The Dune Music Company Limited Abbreviated Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2008

FRIDAY

L12 30/01/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 31 March 2008

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Abbreviated Balance Sheet

31 March 2008

		2008		2007	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets Tangible assets	2		4,674		3,114
Current Assets					
Stocks		8,410		18,014	
Debtors		42,265		69,927	
Cash at bank and in hand		21,428		8,391	
		72,103		96,332	
Creditors: Amounts Falling due W	ithin/	,		,	
One Year		25,837		70,149	
Net Current Assets			46,266		26,183
Total Assets Less Current Liabiliti	ies		50,940		29,297
Capital and Reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	3		100		100
Profit and loss account			50,840		29,197
Shareholders' Funds			50,940		29,297

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on an authorised for issue on an authorised for issue on a signed on their behalf by:

J M Irons Secretary

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 31 March 2008

1. Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Land and buildings

over the period of lease

Fixtures & Fittings

15% on cost

Computer Equipment

33% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exception:

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign Currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year ended 31 March 2008

2.	Fixed Assets				
					Tangible Assets £
	Cost				20.006
	At 1 April 2007 Additions				28,096 4,139
	At 31 March 2008				32,235
	Depreciation				
	At 1 April 2007				24,982
	Charge for year				2,579
	At 31 March 2008				27,561
	Net Book Value At 31 March 2008				4,674
	At 31 March 2007				3,114
3.	Share Capital				
	Authorised share capital:				
			2008 £		2007 £
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		100		100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2008 No.	£	2007 No.	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100