COTSWOLD INNS & HOTELS LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

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A07 26/05/2017 #350
COMPANIES HOUSE

Phoenix Business Associates Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants
Statutory Auditors
The Riding School House
Bulls Lane
Wishaw
Sutton Coldfield
West Midlands
B76 9QW

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COMPANY INFORMATION for the year ended 30 September 2016

DIRECTORS:

Mr M T Horton Mrs P J Horton Mrs J P Barlow Mr P Davis Mrs N A Linington Mr G J Cleaver

SECRETARY:

Mrs J P Barlow

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Orchard House Crab Apple Way Vale Business Park

Evesham Worcestershire WR11 1GE

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03309179 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Phoenix Business Associates Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants

Statutory Auditors The Riding School House

Bulls Lane Wishaw

Sutton Coldfield West Midlands B76 9QW

STRATEGIC REPORT for the year ended 30 September 2016

The board of directors are pleased to provide their strategic report for the year ended 30th September 2016.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The board of directors are pleased with the results for the year; sales continue to grow and the forecast is encouraging with occupancy increasing generally within the hotel industry but it remains a difficult trading environment as cost and wage increases put margins under pressure.

The group continue to upgrade and integrate all of our I.T. systems with the front office systems also being renewed during the year to the benefit of both our staff and our customers.

Cotswolds Inns & Hotels acquired 'The George Hotel on the 1st February 2016 - a magnificent hotel situated in the prestigious Montpellier area of Cheltenham.

Michael & Pamela Horton continue to invest profits back into the group and Pamela Horton continues to refresh and upgrade the bedroom stock throughout the group; behind the scenes we have replaced the kitchen at, 'The Close Hotel' giving both chef and his team a great environment to work in whilst ensuring the highest standards are being adhered to.

Cotswold Inns & Hotels retain a portfolio of beautiful hotels which we continue to improve and look after for generations to come whilst striving to consistently attain the highest possible standards in order to give our customers the best possible experience during their stay with us.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

In common with many businesses of a similar size in the hotel industry, we as a company, are acutely aware that both UK and global economic uncertainty has a direct impact on the attitudes to spending of the general public and in particular where this comes to leisure and recreational activities.

As a Company we pride ourselves on offering excellent food and accommodation within the Cotswolds area at, what we believe to be, competitive rates for the products offered.

We recognise that, having been through a period of political uncertainty and following the results of the Brexit referendum in the UK this will continue to bring its challenges for the foreseeable future. Cotswold Inns & Hotels remain optimistic whilst recognising that global economic factors will always present an inherent risk and uncertainty.

PROPERTY CONSIDERATIONS

The Directors had previously maintained a policy of regular revaluations of the hotels as allowed under previous UK Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("UK GAAP") The last formal external valuation was carried out and included in the accounts year ended 30th September 2014.

The company has had to make the transition on to the new UK accounting framework, this being Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". One of the specific transition exemptions allowed is to adopt as a "deemed cost" the latest valuation and to cease the regular external valuations as required if a policy of valuations was to be maintained.

The Directors do not believe that the expense of the regular valuations is justified so as to continue with that policy and therefore the properties have been included at deemed cost.

POST BALANCE SHEET TRANSACTION

Since the year-end, and after many meetings and much soul searching the board have decided that 'The George' will be a far greater project than at first anticipated to bring it into the Cotswold Inns & Hotels collection.

It is with much regret that we have decided to put 'The George' back on the market. This will enable a new owner to restore 'The George' to its full glory.

