REGISTERED NUMBER: 3268801

RIDGEFORD PROPERTIES LIMITED **REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

07/05/2015 **COMPANIES HOUSE**

RIDGEFORD PROPERTIES LIMITED CONTENTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Page
Strategic Report	1.
Director's Report	2
Auditors' Report	3-4
Profit and Loss Account	5
Statement of Recognised Gains and Losses	6
Balance Sheet	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8-16

RIDGEFORD PROPERTIES LIMITED STRATEGIC REPORT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

The sole director presents the Strategic Report of Ridgeford Properties Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014

RESULTS

The profit after taxation amounted to £nil (2013: £11,854,758) and was transferred to reserves. The director did not elect to pay dividends during the year (2013: £3,500,000).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY, BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Ridgeford group continues to actively appraise other potential development sites in central London. On 1 April 2013, all of the trade, assets and liabilities of Ridgeford Properties Limited were transferred to its parent company.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risks and uncertainties of the group related to ensuring there are sufficient funds to meet its debts and liabilities as they fall due. There were no liabilities at the year end.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year, the group made charitable donations of £nil (2013: £6,474).

This report was approved by the board on $6/\sqrt{11}$

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and signed on its behalf.

Director

C T Murray

RIDGEFORD PROPERTIES LIMITED **DIRECTOR'S REPORT** YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

DIRECTOR

C T Murray

The sole director has pleasure in presenting his report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS INFORMATION

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware and he has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

In accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006 a resolution proposing the reappointment of Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP as auditors to the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

This report was approved by the board on $6b/\sqrt{5}$

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and signed on its behalf.

Director

C T Murray

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RIDGEFORD PROPERTIES LIMITED YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

We have audited the financial statements of Ridgeford Properties Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes numbered 1 to 19.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Director's Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2014 and of the loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF RIDGEFORD PROPERTIES LIMITED YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Stacy Eden

Senior Statutory Auditor

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For and on behalf of

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP

Statutory Auditor

St Bride's House

10 Salisbury Square

London

EC4Y 8EH

United Kingdom

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		2	~
TURNOVER	2	-	27,737,235
Cost of sales			(14,190,416)
GROSS PROFIT		-	13,546,819
Administrative expenses		<u>. </u>	(2,168,894)
·		-	11,377,925
Other income			3,328,720
OPERATING PROFIT	3	-	14,706,645
Interest receivable		-	1,744
Interest payable	4 .	<u>-</u>	(40,820)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		-	14,667,569
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	-	(2,758,886)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	15	_	11,908,683

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements

RIDGEFORD PROPERTIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECONGISED GAINS AND LOSSES YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

	2014	2013
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	-	11,908,683
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the year	-	11,908,683

The profit and loss account contains all the gains and losses of the company recognised in the current and preceding year and the result in these years represent the only movement in shareholders' funds. All activities were derived from continuing operations.

RIDGEFORD PROPERTIES LIMITED BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2014

REGISTERED NUMBER: 3268801

•	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
FIXED ASSETS Investments	8		202
nivestinents	0		
			202
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stock and work in progress	9	-	10,317,749
Debtors	10	4,453,612	4,724,542
Cash at bank and in hand			1,398,714
		4,453,612	16,441,005
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	11		(11,951,506)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		4,453,612	4,489,499
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,453,612	4,489,701
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after one year	12		(36,089)
NET ASSETS		4,453,612	4,453,612
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	13	134	134
Share Premium Account Profit and loss account	14 14	250,966 4,202,513	250,966 4,202,512
FIUIL AND IUSS ACCOUNT	14	4,202,313	4,202,512
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	15	4,453,612	4,453,612

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 650

Director C T Murray

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention. The director has prepared these financial statements on a going concern basis.

b) Investments

Investments are valued at cost less provision for impairment.

c) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets in use, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Office equipment

