The Dune Music Company Limited
Abbreviated Financial Statements
For the year ended
31 March 2006

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# **Abbreviated Accounts**

## Year ended 31 March 2006

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#### **Abbreviated Balance Sheet**

#### 31 March 2006

		2006		2005	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets	2				
Tangible assets			3,593		6,490
Current Assets					
Stocks		9,088		10,760	
Debtors		63,459		87,482	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,287		18,477	
		77,834		116,719	
Creditors: Amounts Falling due	Within	•			
One Year		72,965		56,727	
Net Current Assets			4,869	<del></del>	59,992
Total Assets Less Current Liabil	ities		8,462		66,482
Capital and Reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	3		100		100
Profit and loss account			8,362		66,382
Shareholders' Funds			8,462		66,482

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 30 January 2008, and are signed on their behalf by

J M Irons Secretary

#### Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

#### Year ended 31 March 2006

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### **Fixed Assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Land and buildings

over the period of lease

Fixtures & Fittings

15% on cost

Computer Equipment

33% on cost

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### **Deferred Taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exception

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

#### Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

# Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

### Year ended 31 March 2006

2.	Fixed Assets				
					Tangible Assets £
	Cost At 1 April 2005 Additions				25,627 828
	At 31 March 2006				26,455
	Depreciation At 1 April 2005 Charge for year				19,137 3,725
	At 31 March 2006				22,862
	Net Book Value At 31 March 2006				3,593
	At 31 March 2005				6,490
3.	Share Capital				
	Authorised share capital:				
			2006 £		2005 £
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		100		100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	2006 No. 100	£ 100	2005 No 100	£ 100