REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 FOR MILSPEED LIMITED

ATURDAY



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COMPANY INFORMATION for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

DIRECTORS:

I J Milhench Mrs F Milhench

SECRETARY:

I J Milhench

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Willow Court Industrial Park Bourton On The Water

Gloucestershire GL54 2HQ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03304485 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Hazlewoods LLP Staverton Court Staverton Cheltenham. GL51 0UX

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2019.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The outbreak of COVID-19 has given rise to inevitable uncertainties for the company. The results for the year ended 31 December 2019 are unaffected by the outbreak as the financial statements are prepared to a date before COVID-19 was identified. All significant balances in the accounts at 31 December 2019 have been reviewed by the directors in the light of COVID-19 but no adjustments have been deemed necessary.

The year ended 31 December 2020 started well but revenues since the COVID-19 outbreak have been significantly lower. The directors have taken steps to enable the company to continue to trade on lower revenues by reducing costs and overheads where possible. The wages of employees who were unable to work during the initial COVID-19 lockdown were largely covered by the Government Furlough scheme. The company has taken out a Coronavirus Business Interruption Loan to finance an identified shortfall in cash flow. The directors have also agreed extended credit terms with certain suppliers and with the company's bankers on some if its routine trade loans.

At the date of this report, revenues are steadily increasing and there is strong evidence to suggest they will continue to do so during 2021. During the quieter period the company has been working on a number of new business areas involving reprocessing which will come to fruition in the early part of 2021 further adding to revenues.

DIRECTORS

I J Milhench has held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2019 to the date of this report.

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

Mrs F Milhench - appointed 1 January 2019

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company's financial instruments comprise short and long term bank loans and bank overdraft. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance to fund the company's operations. The company has other financial instruments such as trade debtors and trade creditors which arise directly from operations.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

GOING CONCERN

Having reviewed the company's current forecasts and projections together with the facilities available to the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. These accounts have therefore been prepared on the basis that the company will continue as a going concern. This statement is made subject to all of the implications of the current COVID-19 outbreak on the company's trade, employees, customers, suppliers and the wider economy, as these are difficult to evaluate. Actual results could therefore be significantly different from the current forecasts and projections.

IMPORTANT NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE FINANCIAL PERIOD

Post year end, a Coronavirus Business Interruption Loan of £1,100,000 has been obtained. The pandemic is considered an event which is indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting period and as such, no adjustments have been made in the financial statements as at 31 December 2019 due to the impact of the pandemic.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of

which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Hazlewoods LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

I J Milhench - Secretary

Date: 16 December 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MILSPEED LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Milspeed Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to note 2 to the financial statements which describes the significant judgement made by management in relation to the recoverability of amounts owed by a subsidiary undertaking, Milspeed (India) Private Limited. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern. For example, it is difficult to evaluate all of the potential implications of the current Covid-19 outbreak on the company's trade, employees, customers, suppliers and the wider economy.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors and Financial Statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MILSPEED LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Fussell (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Hazlewoods LLP, Statutory Auditor Staverton Court Staverton Cheltenham GL51 0UX

Date: 17 December 2020

INCOME STATEMENT for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

	Notes	2019 £	2018 £
TURNOVER		12,064,241	9,350,054
Cost of sales		9,295,109	7,081,640
GROSS PROFIT		2,769,132	2,268,414
Administrative expenses	•	2,355,605	2,062,647
		413,527	205,767
Other operating income		130,272	117,595
OPERATING PROFIT	4	543,799	323,362
Interest payable and similar expenses		83,887	71,599
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		459,912	251,763
Tax on profit	5	55,245	(13,307)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		404,667	265,070

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

	Notes 2019	2018 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	404,66	7 265,070
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Deferred tax on revalued assets Income tax relating to other comprehensive	20,23	4 26,715
income		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME TAX	R	26,715
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOI THE YEAR	2424,90	<u>291,785</u>

MILSPEED LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 03304485)

BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2019

		2019)	2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	_				
Intangible assets Tangible assets	7		1		6,826
Investments	8 9		1,111,329		876,299
mvesunenes	9		66,220		116,833
	,		1,177,550		999,958
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		4,223,561		3,432,544	
Debtors	10	2,298,908		2,058,262	
Cash at bank and in hand		216,253		133,266	
•				<u> </u>	
		6,738,722		5,624,072	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	11	4,172,325		3,366,293	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			2,566,397		2,257,779
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			3,743,947		3,257,737
			- •		, ,
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(224,093)		-
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	15		(420 626)		(292 960)
1 ROVISIONS FOR EIABILITIES	1,5		<u>(429,626)</u>		(382,860)
NET ASSETS			3,090,228		2,874,877
					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			2,500		2,500
Undistributable reserve			352,249		438,515
Capital redemption reserve			2,500		2,500
Retained earnings			2,732,979		2,431,362
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		٠	3,090,228		2,874,877

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 16 December 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

I J Milhench - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Undistributable reserve £	Capital redemption reserve	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2018	2,898	2,425,782	518,300	2,102	2,949,082
Changes in equity Repurchase of own shares Depreciation on revaluation Depreciation transfer – tax Profit for the period Dividends	(398)	(316,490) 106,500 - 265,070 (49,500)	(106,500) 26,715 -	398	(316,490) 26,715 265,070 (49,500)
Balance at 31 December 2018	2,500	2,431,362	438,515	2,500	2,874,877
Changes in equity Depreciation on revaluation Depreciation transfer – tax Profit for the year Dividends	· - -	106,500 - 404,667 (209,550)	(106,500) 20,234 - -	- - - -	20,234 404,667 (209,550)
Balance at 31 December 2019	2,500	2,732,979	352,249	2,500	3,090,228

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Milspeed Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Having reviewed the company's current forecasts and projections together with the facilities available to the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. These accounts have therefore been prepared on the basis that the company will continue as a going concern. This statement is made subject to all of the implications of the current COVID-19 outbreak on the company's trade, employees, customers, suppliers and the wider economy, as these are difficult to evaluate. Actual results could therefore be significantly different from the current forecasts and projections.

Significant judgements and estimates

Included within debtors in note 10 of these financial statements is £825,654 owed by Milspeed (India) Private Limited, a subsidiary undertaking. The balance arises in respect of stock purchased from the company and subsequently sold to the Indian market. Credit terms in India are substantially longer than those in the UK. Management are confident that debtor and stock balances reported by Milspeed (India) Private Limited are recoverable in full, at which point it is expected that amounts due from Milspeed (India) Private Limited will be recovered.

Turnovei

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business, is being amortised over its estimated useful life of 5 years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Improvements to property - in accordance with the lease term

Plant and machinery - 20% on reducing balance and 10% on cost

Fixtures and fittings - 20% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

Computer equipment - 33% on cost

Plant and machinery was revalued on an open market value basis on 31 December 2014 by professional valuers. The revalued amount has been taken as the deemed cost on transition to FRS102.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost less impairment.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Financial instruments

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the transaction price including transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Research and development

Expenditure on research and development is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Restoration provision

The company is under a legal obligation to remove its extruder machine and make good at the end of the lease in February

The directors have estimated the cost of this, and this cost has been capitalised as a fixed asset within 'Plant and machinery' and a corresponding restoration provision created.

The capitalised cost of restoration is depreciated equally over the lease term.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 31 (2018 - 29).

4. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	209,641	185,576
Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts	72,174	-
Goodwill amortisation	6,825	10,000
Impairment of subsidiary	50,613	-
Auditors remuneration	10 <u>,500</u>	_10,000
Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Goodwill amortisation Impairment of subsidiary	72,174 6,825	10,

2019

2018

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

5. TAXATION

	Analysis of the tax charge/(credit) The tax charge/(credit) on the profit for the year was as follows:			
	The tax charge (credit) on the profit for the year was as follows:		2019	2018
	· 0		£	£
	Current tax: UK corporation tax			10.000
	Over provision previous year		(11,755)	10,000 (27,307)
	Over provision previous year		(11,755)	(27,307)
	Total current tax	•	(11,755)	(17,307)
	Deferred tax		67,000	4,000
	Tax on profit		55,245	(13,307)
	Tax effects relating to effects of other comprehensive income			
	6			
		O	2019 To	NI-4
		Gross £	Tax £	Net £
	Deferred tax on revalued assets	20,234		20,234
			. 	
			2018	
		Gross	Tax	Net
		£	£	£
	Deferred tax on revalued assets	26,715	<u> </u>	26,715
6.	DIVIDENDS			
			2019 £	2018 £
	Ordinary shares shares of £1 each		~	~
	Interim and final		209,550	49,500
	•			
7.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
				Goodwill £
	COST			
	At 1 January 2019			
	and 31 December 2019			50,000
	AMORTISATION			
	At 1 January 2019			43,174
	Amortisation for year			6,825
	At 31 December 2019			49,999
	NET BOOK VALUE			*
	At 31 December 2019			1
	At 31 December 2018			6,826

