Thames Valley Park Management Limited

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 3271388 For the year ended 31 December 2003

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Thames Valley Park Management Limited Directors' report and financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2003

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Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003.

Principal activities

The principal activities comprise the control, supervision and management, on behalf of the occupiers of the site at Thames Valley Park, Reading.

Review of the business

The results for the year are as shown on page 4. The directors consider the company's financial position to be satisfactory.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were:

TJ Caiger

NJ Holloway

ID Hosegood

BW Sweetland

None of the directors had any disclosable interest in the share capital of the company.

According to the register of directors' interests, no rights to subscribe for shares in the company were granted to any of the directors or their immediate families, or exercised by them during the financial year.

Charitable donations

Donations to UK charities during the year amounted to £5,000 (2002: £5,000).

Annual general meeting

Pursuant to the Elective Resolution of the company passed on 13 November 2003 the company has disposed with the laying of accounts and reports before the members in accordance with Section's 252 and 379A of the Companies Act 1985.

Auditors

Pursuant to the Elective Resolution of the company, passed on 13 November 2003, the company has dispensed with the obligation to appoint auditors annually in accordance with Section 386 and 379A of the Companies Act 1985.

Approved by the board of directors on

2004 and signed on its behalf by: ZZ

Sept Zoo4.

TJ Caiger Director

47 Castle Street Reading Berkshire RG1 7SR

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



KPMG LLP 2 Cornwall Street Birmingham B3-2DL

Independent auditors' report to the members of Thames Valley Park Management Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 9.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 2, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2003 and of the result of the company for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditor 2004

1 October

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2003

	Note	2003 £	2002 £
Service charges receivable Property outgoings	I I	846,592 (841,959)	716,716 (712,152)
Gross profit		4,633	4,564
Administrative expenses		(6,908)	(6,908)
Operating loss		(2,275)	(2,344)
Interest receivable and similar income	4	2,149	2,525
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	(126)	181
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	5	126	(181)
Result on ordinary activities after taxation and for the financial year		-	-
			

In both the current and preceding year the company made no material acquisitions and had no discontinued operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses in either the current or preceding year other than as disclosed in the profit and loss account.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2003

	Note	£	2003 £	£	2002 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	6	æ	145,220	T	152,128
Current assets Debtors	7	376,040		296,411	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(382,937)		(303,308)	
Net current liabilities		~	(6,897)		(6,897)
Total assets less current liabilities			138,323		145,231
Creditors: Amounts falling due after one year	9		(138,312)		(145,220)
Net assets			11		11
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	10		11		11
Equity shareholders' funds	11		11		11
			1 5001		

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 22 nd its behalf by:

end Sept

2004 and signed on

TJ Caiger Director

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention.

The company is a non-trading entity. Any surplus or deficit of income over expenditure is payable to or reclaimable from the owners of Thames Valley Park.

The company is exempt from the requirement of Financial Reporting Standard No 1 to prepare a cash flow statement as it is entitled to the filing exemptions as a small company under sections 246 to 249 of the Companies Act 1985 when filing accounts with the Registrar of Companies.

Income recognition

Service charges receivable represent amounts invoiced to the owners and tenants of Thames Valley Park, excluding VAT, for property outgoings. Where amounts have been invoiced in advance of the provision of the service or facilities, these amounts are classified as deferred income within creditors. Where amounts are invoiced in arrears of the provision of the service or facilities, these amounts are classified as accrued income within debtors.

Any surplus over and above that classified as deferred income is repayable to the owners and tenants of Thames Valley Park, conversely any deficit of service charges receivable compared to property outgoings is recoverable from the same persons. Consequently, the company makes neither a profit nor a loss and is considered a non-trading entity by the directors.

Taxation

The directors consider the company to be a non-trading entity and tax has, therefore, been provided on interest receivable only.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Freehold buildings - 25 years

2 (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation

2 (1055) profit on ordinary activities before assured.	2003 £	2002 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated	ŭ.	-
after charging		
Auditors' remuneration		
Audit	3,200	3,150
Other services	1,900	1,750
Depreciation on owned assets	6,908	6,908

Notes (continued)

3 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

	Number 2003	Number of employees 2003 2002	
Directors	4	4	
			
The directors received no remuneration in respect of their services to the con	npany for the year.		
4 Interest receivable and similar income			
	2003	2002	
	£	£	
On bank deposits	2,149	2,525	
		=	
5 Taxation			
Analysis of tax (credit)/charge for the year			
	2003	2002	
UK corporation tax	£	£	
Corporation tax at 0% (2002: 10%)		273	
Adjustment in respect of prior year	(126)	(92)	
		 -	
Total current tax	(126)	181	
			

