# Curtis Land Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements For the year ended 30th September 2017

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# **Financial Statements**

# Year ended 30th September 2017

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# Officers and Professional Advisers

**Director** Mr M Hill

Registered office First Floor Offices

99 Bancroft Hitchin Hertfordshire SG5 1NQ

Accountants S McCOMBIE & CO.

Chartered accountant First Floor Offices

99 Bancroft Hitchin Hertfordshire SG5 1NQ

Bankers HSBC

1 Market Place

Hitchin Hertfordshire SG5 1DR

#### **Statement of Financial Position**

## 30th September 2017

		2017		2016
	Note	£	£	£
Fixed assets	_			
Tangible assets	6		544,825	567,236
Investments	7		435,508	439,277
			980,333	1,006,513
Command and the				
Current assets Debtors	8	31,962		3,177
Cash at bank	J	15,012		7,770
		<del></del>	•	
		46,974		10,947
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	589,477		608,465
Net current liabilities		<del></del> _	542,503	597,518
Total assets less current liabilities			437,830	408,995
Provisions				
Taxation including deferred tax			20,201	22,923
Net assets			417,629	386,072
Capital and reserves				•
Called up share capital			100	100
Fair value reserve			172,822	169,630
Profit and loss account			244,707 	216,342
Shareholders funds			417,629	386,072

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30th September 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 5 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Financial Position (continued)

# 30th September 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 11th June 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr M Hill Director

Company registration number: 03249494

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

# Year ended 30th September 2017

	Called up share capital	Fair value	Profit and ess account	Total
	£	£	£	£
At 1st October 2015	100	91,902	83,920	175,922
Profit for the year	·		210,150	210,150
Other comprehensive income for the year: Fair value adjustment to investment properties Tax relating to components of other	-	91,122	(91,122)	-
comprehensive income 5		(13,394)	13,394	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	77,728	132,422	210,150
At 30th September 2016	100	169,630	216,342	386,072
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year: Tax relating to components of other			31,557	31,557
comprehensive income 5		3,192	(3,192)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	3,192	28,365	31,557
At 30th September 2017	100	172,822	244,707	417,629

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 30th September 2017

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales, registered number 03249494. The address of the registered office is First Floor Offices, 99 Bancroft, Hitchin, Hertfordshire, SG5 1NQ.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in pounds sterling, which is also the functional currency of the company.

Monetary amounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

#### Going concern

The directors are satisfied with the financing arrangements of the company and that the financial statements are appropriately prepared on a going concern basis.

#### **Transition to FRS 102**

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1st October 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 13.

#### Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the option not to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 on the basis that the company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small group.

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover represents the rents of properties which are included on an accruals basis excluding value added tax on properties where option to tax has been granted by H M Revenue and Customs.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30th September 2017

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depréciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

## Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery
Office equipment

25% straight line 25% straight line

#### **Investment property**

Investment property is initially recorded at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure.

Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available without undue cost or effort for an item of investment property, it shall be transferred to tangible assets and treated as such until it is expected that fair value will be reliably measurable on an on-going basis.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 30th September 2017

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Investments**

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

#### Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2016: 2).

#### 5. Tax on profit

#### Major components of tax expense

	2017 £	2016 £
Current tax:		
UK current tax expense	3,943	25,607
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(2,722)	13,394
Tax on profit	1,221	39,001

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 30th September 2017

# 6. Tangible assets

	Freehold			
	investment	Plant and	Office	Total
	properties £	machinery £	equipment £	Total £
Cost/valuation	~	~	~	~
At 1st October 2016	566,980	13,578	7,210	587,768
Additions	-	_	4,055	4,055
Disposals	(25,452)		(3,100)	(28,552)
At 30th September 2017	541,528	13,578	8,165	563,271
Depreciation			•	
At 1st October 2016	_	13,571	6,961	20,532
Charge for the year	_	-	1,013	1,013
Disposals			(3,099)	(3,099)
At 30th September 2017		13,571	4,875	18,446
Carrying amount				
At 30th September 2017	541,528	7	3,290	544,825
At 30th September 2016	566,980	7	249	567,236
Included within the above is investment	property as follo	ws:		
				£
At 1st October 2016 Disposals				566,980 (25,452)
•				<del>'</del>
At 30th September 2017				541,528

The fair value of the investment properties has been arrived at on the basis of valuations carried out by the directors of the company. The valuations were made on an open market value, value evidence basis for existing use on 30th September 2017.

