

Registration number: 03230494

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2019



Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

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Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Company Information

Directors M D Hunter

T A Wood

Company secretary T A Wood

Registered office Costain House
Vanwall Business Park
Maidenhead
Berkshire
SL6 4UB

Independent auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
1 Embankment Place
London
WC2N 6RH

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Directors of the company

The directors of the company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

M D Hunter

D G James (resigned 31 March 2020)

The following director was appointed after the year end:

T A Wood (appointed 31 March 2020)

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is supplying industrial support services to a range of blue-chip customers. Following the completion of the last contract, company is no longer seeking work.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: £Nil).

Business review

In the year ended 31 December 2019, the company recorded a result before tax of £Nil (2018: £Nil), with net liabilities of £647,246 (2018: £651,433).

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The company is dependent for its working capital on funds provided to it by Costain Limited, the Company's United Kingdom holding undertaking. Costain Limited has provided the company with an undertaking that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available such funds as they are needed by the Company and in particular will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available.

This should enable the Company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other Group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue, although at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

The directors confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined in Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's external auditors are unaware and that each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's external auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Reappointment of auditor

The independent auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

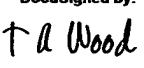
Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2019 (continued)

Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies, therefore the company has taken the exemption from the requirement to present a strategic report.

Approved by the Board on 26 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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T A Wood
Company secretary

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

**Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services)
Limited**

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019; the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' Report we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2019 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

**Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services)
Limited**

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

.....
Diane Walmsley (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

1 Embankment Place
London
WC2N 6RH

26 June 2020

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Operating result		-	-
Result before tax		-	-
Income tax credit	6	4,187	6,641
Profit for the financial year		4,187	6,641

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

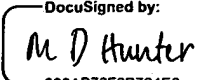
	2019	2018
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	<u>4,187</u>	<u>6,641</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u><u>4,187</u></u>	<u><u>6,641</u></u>

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

(Registration number: 03230494)
Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

	Note	31 December 2019 £	31 December 2018 £
Current assets			
Debtors	8	52,754	50,035
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year			
Trade and other payables	10	<u>(700,000)</u>	<u>(701,468)</u>
Net liabilities		<u><u>(647,246)</u></u>	<u><u>(651,433)</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	2,060,700	2,060,700
Profit and loss account		<u>(2,707,946)</u>	<u>(2,712,133)</u>
Total shareholders' deficit		<u><u>(647,246)</u></u>	<u><u>(651,433)</u></u>

The financial statements on pages 8 to 20 were approved by the Board of directors on 26 June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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M D Hunter
 Director

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 January 2019	2,060,700	(2,712,133)	(651,433)
Profit for the financial year	-	4,187	4,187
Total comprehensive income	-	4,187	4,187
At 31 December 2019	2,060,700	(2,707,946)	(647,246)

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
At 1 January 2018	2,060,700	(2,718,774)	(658,074)
Profit for the financial year	-	6,641	6,641
Total comprehensive income	-	6,641	6,641
At 31 December 2018	2,060,700	(2,712,133)	(651,433)

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales and domiciled in England.

The address of its registered office is:

Costain House
Vanwall Business Park
Maidenhead
Berkshire
SL6 4UB
UK

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 26 June 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101). The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and under the historical cost convention.

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment which the company operates. The financial statements are presented in 'pounds sterling' (£), which is also the company's functional currency.

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Summary of disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- (a) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a Balance Sheet at the beginning of the year in the event of a prior year adjustment;
- (b) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a Statement of Cash flows for the year;
- (c) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a statement of compliance with IFRS;
- (d) The requirements of IAS 1 to disclose information on the management of capital;
- (e) The requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors to disclose new IFRS's that have been issued but are not yet effective;
- (f) The requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member;
- (g) The requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose key management personnel compensation;
- (h) The requirements of IFRS 7 to disclose financial instruments;
- (i) The requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement to disclose information of fair value valuation techniques and inputs; and
- (j) IAS 7, 'Statement of Cash Flows';
- (k) The requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements to present comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
 - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment;
 - paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38 Intangible Assets;
 - paragraphs 76 and 79(d) of IAS 40 Investment Property;
- (l) The requirements of the second sentence of paragraph 110 and paragraphs 113(a), 114, 115, 118, 119(a) to (c), 120 to 127 and 129 of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers;
- (m) The requirements of paragraph 52, the second sentence of paragraph 89, and paragraphs 90, 91 and 93 of IFRS 16 Leases; and
- (n) 'The requirements of paragraph 58 of IFRS 16, provided that the disclosure of details of indebtedness required by paragraph 61(1) of Schedule 1 to the Regulations is presented separately for lease liabilities and other liabilities, and in total.'

Disclosure exemptions for subsidiaries are permitted where the relevant disclosure requirements are met in the consolidated financial statements. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the Group financial statements of Costain Group PLC.

The notes on pages 12 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The company is dependent for its working capital on funds provided to it by Costain Limited, the Company's United Kingdom holding undertaking. Costain Limited has provided the company with an undertaking that for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements, it will continue to make available such funds as they are needed by the Company and in particular will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available.

This should enable the Company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other Group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue, although at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so.