STRATEGIC REPORT for the year ended 30 September 2016

PLANNING FOR 2017

Michael & Pamela Horton and the board look forward to an exciting future for Cotswold Inns & Hotels and remain fully focused and committed to the continual investment and development of the eight beautiful hotels within our collection.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr M T Horton - Director

18 May 2017

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS for the year ended 30 September 2016

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2016.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of the ownership and management of hotels and bars. The company has operated nine hotel businesses during the year, all situated within the Cotswolds as follows:

The Bay Tree Hotel, Burford
The Bear of Rodborough Hotel, Stroud
The Broadway Hotel, Broadway
The Manor House Hotel, Moreton in Marsh
The Swan Hotel, Bibury
The Lamb Inn, Burford
The Hare and Hounds Hotel, Tetbury
The Close Hotel, Tetbury
The George, Cheltenham (acquired February 2016)

In addition the company operated the following 2 bars:

Utopia Bar, Birmingham Bar Epernay, Birmingham.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 30 September 2016.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 October 2015 to the date of this report.

Mr M T Horton Mrs P J Horton Mrs J P Barlow Mr P Davis Mrs N A Linington Mr G J Cleaver

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS for the year ended 30 September 2016

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES - continued

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Phoenix Business Associates Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Mr M T Horton - Director

18 May 2017

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF COTSWOLD INNS & HOTELS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Cotswold Inns & Hotels Limited for the year ended 30 September 2016 on pages seven to twenty seven. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on pages four and five, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

David R Hill F.C.C.A. (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Phoenix Business Associates Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants

Statutory Auditors

The Riding School House

Bulls Lane

Wishaw

Sutton Coldfield

West Midlands

B76 9QW

18 May 2017

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 30 September 2016

		30/9/16	30/9/15 as
	Notes	£	restated £
TURNOVER		19,639,876	19,001,652
Cost of sales		13,273,681	12,761,865
GROSS PROFIT		6,366,195	6,239,787
Administrative expenses		5,265,030	5,234,012
		1,101,165	1,005,775
Other operating income		<u>-</u>	198,934
OPERATING PROFIT	3	1,101,165	1,204,709
Interest receivable and similar income		461	4,271
		1,101,626	1,208,980
Interest payable and similar charges	5	408,735	377,436
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		692,891	831,544
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	147,254	854
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		545,637	830,690

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the year ended 30 September 2016

		30/9/16	30/9/15 as restated
	Notes	£	£
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		545,637	830,690
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Freehold property revaluation moveme Income tax relating to other comprehensive income	nt	113,669 	(1,172,838)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME TA	ΑX	113,669	(1,172,838)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		659,306	(342,148)

COTSWOLD INNS & HOTELS LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 03309179)

BALANCE SHEET 30 September 2016

		30/9	9/16	30/9 as res	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Intangible assets Tangible assets	8 9		1,864,203 34,872,988		2,045,776 31,425,468
			36,737,191		33,471,244
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank	10 11	222,836 1,043,860 2,627,273		224,858 808,852 1,893,257	
CREDITORS		3,893,969		2,926,967	
Amounts falling due within one year	12	5,413,107		6,370,252	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(1,519,138)		(3,443,285)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			35,218,053		30,027,959
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than or year	ne 13		(13,569,477)		(8,925,020)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	17		(1,059,169)		(1,172,838)
NET ASSETS			20,589,407		19,930,101
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Retained earnings	18 19 19		12,050,000 9,996,005 (1,456,598)		12,050,000 9,882,336 (2,002,235)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			20,589,407		19,930,101

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 18 May 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr M T Horton - Director

Mrs P J Horton - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 30 September 2016

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Revaluation reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 October 2014	12,050,000	(2,832,925)	11,055,174	20,272,249
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		830,690	(1,172,838)	(342,148)
Balance at 30 September 2015	12,050,000	(2,002,235)	9,882,336	19,930,101
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		545,637	113,669	659,306
Balance at 30 September 2016	12,050,000	(1,456,598)	9,996,005	20,589,407

CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 30 September 2016

		30/9/16	30/9/15
			as restated
	Notes	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities	5		
Cash generated from operations	1	2,720,187	2,584,705
Interest paid		(407,715)	(376,416)
Interest element of hire purchase			
payments paid		(1,020)	(1,020)
Tax paid		(854)	-
Net cash from operating activities		2,310,598	2,207,269
Cash flows from investing activities	•	(435,000)	
Purchase of intangible fixed assets		(125,000) (4,883,769)	(1.076.446)
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets		346,698	(1,976,446) 4,708
Interest received		461	4,271
THE TOOL TOOL TOOL TOOL TOOL TOOL TOOL TOO			
Net cash from investing activities		(4,661,610)	(1,967,467)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Net loan (repayments) inflows	•	3,088,736	(755,950)
Net inflows from new contracts		(3,708)	(3,708)
Net cash from financing activities		3,085,028	(759,658)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cas	h equivalents	734,016	(519,856)
Cash and cash equivalents at			
beginning of year	2	1,893,257	2,413,113
Cach and each equivalents at and o			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of	2	2 627 272	1 002 257
year	4	2,627,273 ————	1,893,257

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 30 September 2016

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

OF ENATIONS		
	30/9/16	30/9/15
		as
		restated
•	£	£
Profit before taxation	692,891	831,544
Depreciation charges	1,514,121	1,391,288
(Profit)/loss on disposal of fixed assets	(117,998)	3,818
Finance costs	408,735	377,436
Finance income	(461)	(4,271)
	2,497,288	2,599,815
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	2,022	(3,763)
Increase in trade and other debtors	(235,008)	(42,058)
Increase in trade and other creditors	455,885	30,711
Cash generated from operations	2,720,187	2,584,705

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 30 September 2016

Cash and cash equivalents	30/9/16 £ 3.637.273	1/10/15 £
Cash and Cash equivalents	2,627,273	1,893,257
Year ended 30 September 2015		
·	30/9/15	1/10/14
	as rest	ated
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	1,893,257	2,194,413
Bank overdrafts		218,700
	1,893,257	2,413,113

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 September 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The company has net current liabilities at the balance sheet date. However the majority of this is due to bank borrowings which are secured against the various hotel properties. The company enjoys a good working relationship with its bankers and, given that the company has significant overall net assets, the directors believe that the going concern basis of preparation is appropriate.

Significant judgements and estimates

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have made the following judgements:

Leases

Determine whether leases entered into by the company either as a lessor or a lessee are operating or lease or finance leases. These decisions depend on an assessment of whether the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred from the lessor to the lessee on a lease by lease basis.

Impairment reviews

Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the company's tangible and intangible assets, including goodwill. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets, other than investment properties, are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values as well as the annual maintenance expenditure on the hotels.

Stock/inventories

Inventories contain an inherent risk factor relating to returns which necessitates both a returns provision to be estimated along with any necessary warranty provision. Management review these provisions on a monthly basis at Board level and perform detailed reviewing procedures to ensure that any provisions required are, in their judgement, sufficient and consistently applied.

Due to to the nature of the entity's trade, provisions for slow-moving and obsolete stocks are made and reviewed on a monthly basis also.

Financial instruments & derivatives

Management undertake regular reviews of various financial instruments used by the company to manage its foreign currency trading risk to ensure that these are correctly identified, classified and valued. In addition, management regularly review other financing arrangements such as loans between group companies and its directors to ensure that these are also correctly identified as financial instruments, classified correctly as such and then appropriately valued.

Trade debtors & creditors

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2016

Management review all trading debtor and creditor balances regularly and where there is any doubt as to the recoverability of debtors or payment of creditors, provision is made accordingly so as to ensure that the amounts at the balance sheet date are the recoverable fair value amounts.

Changes in accounting policies

The Directors have reviewed all of the company's existing accounting policies as part of the transition to Financial Reporting Standard 102. In accordance with the requirements of FRS102 the company has changed its accounting policy to comply with the new regulations and now provides deferred tax on any property revaluation reserve.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding Value Added Tax) derived from the provision of goods and services to customers. It is attributable to one continuing activity which is the principal activity of the company.

Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising on business combinations in respect of acquisitions before 1 October 1998, when Financial Reporting Standard 10: Goodwill and Intangible assets was adopted, was written off to reserves in the year of acquisition. When a subsequent disposal occurs, any related goodwill previously written off to reserves is written back through the profit and loss account as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

Purchased goodwill (representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the separable net assets acquired) arising on business combinations in respect of acquisitions since 1 October 1998 is capitalised. Positive goodwill is amortised to nil by equal annual instalments over its useful life, estimated by the directors, of 20 years. The Directors have reviewed this policy on transition to FRS102 reporting standards and are confident that this amortisation policy accurately reflects the life of the goodwill particularly with reference to the existing goodwill on transition which is nearing the end of its period of write off and the hotels are still enjoying success which bears out the policy.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Freehold property and land
Short leasehold
Fixtures and fittings
- Straight line over 300 years
over the period of the lease
at varying rates on cost

Motor vehicles - 25% on cost

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Deferred tax

Deferred taxation is no provided for under the provisions of FRS102 on the full provision method for all timing differences. This represents a major departure from previous requirements concerning property valuations and provision of tax thereon. Under previous UK GAAP, provision was only required when there was a legally binding contract for sale of a property. The new accounting legislation requires full provision on all timing differences and consequently the company now makes full provision for all such timing differences and including deferred tax on property revaluations.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a "finance lease". The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated over its estimated useful life. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included in creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

All other leases are accounted for as "operating leases" and the rental charges are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Holiday pay accrual

A liability is recognised to the extent of any unused holiday pay entitlement which has accrued at the balance sheet date and carried forward to future periods. This is measured at the undiscounted salary cost of the future holiday entitlement so accrued at the balance sheet date.

2. STAFF COSTS

	30/9/16	30/9/15
		as
	•	restated
	£	£
Wages and salaries	7,546,027	7,030,935
Social security costs	605,395	574,107
Other pension costs	187,700	174,541
	8,339,122	7,779,583
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows	S :	
	30/9/16	30/9/15
		as
		restated
Office management	35	33
Bar & hotel staff	374	386
	409	419

3. **OPERATING PROFIT**

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	30/9/16	30/9/15
		as
		restated
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	1,206,004	1,205,070
Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts	1,545	4,635
(Profit)/loss on disposal of fixed assets	(117,998)	3,818
Goodwill amortisation	306,573	181,573
Auditors' remuneration - Audit fee	16,750	16,500
Auditors' remuneration - Other services	3,495	3,325

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2016

3. **OPERATING PROFIT - continued**

Directors' remuneration	569,985	668,839
Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:		
	30/9/16	30/9/15 as restated
	£	£
Emoluments etc	154,910	208,947

4. EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS

During the year the company purchased The George Hotel Limited. As at the date of purchase goodwill amounting to £125,000 was acquired. The Board of Directors have, since the balance sheet date and before date of approval of these accounts, made the decision to sell the assets of the acquired hotel. Consequently, as the goodwill has no economic benefit to the company, this was subjected to an impairment review and written off to the profit and loss account during the year.

5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	30/9/16	30/9/15
		as
		restated
	£	£
Bank loan & overdraft interest	407,715	376,211
Trustees loan interest	-	205
Hire purchase interest	1,020	1,020
	408,735	377,436

6. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge

The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:

,	30/9/10	30/9/13
		as
		restated
	£	£
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax	147,254	854
, p		
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	147,254	854
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2016

6. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

	30/9/16	30/9/15 as restated
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	692,891	831,544
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of		
corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20%)	138,578	166,309
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	28,990
Income not taxable for tax purposes	•	(9,357)
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	85,665	59,737
Utilisation of tax losses	(31,005)	(186,319)
Revenue expenses capitalised	(15,393)	(24,191)
Allowable purchased goodwill leased assets	(34,315)	(34,315)
Capital gains tax on property disposal	3,724	
Total tax charge	147,254	854

7. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

The company has made transitional adjustments under the new reporting requirements of FRS102. A deferred tax provision has been calculated at the date of transition and the prior year comparatives amended for such.

8. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Goodwill £
COST At 1 October 2015 Additions	3,585,701 125,000
At 30 September 2016	3,710,701
AMORTISATION At 1 October 2015 Amortisation for year	1,539,925 306,573
At 30 September 2016	1,846,498
NET BOOK VALUE At 30 September 2016	1,864,203
At 30 September 2015	2,045,776

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2016

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold		Fixtures		
	property	Short	and	Motor	
	and land	leasehold	fittings	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£	£	£
COST OR VALUATION					
At 1 October 2015	31,897,323	36,838	10,084,022	93,302	42,111,485
Additions	3,284,850	-	1,598,919	-	4,883,769
Disposals	(235,000)			<u>-</u>	(235,000)
At 30 September 2016	34,947,173	36,838	11,682,941	93,302	46,760,254
DEPRECIATION			,		
At 1 October 2015	2,870,310	13,840	7,715,030	86,837	10,686,017
Charge for year	303,920	2,206	897,200	4,223	1,207,549
Eliminated on disposal	(6,300)	-	<u>-</u>	-	(6,300)
At 30 September 2016	3,167,930	16,046	8,612,230	91,060	11,887,266
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 30 September 2016	31,779,243	20,792	3,070,711	2,242	34,872,988
At 30 September 2015	29,027,013	22,998	2,368,992	6,465	31,425,468
	=======================================				

Cost or valuation at 30 September 2016 is represented by:

	Freehold property and land £	Short leasehold £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
Valuation in 2008	5,567,230	-	-	-	5,567,230
Valuation in 2009	1,481,137	-	-	-	1,481,137
Valuation in 2014	4,006,807	•	-	-	4,006,807
Cost	23,891,999	36,838	11,682,941	93,302	35,705,080
	34,947,173	36,838	11,682,941	93,302	46,760,254

If freehold land and buildings had not been revalued they would have been included at the following historical cost:

Cost	30/9/16 £ 23,891,999	30/9/15 as restated £ 20,842,149
Aggregate depreciation	739,668	660,028
Value of land in freehold land and buildings	3,006,418	2,216,612

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2016

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Freehold land and buildings were last valued and included in the 2014 accounts at market value by Messrs. Fleurets, Chartered Surveyors, on an existing use basis, assuming that the properties are fully equipped as operational entities and having regard to trading potential and on the assumption that full vacant possession is available.

The valuation complied with the provisions of the global edition of the RICS Valuation - Professional Standards 2014 (incorporating the International Valuation Standards), published in January 2014 by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS).

The company has taken advantage of exemptions allowed under FRS102 upon transition to the new reporting framework and has adopted the latest valuation as the deemed cost for the properties.

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

			Motor vehicles £
	COST OR VALUATION		~
	At 1 October 2015		
	and 30 September 2016		18,540
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 October 2015		16,995
	Charge for year		1,545
	At 30 September 2016		18,540
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 30 September 2016		
	At 30 September 2015		1,545
10.	STOCKS		
		30/9/16	30/9/15
			as restated
		£	£
	Food and liquor	202,210	203,065
	Consumables	20,626	21,793
		222,836	224,858
11.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		30/9/16	30/9/15
			as
		£	restated £
	Trade debtors	225,408	207,532
	Other debtors	18,357	12,548
	Prepayments and accrued income	800,095	588,772
		1,043,860	808,852

