COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 03200226

Tyrex Auto Services Limited Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts For the Year Ended 30 June 2014

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Tyrex Auto Services Limited

Abbreviated Balance Sheet

30 June 2014

		2014		2013	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed Assets	2				
Intangible assets			-		-
Tangible assets			3,410		3,534
			3,410		3,534
Current Assets			3,410		0,004
Stocks		22,811		31,311	
Debtors		2,102		4,648	
Cash at bank and in hand		21,413		9,601	
					
		46,326		45,560	
Creditors: Amounts Falling due W	ithin	47.004		40.750	
One Year		17,964		18,758 	
Net Current Assets			28,362		26,802
Total Assets Less Current Liabiliti	ies		31,772		30,336
Provisions for Liabilities			562		127
	_		31,210		30,209
Capital and Reserves	•				
Called-up equity share capital	3		100		100
Profit and loss account	J		31,110		30,109
					
Shareholders' Funds			31,210		30,209

For the year ended 30 June 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Wadlow Esq

Company Registration Number: 03200226

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

Tyrex Auto Services Limited

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2014

1. Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Cash Flow Statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions in Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

Straight line method over ten years

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

25% reducing balance method

Fixtures & Fittings Motor Vehicles

25% reducing balance method 25% reducing balance method

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Tyrex Auto Services Limited

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2014

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. Fixed Assets

		Intangible	Tangible	
		Assets	Assets	Total
	Cost	£	£	£
	At 1 July 2013	10,434	31,669	42,103
	Additions	-	930	930
	Disposals	-	(2,000)	(2,000)
	At 30 June 2014	10,434	30,599	41,033
	Depreciation			
	At 1 July 2013	10,434	28,135	38,569
	Charge for year	_	1,006	1,006
	On disposals		<u>(1,952)</u>	(1,952)
	At 30 June 2014	<u>10,434</u>	27,189	37,623
	Net Book Value			
	At 30 June 2014	_	3,410	3,410
	At 30 June 2013		3,534	3,534
3.	Share Capital			
	Authorised share capital:			
		2014	ļ	2013
		£		£
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10	0	100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:			
		2014	2013	
	•	No £	No	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100 10		100
				
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