Company Registration No. 3278122

Oxford Publishing Ventures Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2003

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Report and financial statements 2003

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Report and financial statements 2003

Officers and professional advisers

Directors

D J Smith A M Foye R G Horton J J G Conibear J S Thomasson

Secretary

J S Thomasson

Registered Office

Mortimer House 37-41 Mortimer Street London W1T 3JH

Auditors

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants Reading

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003.

Activities and Future Prospects

The principal activity of the company is to provide publishing services. On 31 January 2003 its trade and assets were transferred to other group companies and the company ceased to trade.

The value of the investment in BIOS Scientific Publishers Limited has been written down to its fair value.

The results for the year are set out on page 5. The company is not expected to trade for the foreseeable future.

The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend (2002: £nil).

Directors and their interests

The directors who served during the year and their interests in the company are as stated below:

MRHJO'Regan	(resigned 31 January 2003)
D M Phillips	(resigned 31 January 2003)
D J Smith	(appointed 31 January 2003)
A M Foye	(appointed 31 January 2003)
J S Thomasson	(appointed 31 January 2003)
R G Horton	(appointed 31 January 2003)
J J G Conibear	(appointed 31 January 2003)

None of the Directors who held office at the end of the year had any beneficial interests in the shares of the Company.

Mr J S Thomasson had a beneficial interest in nil ordinary shares and options over 49,372 ordinary shares in the ultimate parent company, Taylor & Francis Group plc, as at 31 December 2003 (2002: nil ordinary shares and options over 27,407 ordinary shares). 21,965 options were granted to Mr J S Thomasson during the year and no options were exercised.

The interests of the other Directors in the shares of Taylor & Francis Group plc are shown in the accounts of that company.

Post balance sheet event

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, following a merger between Taylor & Francis Group plc and Informa plc, the ultimate parent company changed from Taylor and Francis Group plc to T&F Informa plc.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditors

Deloitte & Touche LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

J S Thomasson Secretary

28 October 2004

Statement of directors' responsibilities

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Oxford Publishing Ventures Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Oxford Publishing Ventures Limited for the year ended 31 December 2003 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, and the related notes 1 to 16. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2003 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Deboth, Trule LLP

Reading

29 October 2004

Profit and loss account Year ended 31 December 2003

	Note	2003 £	2002 £
Turnover: discontinued operations Cost of sales	2	• • -	54,114 (102,539)
Gross loss		•	(48,425)
Administrative expenses: Exceptional charges: provision for amounts ow by group undertakings Exceptional charges: amounts written off investory of the description of the second of th		(971,639) (718,159) -	(53,707)
Total administrative expenses		(1,689,798)	(102,132)
Operating loss	3	(1,689,798)	(102,132)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	4 5		28,229 (17,016)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on loss on ordinary activities	6	- -	(90,919)
Loss for the year		(1,689,798)	(90,919)
Retained profit brought forward		139,631	230,550
Retained (loss)/profit carried forward		(1,550,167)	139,631

All results derive from discontinued operations.

There have been no recognised gains and losses attributable to the shareholders other than the result for the current and preceding financial year. Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses is shown.

Balance sheet 31 December 2003

No	te	2003 £	2002 £
ixed assets			
angible assets	7		8,238
vestments	8		718,159
		-	726,397
urrent assets			
ebtors	9		
falling due after more than one year		-	971,639
falling due within one year		-	47,219
		-	1,018,858
reditors: amounts falling due			
within one year	10	(311,943)	(67,400)
et current (liabilities)/assets		(311,943)	951,458
otal assets less current liabilities		(311,943)	1,677,855
reditors: amounts falling due after			
	11		(300,000)
et assets		(311,943)	1,377,855
			= ::-
	12	1.5.5	155
and approximation of the second			1,238,069
	13	(1,550,167)	139,631
otal equity shareholders' (deficit)/funds	14	(311,943)	1,377,855
et current (liabilities)/assets otal assets less current liabilities reditors: amounts falling due after more than one year et assets apital and reserves alled up share capital hare premium account rofit and loss account	11 12 13	(311,943) (311,943) (311,943) (311,943) 155 1,238,069 (1,550,16°)	951 1,677 (300 1,377 1,238 139

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 October 2004.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

J S Thomasson

Director

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 31 December 2003

1. Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The particular accounting policies adopted are described below and have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off cost less residual value over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Plant and machinery

331/3%

Leasing

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value.

Taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Group accounts

The company is entitled to the exemption under Section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 from the obligation to prepare group accounts. The accounts present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not its group.

Financial Reporting Standard 1 - Cashflow Statement

The Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cashflow statement since it is included in the results of Taylor & Francis Group plc, whose accounts are publicly available.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2003

2. Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the previous year was derived from its principal activity which is wholly undertaken in the UK.

3. Operating loss

	2003	2002 £
	£	
Operating loss is after charging		
Amounts written off investments (see		
note 8)	718,159	
Depreciation and other amounts written		
off tangible assets	-	14,443
Auditors' remuneration	-	6,865
		

Auditors' remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2003 has been borne by another group undertaking.

