information

Director D Constantinou

Secretary K Constantinou

Company number 03344299

Registered office Chapter House

33 London Road

Reigate Surrey RH2 9HZ

Accountants Kingston Smith LLP

Betchworth House 57-65 Station Road

Redhill Surrey RH1 1DL

### **Balance Sheet**

As at 30 April 2018

		20 <sup>-</sup>	2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Investment properties	3		2,500,000		2,357,035	
Investments	4		1			
			2,500,001		2,357,035	
Current assets						
Debtors	5	165,884		9,500		
Cash at bank and in hand		110,656		262,036		
		276,540		271,536		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(118,951)		(105,634)		
Net current assets			157,589		165,902	
Total assets less current liabilities			2,657,590		2,522,937	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(876,636)		(920,098)	
Provisions for liabilities	9		(56,814)		(40,974)	
Net assets			1,724,140		1,561,865	
Capital and reserves			-			
Called up share capital	10		120,000		120,000	
Revaluation reserve			1,118,892		991,767	
Profit and loss reserves			485,248		450,098	
Total equity			1,724,140		1,561,865	

The director of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 April 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Balance Sheet (Continued)

As at 30 April 2018

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 21 September 2018

D Constantinou **Director** 

Company Registration No. 03344299

## Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 April 2018

Share capital	Revaluation Profit and reservedoss reserves		Total	
£	£	£	£	
120,000	975,043	354,360	1,449,403	
-	-	112,462	112,462	
-	16,724	(16,724)	-	
120,000	991,767	450,098	1,561,865	
-	-	162,275	162,275	
-	1 <b>4</b> 2,965	(142,965)	-	
-	(15,840)	15,840	-	
120,000	1,118,892	485,248	1,724,140	
	120,000	reservedos  £ £  120,000 975,043	reservdoss reserves  £ £ £ £ 120,000 975,043 354,360  112,462 - 16,724 (16,724)  120,000 991,767 450,098  162,275 - 142,965 (142,965) - (15,840) 15,840	

### Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 April 2018

### 1 Accounting policies

### Company information

Tryway Properties Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Chapter House, 33 London Road, Reigate, Surrey, RH2 9HZ.

### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include investment properties at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents rent receivable net of VAT.

#### 1.3 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is measured using the fair value model and stated at its fair value as the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Although this accounting policy is in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), it is a departure from the general requirements of the Companies Act 2006 for all tangible fixed assets to be depreciated. In the opinion of the directors compliance with the standard is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of the many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount of this which might otherwise have been charged cannot be separately identified or quantified.

### 1.4 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

### 1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company only has financial instruments classified as basic and measured at amortised cost. The company has no financial instruments that are classified as 'other' or financial instruments measured at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30 April 2018

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

### 1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

### 2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

### Critical judgements

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

### Valuation of investment properties

The investment properties owned by the company have been revalued as at 30 April 2018 by the director on a fair value basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30 April 2018

Carrying amount At 30 April 2018

At 30 April 2017

Investment property		
		£
Fair value		0.057.000
At 1 May 2017 Revaluations		2,357,035
Revaluations		142,965
At 30 April 2018		2,500,000
The valuations of investment properties were made as at 30 April 2018 by the direct depreciation is provided in respect of these properties.	ector on a fair valu	e basis. No
On an historical cost basis these would have been included at an original cost of £ £1,324,294).	£1,324,294 (2017:	
21,024,204).		
Fixed asset investments		
· ·	2018	2017
· ·	2018 £	
Fixed asset investments	£	2017 £
· ·		
Fixed asset investments	£	
Fixed asset investments  Investments	£ 1	
Fixed asset investments  Investments	£ 1	vestment ir
Fixed asset investments  Investments	£ 1	vestment ir
Investments  Movements in fixed asset investments	£ 1	
Fixed asset investments  Investments  Movements in fixed asset investments  Cost	£ 1	ivestment ir ly controlled entity
Investments  Movements in fixed asset investments  Cost At 1 May 2017	£ 1	ivestment in ly controlled entity
Fixed asset investments  Investments  Movements in fixed asset investments  Cost	£ 1	ivestment ir ly controlled entity

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30 April 2018

5	Debtors	2018	2017
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	53,313	9,199
	Amounts due from jointly controlled entity	107,600	-
	Other debtors	4,971	301
		165,884 ———	9,500
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	41,381	39,960
	Corporation tax	23,750	23,812
	Other taxation and social security	14,671	6,796
	Other creditors	39,149	35,066
		118,951 	105,634
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one ye	ear	
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	876,636	920,098
		<del></del>	
	The bank loan is secured by a fixed and floating charge of	over the company's investment property an	d assets.
8	Provisions for liabilities		
~	1 TO VISIONO TO INDIMENS	2018	2017
		£	£
	Deferred tax liabilities		

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30 April 2018

### 9 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where the company has a legally enforceable right to do so. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes:

	Balances:	Liabilities 2018 £	Liabilities 2017 £
	Investment property	56,814	40,974
	Movements in the year:		2018 £
	Liability at 1 May 2017 Charge to profit or loss		40,974 15,840
	Liability at 30 April 2018		56,814
10	Called up share capital	2018	2017
		£	£
	Issued and fully paid		
	120,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	120,000	120,000

### 11 Related party transactions

At the year end, an amount of £107,600 (2017: £nil) was due from Chapter Investments Limited, a company under joint control. During the year interest of £1,322 (2017: £nil) was charged on this loan.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.