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2016

12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ON	NE YEAR
--	---------

12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		30/9/16	30/9/15
		00.0.00	as
			restated
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 14)	1,221,322	2,778,280
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 15)	1,236	3,708
	Trade creditors	1,416,558	1,220,341
	Corporation tax payable	147,254	854
	Social security and other taxes	178,838	185,488
	VAT	545,107	482,295
	Other creditors	1,213,675	1,000,573
	Wages control account	236,822	304,829
	Accruals and deferred income	452,295	393,884
		5,413,107	6,370,252
13.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		·
		30/9/16	30/9/15
		00.0.10	as
			restated
	•	£	£
	Bank loans (see note 14)	13,569,477	8,923,784
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 15)	-	1,236
	Time parended contracte (coo note to)		
		13,569,477	8,925,020
		====	
14.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the south of the section is a		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		00/0/40	00/0/45
		30/9/16	30/9/15
			as
		•	restated
	A manusata fallinas duna villatina anno visa anno de servido	£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	4 004 000	0.770.000
	Bank loans	1,221,322	2,778,280
	Amounts falling due hotween one and two veges		
	Amounts falling due between one and two years:	2 024 470	040.540
	Bank loans	3,031,170	813,543
	Amounts falling due between two and five years		
	Amounts falling due between two and five years:	4 220 400	0.007.070
	Bank loans	4,330,100	2,687,973
	Amounts falling due in more than five years:		
	Amounts failing due in more than live years.		
	Repayable by instalments		
	Bank loans	6,208,207	5,422,268
		U.ZUO.ZU/	0 4// /00
	Daint loans	===	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2016

15. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:

	30/9/16	30/9/15 as restated
Alat abligations ranguable.	£	£
Net obligations repayable: Within one year	1,236	3,708
Between one and five years	<u>-</u>	1,236
	<u>1,236</u>	4,944

16. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	30/9/16	30/9/15 as restated
	£	f
Bank loans	14,790,799	11,702,064
Hire purchase contracts	1,236	4,944
	14,792,035	11,707,008

The bank loans and overdraft are secured by way of a fixed charge over The Lamb Inn, The Swan Hotel, The Manor House Hotel, The Broadway Hotel, The Hare & Hounds Hotel, The Bay Tree Hotel, The Bear of Rodborough Hotel, The Close Hotel, 17 Fosseway Avenue, Moreton, 2a Frethern Close, Burton, 6 Jubilee Court, Bibury and a floating charge over the company's assets.

As at the year end the company had the following facilities:

Loan 1 - £2,000,000 drawn down in December 2008. Capital repayment holiday until April 2010. Interest fixed at 4.87% per annum until 18th March 2016. Prior to the year end the company renegotiated this loan which will commence on 18th March 2016 at a rate of 3.60% per annum until 18th March 2025;

Loan 2 - £2,000,000 drawn down in January 2009. Capital repayment holiday until May 2010. Following refinancing the interest rate was fixed at 3.80% per annum for 7 years from April 2014;

Loan 3 - £2,000,000 drawn down in January 2009. Capital repayment holiday until May 2010. The loan was refinanced on 7th April 2015 on £1,444,485 at a rate of 3,54% fixed until 7th April 2025:

Loan 4 - £1,850,000 drawn down in February 2009. Capital repayment holiday until June 2010. Interest fixed at base rate plus 1.25% for 180 consecutive months:

Loan 5 - £4,000,000 drawn down in January 2009. Reviewed in May 2011 so as to be £2,000,000 interest only and £2,000,000 capital and interest repayment. Interest charged at base rate plus 1.50%. Repayments to be made over 180 months;

Loan 6 - £2,500,000 drawn down in June 2013. Interest has been fixed at a rate of 3.98% for 60 consecutive months:

Loan 7 - £500,000 drawn down February 2014. Interest has been fixed at a rate of 4.02% for 5 years.

Loan 8 - £4,000,000 drawn down February 2016. Interest at 2 year variable rate of 2% above Base Rate. Forward fix commences on 1st February 2018 on £3,549,358 fixed for 10 years until 1st February 2028 at 3.87%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2016

17. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

THOUSIGNOT ON EIRBIETTES	30/9/16	30/9/15 as restated
Deferred tax	1,059,169 ————	£ 1,172,838
		Deferred tax £
Balance at 1 October 2015 Revaluation reserve transfer		1,172,838 (113,669)
Balance at 30 September 2016		1,059,169

In accordance with the requirements of FRS102 the company now makes a provision for deferred tax based on the valuation of property compared to its tax base cost. The deferred tax provision as at the 30 September 2016 represents tax on potential capital gains should the company sell those assets at valuation.