4. Interest receivable and similar income

7.	interest receivable and similar medice		
		2003 £	2002 £
	Other interest	-	28,229
5.	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2003	2002
		£	£
	On loans	-	17,016

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2003

Tax on loss on ordinary a	activities
---	------------

Analysis of charge in period	2003 £	2002 £
UK corporation tax		_
The standard rate of tax for the year, based on the UK standard rat assessed for the period differs from the standard rate for the reason		
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(1,689,798)	(90,919
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%	(506,939)	(27,276
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	291,491	3,750
Amounts written off fixed asset investment Utilisation of tax losses	215,448	23,526
Current tax charge for period		-
Tangible fixed assets		
		Plant and machinery £
Cost At 1 January 2003		43,331
Transferred to another group undertaking		(43,331
At 31 December 2003		
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2003		35,093
Transferred to another group undertaking Charge for the year		(35,093
At 31 December 2003		
Net book value At 31 December 2003		
At 31 December 2002		8,238
The net book value of assets held under finance lease is £nil (2002)	2: £8,238).	

The net book value of assets held under finance lease is £nil (2002: £8,238).

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2003

8. Fixed asset investments

	Subsidiary under- takings shares £	Subsidiary under- takings loans £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2003 and at 31 December 2003	318,159	400,000	718,159
Provision for impairment			
At 1 January 2003	-	-	-
Amounts written off during year	318,159	400,000	718,159
At 31 December 2003	318,159	400,000	718,159
Net book value			
At 31 December 2003			
At 31 December 2002	318,159	400,000	718,159

The value of the investment in BIOS Scientific Publishers Limited has been written down to reflect the fair value.

The company holds 10% or more of the share capital of the following company:

	Company	Country of registration or incorporation	Nature of business	Class	Proportion of shares held
	Subsidiary undertaking BIOS Scientific Publishers Limited	England	Publishing	Ordinary	100%
9.	Debtors			2003 £	2002 £
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors				77 1,011,479 7,302 1,018,858
	Amounts falling due after more than one year	and included in debtors	are:		
	Amounts owed by group undertakings			•	971,639

Closing shareholders' funds

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2003

Year	r ended 31 December 2003			
10.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2003 £	2002 £
	Bank overdraft Net obligations under finance leases and hire			31,792
	purchase contracts Trade creditors		- - 311,943	9,011 16,811
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Accruals and deferred income			9,786
			311,943	67,400
11.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		2003	2002
	h		£	£ 300,000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings			300,000
12.	Called up share capital		2003 £	2002 £
	Authorised: 20,000 ordinary shares of £0.25 each		5,000	5,000
	Called up, allotted and fully paid 618 Ordinary shares of £0.25 each		155	1.55
13.	Movement on reserves			
		Share premium account £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
	At 1 January 2003 Loss for the year	1,238,069	139,631 (1,689,798)	1,377,700 (1,689,798)
	At 31 December 2003	1,238,069	(1,550,167)	(312,098)
14.	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' (deficit)/funds			
			2003 £	2002 £
	Loss for the year Opening shareholders' funds		(1,689,798) 1,377,855	(90,919) 1,468,774

(311,943) 1,377,855

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2003

15. Related party transactions

D M Phillips and M R H J O'Regan were also directors of Rouncy Limited. The services of D M Phillips were provided to the company under the terms of an agreement between the company and Rouncy Limited. In addition, Rouncy Limited provided office accommodation and administrative services to Oxford Publishing Ventures Limited.

During the year the company was charged £nil (2002: £102,539) by Rouncy Limited for these services. At 31 December 2003 £nil (2002: £12,717) was owed to Rouncy Limited in respect of these and other transactions.

The following items of income were receivable from BIOS Scientific Publishers Limited, the subsidiary company:

Management fees of £nil (2002: £36,000)

Computer usage fees of £nil (2002: £15,318)

Interest receivable £nil (2002: £28,229)

At 31 December 2003 a loan of £nil (2002: £300,000) was owed to MR HJ O'Regan. The loan had no fixed terms of repayment, but interest of 7% was payable on the loan.

During the year the company was controlled by M R H J O'Regan as he, together with his close family, owned the majority of the shares. On 31 January 2003 the group was sold to Taylor & Francis Books Limited.

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 "Related Party Disclosures", transactions with other group undertakings within, and investee related parties of, Taylor & Francis Group plc have not been disclosed in these accounts.

16. Ultimate parent company

Since 31 January 2003, until the year end the ultimate parent company and controlling party was Taylor & Francis Group plc, a company incorporated in Great Britain. This was also the parent undertaking of the only group which includes the company and for which group accounts are prepared. The accounts of Taylor & Francis Group plc may be obtained from the Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ. Prior to this date the ultimate parent undertaking was Praxton Limited.

Subsequent to the year end, following a merger between Taylor & Francis Group plc and Informa plc the ultimate parent company became T&F Informa plc, a company incorporated in Great Britain. As a result, the legal name of Taylor & Francis Group Plc has been changed to Taylor & Francis Group Ltd.