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

COOM	Improvements to property £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £
COST At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals	74,773 - 	1,903,897 512,460	12,647
At 31 December 2019	74,773	2,416,357	12,647
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2019 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal	54,225 4,104	1,060,374 268,723	11,107 312
At 31 December 2019	58,329	1,329,097	11,419
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2019	16,444	1,087,260	1,228
At 31 December 2018	20,548	843,523	1,540
COST	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals	22,593 - 	33,974 4,385 (1,816)	2,047,884 516,845 (1,816)
At 31 December 2019	22,593	36,543	2,562,913
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2019 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal	18,581 1,008 ———————————————————————————————————	27,298 7,668 (1,816)	1,171,585 281,815 (1,816)
At 31 December 2019	19,589	33,150	1,451,584
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2019	3,004	3,393	1,111,329
At 31 December 2018	4,012	6,676	<u>876,299</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

COOM	Plant and machinery £
COST Additions	360,869
At 31 December 2019	360,869
DEPRECIATION Charge for year	72,174
At 31 December 2019	72,174
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2019	288,695

9. **FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS**

THE ASSET INVESTIGENTS	Shares in group undertakings £
COST At 1 January 2019 Impairments	116,833 (50,613)
At 31 December 2019	66,220
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2019	66,220
At 31 December 2018	116,833

The company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Milspeed S.A. (Proprietary) Limited Registered office: South Africa

Nature of business: Importers and exporters

holding Class of shares: 80.00 Ordinary

Milspeed (India) Private Limited

Registered office: India

Nature of business: Importers and exporters

% Class of shares: holding 98.00 Ordinary

An impairment loss has been recognised against the carrying value of Milspeed India to reflect the balance sheet value of Milspeed India being below the original cost of the shares. The impairment loss during the year ended 31 December 2019 is £50,613.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

	July 2011 2010000 2012		
10.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	•	2019	2018
	T. 1.11.	£	£
	Trade debtors	915,194	773,994
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	915,344	881,356
	Outer debions	468,370	402,912
		2,298,908	2,058,262
11.	CRÉDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	2,554,697	2,474,343
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	84,447	2,474,545
	Trade creditors	1,209,640	662,707
	Taxation and social security	43,786	51,013
	Other creditors	279,755	<u>178,230</u>
		4,172,325	3,366,293
		4,172,323	
12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
	***	£	Ę
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	224,093	
13.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Add to the second secon		
	Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:		
		Hire purch	ase contracts
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Net obligations repayable:	84,447	
	Within one year Between one and five years	224,093	-
	between one and rive years		
		308,540	-
		·	
	6.1.256.997	(2018:£1 506 300	.,
	At the year end the company had total commitments under operating leases of £1,256,887	(2016 £1,570,500	,,,.
14.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:	•	
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank overdrafts	250,178	143,864
	Bank loans	2,304,519	2,330,479
	Other loans	23,611 308 540	22,487
	Hire purchase contracts	308,540	

Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a fixed and floating charge on the assets of the company.

2,496,830

2,886,848

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

15. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	2019 £	2018 £
Deferred tax	179,626	132,860
Other provisions	250,000	250,000
	429,626	382,860
	Deferred	Restoration
	tax	provision
Balance at 1 January 2019	£ 132,860	£ 250,000
Provided during year	•	250,000
On revalued assets	67,000	-
Oli içvalucu assets	(20,234)	-
Balance at 31 December 2019	179,626	250,000

The deferred tax liability relates to accelerated capital allowances and deferred tax provided on the revaluation of assets.

16. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018:

	2019 £	2018 £
I J Milhench		
Balance outstanding at start of year	184,037	178,637
Amounts advanced	7,869	5,400
Amounts repaid		-
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	191,906	184,037

17. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The controlling party is I J Milhench.