The rate of corporation tax has been reduced to 19% with effect from 1 April 2017 and further reductions will see this fall to 17% by 2020.

18. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issue	ed and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	30/9/16	30/9/15 as restated
			£	£
12,050,000	Ordinary	£1	12,050,000	12,050,000
RESERVES				
•		Retained	Revaluation	
		earnings	reserve	Totals
		£	£	£
At 1 October	2015	(2,002,235)	9,882,336	7,880,101
Profit for the	year	545,637		545,637
Deferred tax	release		113,669	113,669
At 30 Septem	nber 2016	(1,456,598)	9,996,005	8,539,407
	Number: 12,050,000 RESERVES At 1 October Profit for the Deferred tax	12,050,000 Ordinary	Number: Class: Nominal value: 12,050,000 Ordinary RESERVES Retained earnings £ At 1 October 2015 Profit for the year Deferred tax release Nominal value: (2,002,235)	Number: Class: Nominal value: 30/9/16 12,050,000 Ordinary £1 12,050,000 RESERVES Retained earnings £ Revaluation reserve £ At 1 October 2015 (2,002,235) 9,882,336 Profit for the year 545,637 113,669 Deferred tax release - 113,669

20. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has a commitment as a guarantor on a lease arrangement with a maximum commencement value of £74,945. The amount of any liability which may ultimately fall due to be paid by the company reduces on a monthly basis and the lease expires in February 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2016

21. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Cleaver Cook LLP

A limited liability partnership of which G J Cleaver is a partner.

The company was charged for services provided on normal commercial terms by Cleaver Cook LLP during the year amounting to £20,570 (2015: £24,849).

At the balance sheet date the company owed £0 (2015 : £8,558) to Cleaver Cook LLP.

Tivoli Inns Limited

A company of which a son of the directors is a director and shareholder

During the year the company provided goods and services on normal commercial terms to Tivoli Inns Limited amounting to £2,486 (2015: £4,458). All amounts were settled at the balance sheet date.

Cropthorne Inns

A partnership controlled by M T Horton and P J Horton

The company provided goods and services to Cropthorne Inns to the value of £49,297 (2015 : £64,269).

	30/9/16	30/9/15
		as
		restated
	£	£
Amount due from related party at the balance sheet date	1,384	2,516
	===	

WMT Pension Fund

A pension fund of which M T Horton and P J Horton are beneficiaries

WMT Pension Fund charged rent to the company of £50,000 (2015 : £40,000).

	30/9/16	30/9/15
		as
		restated
	£	£
Amount due to related party at the balance sheet date	<u>-</u>	12,000
		

Hortons' Estates Limited

A company in which M T Horton has an interest

The company bought goods and services from Hortons' Estates Limited during the year totalling £0 (2015 : £0).

Cornex Limited

A company which is wholly owned by Hortons' Estates Limited

A licensed unit at Innovation Square is leased to the company by Cornex Limited. The amounts charged during the year amounted to £23,624 (2015 : £92,815)

Louisa Horton

A daughter of the directors

The company bought goods from Louisa Horton during the year amounting to £1,485 (2015: £1,122).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 September 2016

21. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES - continued

Lypiatt Estates Limited

A company of which M T Horton & P J Horton are directors & shareholders

The company bought goods and services from Lypiatt Estates Limited during the year amounting to £0 (2015: £4,603).

The company sold goods and services to Lypiatt Estates Limited during the year amounting to £0 (2015: £5,862).

	30/9/16	30/9/15
	•	as
		restated
	£	£
Amounts written off during the year	•	140,579

22. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The Board of Directors have, since the balance sheet date and before date of approval of these accounts, made the decision to sell The George Hotel. Initial marketing of the hotel has commenced but at the date of approval of these accounts no legally binding contract for sale existed.

23. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is M J Horton and P J Horton.

24. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

These are the first financial statements prepared under the new Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

The Directors have assessed those areas where the new Financial Reporting Standard may have had an impact on transition. There have been no such transitional adjustments necessary as a result of the transition.