## Tangible assets held at valuation

In respect of tangible assets held at valuation, the aggregate cost, depreciation and comparable carrying amount that would have been recognised if the assets had been carried under the historical cost model are as follows:

Erochold

At 30th September 2017 Aggregate cost Aggregate depreciation	investment properties £
Aggregate depreciation	
Carrying value	348,975
At 30th September 2016 Aggregate cost Aggregate depreciation	374,427 —
Carrying value	374,427
Carrying value	<del></del>

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 30th September 2017

#### 7. Investments

	Shares in subsidiary undertaking and associated companies	Loans to subsidiary undertaking and associated companies	Total £
Cost At 1st October 2016 Repayments Revaluations	185 - -	439,092 (7,557) 3,788	439,277 (7,557) 3,788
At 30th September 2017	185	435,323	435,508
Impairment At 1st October 2016 and 30th September 2017	_	_	
Carrying amount At 30th September 2017 At 30th September 2016	185 185	435,323 439,092	435,508 439,277

The company's fixed asset investments and shareholdings therein are as follows:

Name of Company	Country of Incorporation	Holding	Proportion Held	Nature of Business
Seaberry Limited	England & Wales	Ordinary Shares	50%	Property Investor
Mark Guthead Properties Inc	Canada	Ordinary . Shares	67%	Property Investor
Ladyheath Limited	England & Wales	Ordinary Shares	50%	Property Investor

Extracts from the financial statements of the subsidiary undertaking and associated companies are detailed below in the currency of the country in which the company is registered, together with the sterling equivalent at the appropriate year end:

	Capital & Reserves	Profit/(Loss)for the year after taxation
Seaberry Limited Year ended 31st July 2017	£198,525	£15,035
Mark Guthead Properties Inc Year ended 31st December 2016	C\$177,874 £107,263	C\$14,610 £8,810
Ladyheath Limited Year ended 30th September 2017	£72,015	£(263)

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 30th September 2017

## 8. Debtors

•	Rent and service charge arrears Other debtors	2017 £ 326 31,636 31,962	2016 £ 326 2,851 3,177
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	Corporation tax Social security and other taxes Rents received in advance Other creditors	2017 £ 3,943 435 5,062 580,037 589,477	2016 £ 25,607 - 5,420 577,438 - 608,465
10.	Deferred tax		
	The deferred tax included in the statement of financial position is as fo	llows: <b>2017</b> £	2016 £
	Included in provisions	20,201	22,923

# 11. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

• ,	J	2017	, ,
	Balance	Advances/	
	brought	(credits) to the	Balance
	forward	director	outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr M Hill		_ 1,760	1,760
Mr A A Hill		<b>-</b> 7,039	7,039
	_		
		_ 8,799	8,799
		2016	
	Balance	Advances/	
	brought	(credits) to the	Balance
	forward	director	outstanding
•	£	£	£
Mr M Hill		_ <b>_</b>	_
Mr A A Hill		_ <del>_</del>	_
	_		
		<u> </u>	

The above existing loans are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 30th September 2017

#### 12. Related party transactions

#### **Controlling Parties**

Curtis Trust Limited held 25 Ordinary Shares of £1 each of the shares of the company as at 30th September 2017. Curtis Trust Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Long Island Limited. Mr M Hill has a material interest in the shares of Long Island Limited.

Peaktoll Limited held 25 Ordinary Shares of £1 each of the shares of the company as at 30th September 2017. Mr A A Hill has an interest in the shares of that company.

Cenpalm Limited held 25 Ordinary Shares of £1 each of the shares of the company as at 30th September 2017. Mr M Hill has an interest in the shares of that company.

Tiber Ludwig Limited held 25 Ordinary Shares of £1 each of the shares of the company as at 30th September 2017. Mr M Hill has an interest in the shares of that company.

The following loans were due to the controlling parties:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Curtis Trust Limited	281,586	281,586
Peaktoll Limited	47,468	47,468
Cenpalm Limited	47,468	47,468
Tiber Ludwig Limited	47,468	47,468

The above existing loans are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

	2017	2016
	£	£
Curtis Trust Limited	85,032	85,097

The above existing loan is unsecured and repayable within 7 year. Interest is payable at a rate of 3% per annum.

#### Other related party transactions

Included in creditors amounts falling due within one year are loans from businesses in which the directors have an interest:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Messrs John Shilcock	13.051	13,051

The above existing loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

	-	2017	2016
		£	£
Curtis Medical Investments Limited		50,000	50,000

The above existing loan is unsecured and repayable on demand. Interest is payable at a rate if 3% per annum.

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# Year ended 30th September 2017

## 13. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1st October 2015.

## Reconciliation of equity

	1st October 2015 As			30th September 2016 As		
	previously stated £	Effect of Ff transition £	RS 102 (as restated) £	previously stated £	Effect of F transition £	RS 102 (as restated)
Fixed assets Current assets Creditors: amounts falling due within one	932,722 34,797	-	932,722 34,797	1,006,513 10,947	=	1,006,513 10,947
year	(782,068)		(782,068)	(608,465)		(608,465)
Net current liabilities	(747,271)		(747,271)	(597,518)		(597,518)
Total assets less current liabilities	185,451	_	185,451	408,995	_	408,995
Provisions	_	(9,529)	(9,529)	_	(22,923)	(22,923)
Net assets	185,451	(9,529)	175,922	408,995	(22,923)	386,072
<b>.</b>		<del></del>				
Capital and reserves	185,451	(9,529)	175,922	408,995	(22,923)	386,072

A transition adjustment of £91,902 was required to restate the revaluation reserve to a non-distributable fair value reserve. This was made up of investment property valuations brought forward £101,431 less a deferred taxation provision £9,529.

The previous years statement of comprehensive income has been adjusted by £77,728 in respect of an increase in investment property valuations to fair value of £91,122 and an increase to the deferred taxation provision of £13,394.