Company Registration Number 3291415

MPE Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

31 January 2008

COMPANIES HOUSE

CLB COOPERS

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors Century House 11 St Peters Square Manchester **M2 3DN**

Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 31 January 2008

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO MPE LIMITED

UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts, together with the financial statements of MPE Limited for the year ended 31 January 2008 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and the auditor

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

Century House
11 St Peters Square

Manchester M2 3DN

24 September 2008

CLB Coopers
Chartered Accountants
& Registered Auditors

Abbreviated Balance Sheet

31 January 2008

	Note	2008 £	2007 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	2	83,288	112,103
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		405,971 545,611 12,841	390,082 642,059 32,521
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	3	964,423 (565,675)	1,064,662 (731,298)
Net current assets		398,748	333,364
Total assets less current liabilities		482,036	445,467
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(184,295) ———	(85,824)
		297,741	359,643
Capital and reserves Called-up equity share capital Share premium account Other reserves	5 6	14,626 36,849 162,875 83,391	21,126 36,849 156,375 145,293
Profit and loss account Shareholders' funds	v	297,741	359,643

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 24 September 2008, and are signed on their behalf by:

D H Seabury

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 31 January 2008

1. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced for goods supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

15% - 50% straight line

Fixtures & Fittings

20% straight line

Computers

33% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 31 January 2008

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. Fixed assets

	Tangible Assets £
Cost	0.002.700
At 1 February 2007	2,023,709
Additions	9,425
At 31 January 2008	2,033,134
At 31 dandary 2000	
Depreciation	
At 1 February 2007	1,911,606
Charge for year	38,240
At 31 January 2008	1,949,846
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Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 31 January 2008

2. Fixed assets (continued)

Net book value At 31 January 2008	83,288
At 31 January 2007	112,103

3. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due within one year are secured by the company:

tne company:	2008 £	2007 £
Invoice discounting advance secured against book debts	207	3,896
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4. Ultimate controlling party

During the current and preceding years the company was under the collective control of its directors who held 99.99% (2007: 99.99%) of the company's issued share capital.

5. Share capital

Authorised share capital:

	2008 £	2007 £
11,375 Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each 8,125 Ordinary 'B' shares of £1 each 6,500 Ordinary 'C' shares of £1 each 6,500 Ordinary 'D' shares of £1 each 1 Ordinary 'F' shares of £1 each	11,375 8,125 6,500 6,500	11,375 8,125 6,500 6,500
	32,501	32,501

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

2008		2007	
No	£	No	£
8,125	8,125	8,125	8,125
6,500	6,500	6,500	6,500
•	-	6,500	6,500
1	1	1	1
14,626	14,626	21,126	21,126
	No 8,125 6,500 1 14,626	No £ 8,125 8,125 6,500 6,500 1 1	No £ No 8,125 8,125 8,125 6,500 6,500 6,500 1 1 1 14,626 14,626 21,126

During the year the company purchased all of its own issued Ordinary 'D' share capital for a consideration of £155,000 accordingly an amount of £6,500 has been taken to the capital redemption reserve.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 31 January 2008

6. Profit and loss account

	2008 £	2007 £
Balance brought forward Profit for the financial year Purchase of own shares	145,293 93,098 (155,000)	275,753 107,286 (237,746)
Balance carried forward	83,391	145,293