The Directors, having previously had the company carry its freehold properties at a market value, have taken advantage of a transitional relief available to the company and have adopted the latest valuation included in the 30 September 2014 accounts as a "Deemed Cost" as allowed under Section 35 of Financial Reporting Standard 102. The company will depreciate the relevant part of Freehold Buildings using the accounting policy as stated and will transfer any excess depreciation from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account.

FRS102 requires a deferred tax provision to be made on a full provision basis meaning that tax at the prevailing rate has to be provided by comparing the carrying value of property at its valuation with its original cost, any enhancement expenditure and indexation allowances available. At the date of transition this provision amounted to £1,307,799 and was brought into the comparative figures for the year ended 30 September 2015.

RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY 1 October 2014 (DATE OF TRANSITION TO FRS 102)

	Notes	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102 £	FRS 102 £
FIXED ASSETS				
Intangible assets	6	2,227,349	-	2,227,349
Tangible assets	7	30,667,253	-	30,667,253
		32,894,602	-	32,894,602
CURRENT ASSETS	•			
Stocks	8	221,095	-	221,095
Debtors	9	901,498	-	901,498
Cash at bank		2,194,413	-	2,194,413
		3,317,006		3,317,006
				
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within on	e vear 10	(6,231,955)	_	(6,231,955)
3 .	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		•	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	3	(2,914,949)	-	(2,914,949)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CUR LIABILITIES	RENT	29,979,653	_	29,979,653
CREDITORS				
Amounts falling due after mor year	re than one 11	(9,707,404)		(9,707,404)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILIT	IES	-	(1,307,799)	(1,307,799)
	•			
NET ASSETS		20,272,249	(1,307,799)	18,964,450
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up share capital		12,050,000	-	12,050,000
Revaluation reserve		11,055,174	(1,307,799)	9,747,375
Retained earnings		(2,832,925)	-	(2,832,925)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		20,272,249	(1,307,799)	18,964,450

RECONCILIATION OF EQUITY - continued 30 September 2015

	Notes	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102 £	FRS 102 £
FIXED ASSETS	Mores	L	Ł	L
Intangible assets Tangible assets	6 7	2,045,776 31,425,468		2,045,776 31,425,468
-		33,471,244	-	33,471,244
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks Debtors Cash at bank	8 9	224,858 808,852 1,893,257	- -	224,858 808,852 1,893,257
Cash at bank		1,093,237		1,093,237
		2,926,967	-	2,926,967
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	10	(6,370,252)	<u>-</u> .	(6,370,252)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(3,443,285)	<u> </u>	(3,443,285)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		30,027,959	-	30,027,959
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than on year	e 11	(8,925,020)	_	(8,925,020)
y 00.	• •	(0,020,020)		(0,020,020)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(1,172,838)	(1,172,838)
NET ASSETS		21,102,939	(1,172,838)	19,930,101
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Retained earnings		12,050,000 11,055,174 (2,002,235)	(1,172,838)	12,050,000 9,882,336 (2,002,235)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		21,102,939	(1,172,838)	19,930,101
				

Notes to the reconciliation of equity

As at the date of transition the company was required under the provisions of FRS102 to include a deferred tax provision on its previously revalued properties which are now being carried at that valuation as a deemed cost. At the date of transition this provision amounted to £1,307,799 and as at 30th September 2015 this provision amounted to £1,172,838.

RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT for the year ended 30 September 2015

	UK GAAP £	Effect of transition to FRS 102 £	FRS 102 £
TURNOVER	19,001,652	-	19,001,652
Cost of sales	(12,761,865)	-	(12,761,865)
GROSS PROFIT Administrative expenses Other operating income	6,239,787 (5,234,012) 198,934	- - -	6,239,787 (5,234,012) 198,934
OPERATING PROFIT Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	1,204,709 4,271 (377,436)	- - -	1,204,709 4,271 (377,436)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities	831,544 (854)	-	831,544 (854)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	830,690	-	830,690