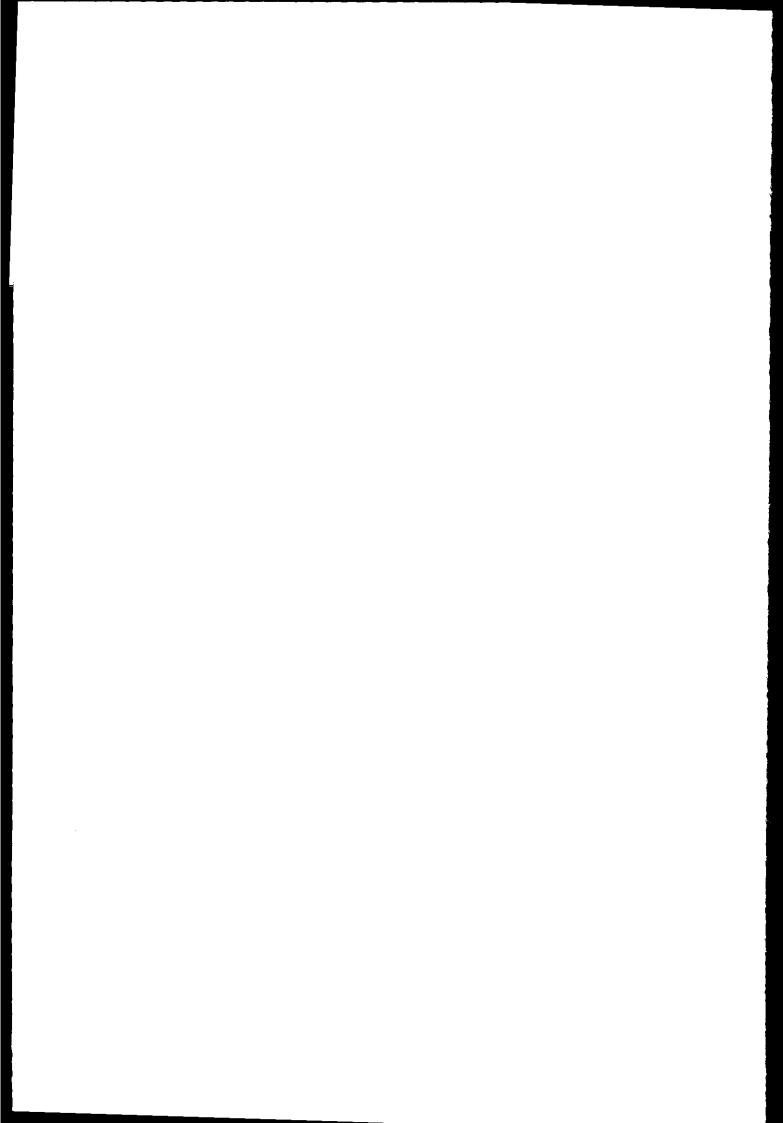
Factors affecting the tax (credit)/charge for the current year

The current tax credit for the year is higher (2002 charge: higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2002: 30%). The differences are explained below.

	2003 £	2002 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(126)	181
	==	
Tax at standard rate of 30% (2002: 30%)	(38)	54
Operating loss not deductible as a non-trading entity	683	703
Small companies rate	(645)	(484)
Adjustment in respect of prior year	(126)	(92)
	 _	
Total current tax (credit)/charge (see above)	(126)	181
		

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There is no provided or unprovided deferred tax



Notes (continued)

6 Tangible fixed assets	Freehold buildings £
Cost At beginning and end of year	172,702
Depreciation At beginning of year Charge for year	20,574 6,908
At end of year	27,482
Net book value At 31 December 2003	145,220
At 31 December 2002	152,128
7 Debtors 2003 £	2002 £
Trade debtors 343,455 Other debtors 26,942 Called up share capital not paid 10 Prepayments and accrued income 5,633	227,966 63,114 10 5,321
376,040	296,411
8 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 2003	2002 £
Trade creditors 99,917 Other taxation 19,811 Accruals and deferred income 263,209	55,651 14,233 233,424
382,937	303,308
9 Creditors: Amounts falling due after one year 2003 £	2002 £
Deferred income at beginning of year Movement in year 145,220 (6,908)	152,128 (6,908)
Deferred income at end of year 138,312	145,220

Notes (continued)

10 Called up share capital

To Cance up share captain	2003 £	2002 £
Authorised:	400	400
100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Allotted, called up and partly paid:		
11 ordinary shares of £1 each, of which one share has been fully paid	11	11
	= =====	
11 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders funds		
		£
At beginning and end of year		11

12 Commitments

At the end of the financial year, the company had capital commitments, for which no provision has been made, of £73,090 (2002: £Nil).

13 Related party disclosures

The company is owned by the occupiers of various buildings which together comprise Thames Valley Park, Reading. All of the income and expenditure during the year, related to the control, supervision and management of the estate. Amounts shown as trade creditors in note 8 relate to amounts owed to the occupiers in relation to such expenditure.

14 Ultimate controlling party

The directors are of the opinion that the company has no ultimate controlling party.