# Foresight Factory International Limited Amended Unaudited Financial Statements 30 June 2018

#### **AMENDED**

- these accounts replace the original accounts
- are now the statutory accounts
- are prepared as they were at the date of the original accounts



#### **DON FISHER & CO LTD**

Chartered accountants
3.2 Central House
1 Ballards Lane
London
N3 1LQ

# Foresight Factory International Limited Amended Unaudited Financial Statements 30 June 2018

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1 Ballards Lane
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## **Financial Statements**

# Period from 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2018

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#### **Directors' Report**

## Period from 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2018

The directors present their report and the amended unaudited financial statements of the company for the period ended 30 June 2018.

These accounts are now the statutory accounts and replace the original accounts. They have been prepared as they were at the date of the original accounts.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the company during the period were as follows:

M Howard

C Jouan

M Quoirin

D Harrison

#### Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 21st January 2019, and signed on behalf of the board by:

C Jouan Director

Registered office: 81 Alie Street

London E1 8NH

## Statement of Income and Retained Earnings

## Period from 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2018

Turnavan	Note	Period from 1 Apr 17 to 30 Jun 18 £000 4,421	Year to 31 Mar 17 £000 3,565
Turnover		4,421	
Cost of sales		644	536
Gross profit		3,777	3,029
Administrative expenses		4,015	3,009
Operating (loss)/profit		(238)	20
Interest payable and similar expenses		37	11
(Loss)/profit before taxation	5	(275)	9
Tax on (loss)/profit		(92)	8
(Loss)/profit for the financial period and total comprehensive income		(183)	_ 1
Dividends paid and payable		-	(90)
Retained earnings at the start of the period		225	314
Retained earnings at the end of the period		42	225

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

#### Statement of Financial Position

#### 30 June 2018

	30 Jun 18		31 Mar 17
Note	£000	£000	£000
_			0.0
6		35	69
	497		455
7	941		1,151
	200		531
	1,638		2,137
•	4.550		1.650
8	1,553		1,650
		85	487
		120	556
9		77	306
		<del></del>	24
		43	226
		Le veri e	
		1	1
		42	225
		43	226
	6 7 8	Note £000  6  7	Note £000 £000  6 35  7 497 7 941 200 1,638 8 1,553  85 120  9 77

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

For the period ending 30 June 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

## Statement of Financial Position (continued)

#### 30 June 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21st January 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

C Jouan Director

Company registration number: 03202565

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### Period from 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2018

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 81 Alie Street, London, E1 8NH.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of services excluding value added tax generated through consultancy projects and subscription licences. Turnover from subscription licences is deferred over the subscription period on a straight line basis.

#### Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Period from 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2018

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Tangible assets (continued)

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold premises Equipment

20% straight line
 33% straight line

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Period from 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2018

### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Provisions (continued)

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

#### Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period amounted to 38 (2017; 38).

#### 5. Profit before taxation

Depreciation of tangible assets

(Loss)/profit before taxation is stated after charging:

Period from
1 Apr 17 to
30 Jun 18
£000
£000
31
31

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

## Period from 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2018

## 6. Tangible assets

	•			
		Land and buildings £000	Equipment £000	Total £000
	Cost At 1 April 2017 Additions	91	103 6	194 6
	At 30 June 2018	91	109	200
	<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 April 2017 Charge for the period	41 23	84 17	125 40
	At 30 June 2018	64	101	165
	Carrying amount At 30 June 2018	27	8	35
	At 31 March 2017	50	19	69
7.	Debtors			
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertaking the company has a participating interest Other debtors	s in which	30 Jun 18 £000 662 121 158 941	31 Mar 17 £000 716 221 214 1,151
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Trade creditors Corporation tax		30 Jun 18 £000 138	31 Mar 17 £000 137 3
	Social security and other taxes Funding Circle - current portion Other creditors		100 183 1,132	181 183 1,146
			1,553	1,650 
9.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one	year		
			30 Jun 18 £000	31 Mar 17 £000
	Loans		<b>77</b>	306

## 10. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

Loans from Directors are interest-free and are repayable on demand.

### Notes to the Detailed Income Statement

## Period from 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2018

Period from 1 Apr 17 to Year to 30 Jun 18 31 Mar 17 £000 £000

#### 11. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under the terms of FRS 8 "Related Party Disclosures" from disclosing transactions with other entities that fall within the group of companies owned 90% by the ultimate parent company.

## 12. Controlling party

The company's parent company and controlling party is New FF Limited, a company incorporated in England & Wales.