- 25% p.a. straight line

Fixtures and fittings

- 25% p.a. straight line

Motor vehicle

- 25% p.a. diminishing value

d) Foreign Currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currency are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. All exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

e) Stock and Work in Progress

Stock and work in progress is stated at the lower of cost, which includes interest, professional fees and a proportion of expenses incurred on specific projects, and net realisable value.

f) Hire Purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Hire purchase leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

g) Pension Costs

The cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits is charged to the Profit and Loss Account over the periods benefiting from the employees' services.

h) Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted at the balance sheet date.

i) Deep Discount Bonds

The premium on redemption of deep discount bonds is calculated and charged to the profit and loss account each year on the basis of the company's maximum liability should the bonds be redeemed at the balance sheet date. The bonds are categorised by year of falling due for redemption, in accordance with the earliest redemption dates available to the bondholders.

j) Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate.

k) Long term contracts

Where the outcome of a long term contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the balance sheet date, measured based on the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date relative to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion. When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

2. TURNOVER

Turnover represents the amount invoiced to customers plus amounts recognised with regard to long term contracts and property development fees, excluding value added tax and sales of fixed assets. The turnover is wholly attributable to the group's main activity within the United Kingdom. The turnover achieved through the group's joint venture, Bolsover Street Limited, is included at note 8 (c) to the financial statements.

3.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	Operating profit is stated after charging:	2014 £	2013 £
	Development management fee Interest write back Depreciation Loss on disposal of fixed assets Amounts paid to the company's auditor	:	(4,500,000) (3,328,720) 20,288 30,390
	- Audit services - Taxation - VAT Foreign exchange gain / loss	- - -	34,700 98,430 4,080 71,262
			`
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE Interest on bank loans	2014 £ 	2013 £ 40,820
5.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2014 £	2013 £
	Analysis of tax charge in the year: Current tax	_	2,766,262
	UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year	-	2,700,202
	Deferred tax Deferred tax for the year Prior Year	-	14,546
	Prior year overprovision		(21,922)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities		2,758,886
	Tax reconciliation:		
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax		14,613,644
	Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23% (2013: 24%)	-	3,507,275
	Effects of: Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	(496) 39,496
	Income not taxable	-	(781,790)
	Utilisation of losses brought forward Profit on sales less capital gains	-	(5,516) 7,293
	Current tax charge for year		2,766,262

5. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

There are no tax losses which may be utilised against future trading profits.

6. STAFF COSTS

Staff costs, including director's remuneration, were as follows:	2014 £	2013 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs	- -	797,457 537.886
Pension costs		85,880
	-	1,421,223

The average monthly number of employees, including the director during the year was as follows:

		No.	No.
	Administration		11
7.	DIRECTOR'S REMUNERATION	2014 £	2013 £
	Aggregate emoluments		438,900
	Pension costs	_	16,800

CT Murray was the only director who served during the year and the 2013 director's remuneration relates solely to him.

8.	INVESTMENTS	2014 £	2013 £
	Shares in subsidiary undertakings		202

Investment in subsidiary undertakings

The investment in the subsidiary undertakings represented shares in the following wholly owned subsidiaries that were transferred to Ridgeford Developments Limited as at 1 April 2013.

(a) Ridgeford Properties Management Limited

The investment in Ridgeford Properties Management Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, comprises 2 ordinary shares of £1 each. The company is not listed and its main activity is that of property management.

(b) Ridgeford Consultancy Limited

A company registered in England and Wales, comprising 100 ordinary shares of £1. The company's principal activity during the year was property development consultancy.

(c) Ridgeford Properties (Bolsover Street) Limited

A company registered in England and Wales, comprising 100 ordinary shares of £1, which was not called up at 31 March 2013. The company is not listed and was dormant during the year. The company acts as nominee for a joint venture and holds 50% of the issued share capital of Bolsover Street Limited which acts as corporate trustee in respect of the legal title to property. Ridgeford Properties (Bolsover Street) Limited does not trade in its own right but act as nominee and trustee respectively for Ridgeford Properties Limited.

Ridgeford Properties Limited has provided a guarantee to Bolsover Street Limited with regard to the obligations of Bolsover Street Limited. Details of these obligations are included in note 21 to the financial statements.