New standards and changes in accounting policy

None of the standards, interpretations and amendments effective for the first time from 1 January 2019 have had a material effect on the financial statements. These include:

- IFRS 16 'Leases'.
- IFRIC 23 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments which clarifies the accounting for uncertainties in income tax.
- Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation - Amendments to IFRS 9.
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015 - 2017 Cycle.

Finance income and costs policy

Interest receivable and payable on bank deposits and between group undertakings is credited or charged to the profit and loss as incurred, using the effective interest method.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit and loss account, except that of a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets

Property, plant and equipment is stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debt.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at the fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Trade creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Defined contribution pension obligation

The Company participates, on a defined contributions basis, in several pension schemes for the benefit of its own and seconded employees. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Company in independently administered funds.

The cost of pensions, in respect of the pension schemes in which the Company participates, is charged to the profit and loss account and is equal to the contributions payable in the accounting period.

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

IFRSs not applied

The following IFRSs and amendments having been endorsed, will be applicable from 1 January 2020:

- Definition of Material - Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8.
- Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 December 2019 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the company.

Except for the above, the directors do not currently anticipate that the adoption of any other standard or interpretation that has been issued but is not yet effective will have a material impact on the financial statements of the company in future periods.

3 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. There are no significant judgements and estimates made that would have a material effect in both current and future periods.

4 Auditor's Remuneration

The deemed audit fee for the company was £1,500 (2018: £1,467).

There are no fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP for other services other than the statutory audit of the company. The audit fee was borne by another Group company.

5 Staff costs

There were no staff employed during the year (2018: Nil).

No emoluments were paid to the directors of the company during the year (2018: £Nil).

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019 (continued)

6 Income tax

Tax credited in the profit and loss account

	2019 £	2018 £
Current taxation		
UK corporation tax	(3,433)	(2,970)
UK corporation tax adjustment to prior periods	<u>(754)</u>	<u>(3,671)</u>
	<u><u>(4,187)</u></u>	<u><u>(6,641)</u></u>

The tax on profit before tax for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2018: lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 19% (2018: 19%).

The differences are reconciled below:

	2019 £	2018 £
Profit/(loss) before tax	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Corporation tax at standard rate	-	-
Increase (decrease) in current tax from adjustment for prior periods	(754)	(3,671)
Increase (decrease) from effect of expenses not deductible in determining taxable profit (tax loss)	(997)	-
Deferred tax expense (credit) from unrecognised tax loss or credit	<u>(2,436)</u>	<u>(2,970)</u>
Total tax credit	<u><u>(4,187)</u></u>	<u><u>(6,641)</u></u>

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 17%, effective from 1 April 2020, was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. In the 11 March 2020 Budget it was announced that the UK tax rate will remain at the current 19% and this was substantively enacted on 17 March 2020. This will have a consequential effect on the company's future tax charge.

Deferred tax

There are £9,928 of deductible temporary differences (2018 - £9,928) for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in the statement of financial position.

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019 (continued)

7 Tangible assets

	Owned plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2018	15,394	15,394
Disposals	<u>(15,394)</u>	<u>(15,394)</u>
At 31 December 2018	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2018	15,394	15,394
Eliminated on disposal	<u>(15,394)</u>	<u>(15,394)</u>
At 31 December 2018	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2019	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
At 31 December 2018	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
At 1 January 2018	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

8 Debtors

	31 December 2019 £	31 December 2018 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	48,568	43,116
Group relief receivable	<u>4,186</u>	<u>6,919</u>
	<u>52,754</u>	<u>50,035</u>

Amounts receivable from other group undertakings is unsecured, repayable on demand but accrues interest at a rate of 0%-2.5% (2018:0.5%-2.5%).

Due to the short-term nature of the current debtors, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value.

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019 (continued)

9 Cash and cash equivalents

The company's bankers have the right to set off the company's principal bank balances when in credit against borrowings by, a fellow subsidiary, Richard Costain Limited. In addition these arrangements require that all cash balances are transferred to Richard Costain Limited on a daily basis; such arrangement are commonplace in large groups and facilitate effective cash management. The company's cash balance is replaced with an inter-company receivable from Richard Costain Limited.

The sweeping of the company's cash balance is used to offset the company's inter-company receivable from Richard Costain Limited of £41,649 at 31 December 2019 (2018: £43,116).

10 Trade and other payables

Current

	31 December 2019 £	31 December 2018 £
Accrued expenses	-	1,468
Amounts owed to group undertakings	700,000	700,000
	<u>700,000</u>	<u>701,468</u>

Amounts payable to other group undertakings is unsecured, repayable on demand and do not accrue interest.

11 Called up share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	31 December 2019 No.	£	31 December 2018 No.	£
Ordinary share capital of £1 each	<u>2,060,700</u>	<u>2,060,700</u>	<u>2,060,700</u>	<u>2,060,700</u>

Promanex (Total FM & Environmental Services) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019 (continued)

12 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Costain Limited.

The ultimate parent is Costain Group PLC.

The parent of the largest and smallest group producing publicly available financial statements in which these financial statements are consolidated is Costain Group PLC. These financial statements are available upon request from Costain House, Vanwall Business Park, Maidenhead, Berkshire, SL6 4UB.

The ultimate controlling party is Costain Group PLC.