The following information relates to transactions entered into by Bolsover Street Limited as nominee and trustee for Ridgeford Properties Limited and has been included within these financial statements. This information represents Ridgeford Properties Limited's 50% interest in Bolsover Street Limited:

8.	INVESTMENTS (Continued)			
	,		2013	
			£	
	CURRENT ASSETS Stock and work in progress	10.2	35,035	
	Debtors		31,499	
	Cash at bank	5	35,085	
	CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year			
	Trade and other creditors	(6,24	10,392)	
	NET ASSETS	7.0	61,227	
	TURNOVER	12,5	97,069	
	Cost of sales	(8,08	35,159)	
	Other income	!	69,087	
	Administrative expenses	((9,835)	
	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	4.5	71,162	
	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	4,3	7 1, 102	
9.	STOCK AND WORK IN PROGRESS	2014 £		2013 £
		~		~
	Long term contract work in progress		10,31	7,749
	Interest included within stock and work in progress amounted to Nil	(2013: £806,28	5).	
10.	DEBTORS	2014		2013
		£		£
	Trade debtors	-		4,329
	Amounts recoverable on long term contracts Deferred tax	-	2,048 470	0,876 0,998
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	4,453,612	431	1,648
	Other debtors		1,698	3,691
		4,453,612	4,724	4,542

11.	CREDITORS – amounts falling due within one year		
11.	CREDITORS – amounts faming due within one year	2014 £	2013 £
	Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxes and social security costs	-	361,229 2,765,029 1,526
	Accruals and other creditors		8,823,722
			11,951,506
12.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due after one year	2014 £	2013 £
	Deposits Held		36,089
			36,089
13.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		
	Authorised	2014	2013
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	134	£ 134
	Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each	134	134

14.	SHARE PREMIUM AND RESERVES	Share Premium £	Profit & Loss Account £
	At 1 April 2013 Profit for the year	250,966 	4,202,512
	At 31 March 2014	250,966	4,202,512
15.	SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS	2014 £	2013 £
	At 1 April 2013 Profit for the year Dividends paid	4,453,612 - -	(3,955,071) 11,908,683 (3,500,000)
	At 31 March 2014	4,453,612	4,453,612

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the group entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with other related parties as follows:

Ridgeford Developments Limited (immediate parent entity)

The company hived up its trade and assets, at book value on 1 April 2013 to its parent company.

Ridgeford Consulting Limited (wholly owned subsidiary)

At the year-end that company owed Ridgeford Properties Limited £nil 2013: £41,490). Ridgeford Properties Limited provided management consultancy services to Ridgeford Consulting Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014 totalling £ nil (2013:£ 100,000).

Ridgeford Properties Management Limited (wholly owned subsidiary)

At the year end, Ridgeford Properties Limited was owed £nil from Ridgeford Properties Management Limited (2013: £390,158).

W1 Developments Limited

At the year end, Ridgeford Properties Limited was owed £nil from W1 Developments Limited, a company of which C Murray is a Director. (2013: £518,130).

17. PENSIONS ARRANGEMENT

Contributions to the scheme by the group for the year ended 31 March 2014 totalled £nil (2013: £85,880) and employees contributed £nil (2013: £nil).

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the group to the fund in respect of the year. The assets of the scheme are held in a separate, trustee-administered fund.

18. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

Ridgeford Properties Limited is a subsidiary of Ridgeford Developments Limited. The Directors of Ridgeford Properties Limited consider Urban Sky Investments Limited to be the ultimate parent company. The financial statements of Ridgeford Properties Limited are consolidated into the financial statements of Ridgeford Developments Limited.

19. COMMITMENTS

The group and company had no capital commitments at 31 March 2014. At 31 March 2013 the company had capital commitment in conjunction with transactions entered into by Bolsover Street Limited as nominee and trustee for the company. Bolsover Street Limited had total capital commitments of approximately £5.4m at 31 March 2013 of which the company, together with its joint venture partner, ware jointly and severally liable.