Company Registration No. 03190409 (England and Wales)	
CAMPDEN ESTATES LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

		2017		2016	i
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	4	187,515		225,603	
Cash at bank and in hand		52,668		27,337	
		240,183		252,940	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	5	(232,880)		(238,367)	
Net current assets			7,303		14,573
Het Current assets					————
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		1,200		1,200
Profit and loss reserves			6,103		13,373
Total equity			7,303		14,573

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 September 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr G Heah

Director

Company Registration No. 03190409

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Share capital Profit and loss reserves		Profit and ss reserves	Total	
	Notes	£	£	£	
Balance at 1 January 2016		1,200	197,371	198,571	
Year ended 31 December 2016: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Dividends	3		206,002 (390,000)	206,002 (390,000)	
Balance at 31 December 2016		1,200	13,373	14,573	
Year ended 31 December 2017: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Dividends	3	- -	242,730 (250,000)	242,730 (250,000)	
Balance at 31 December 2017		1,200	6,103	7,303	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Campden Estates Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 8 Weymouth Mews, London, W16 7EA.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

1.3 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.7 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Taxation 2017 2016 2017 2017 2016 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 2017 201				
Current tax UK corporation tax on profits for the current period 58,850 52,401	2	laxation	2017	2016
UK corporation tax on profits for the current period 58,850 52,401				
Dividends 2017 2016 £ £ £ E E E E E E E		Current tax		
Interim paid 250,000 390,000 250,000 390,000 250,000 390,000 250,000		UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	58,850	52,401
Interim paid 250,000 390,000 250,000 390,000 250,000 390,000 250,000				
Interim paid 250,000 390,000 250,000 390,000 250,000 390,000 250,000	3	Dividands		
Interim paid 250,000 390,000	•	Dividucido	2017	2016
4 Debtors 2017 2016 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ £ Corporation tax recoverable 102 - Amounts owed by group undertakings 117,000 117,000 Other debtors 70,413 108,603 187,515 225,603 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2017 2016 £ £ Trade creditors 40,981 54,873 Amounts due to group undertakings 90,000 90,000 Corporation tax 58,850 52,401 Other traxation and social security 13,049 11,093 Other creditors 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 6 Called up share capital issued and fully paid £ £ 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 1,200				
4 Debtors 2017 2016 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £ £ Corporation tax recoverable 102 - Amounts owed by group undertakings 117,000 117,000 Other debtors 70,413 108,603 187,515 225,603 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2017 2016 £ £ Trade creditors 40,981 54,873 Amounts due to group undertakings 90,000 90,000 Corporation tax 58,850 52,401 Other traxation and social security 13,049 11,093 Other creditors 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 6 Called up share capital issued and fully paid £ £ 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 1,200				
Amounts falling due within one year:		Interim paid	250,000	390,000
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Amounts falling due within one year:	4	Debtors		
Corporation tax recoverable 102 - Amounts owed by group undertakings 117,000 117,000 Other debtors 70,413 108,603 187,515 225,603 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2017 2016 £ £ Trade creditors 40,981 54,873 Amounts due to group undertakings 90,000 90,000 Corporation tax 58,850 52,401 Other taxation and social security 13,049 11,093 Other creditors 30,000 30,000 232,880 238,367 € Called up share capital 2017 2016 £ £ Ordinary share capital 2017 2016 Issued and fully paid 1,200 1,200 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 1,200	•	30000	2017	2016
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5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2017 2016 2 £				
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Trade creditors: amounts falling due within one year Trade creditors 40,981 54,873 Amounts due to group undertakings 90,000 90,000 Corporation tax 58,850 52,401 Other taxation and social security 13,049 11,093 Other creditors 30,000 30,000 232,880 238,367 Called up share capital Issued and fully paid 1,200 1,200 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 1,200			187.515	225.603
Trade creditors 40,981 54,873 Amounts due to group undertakings 90,000 90,000 Corporation tax 58,850 52,401 Other taxation and social security 13,049 11,093 Other creditors 30,000 30,000 Called up share capital Called up share capital Issued and fully paid 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 1,200				
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Amounts due to group undertakings 90,000 90,000 Corporation tax 58,850 52,401 Other taxation and social security 13,049 11,093 Other creditors 30,000 30,000 Called up share capital 2017 2016 £ Ordinary share capital 1ssued and fully paid 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 1,200		Trade creditors	40 981	54 873
Corporation tax 58,850 52,401 Other taxation and social security 13,049 11,093 Other creditors 30,000 30,000 232,880 238,367 E 2017 2016 £ £ Cordinary share capital issued and fully paid 1,200 1,200 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 1,200				
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6 Called up share capital 232,880 238,367 2017 2016 £ £ Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 I,200		Other taxation and social security	13,049	11,093
6 Called up share capital 2017 2016 £ Crdinary share capital Issued and fully paid 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each		Other creditors	30,000	30,000
6 Called up share capital 2017 2016 £ Crdinary share capital Issued and fully paid 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each				
6 Called up share capital 2017 2016 £ £ Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 — 1,200				238,367
2017 2016 £ £ Cordinary share capital Issued and fully paid 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 1,200				
2017 2016 £ £ Cordinary share capital Issued and fully paid 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 1,200	6	Called up share capital		
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Issued and fully paid 1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 1,200			£	£
1,200 Ordinary of £1 each 1,200 1,200 1,200				
			4.000	4.000
1,200 1,200		1,200 Ordinary of £1 each	1,200 	1,200
			1.200	1.200

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

7 Related party transactions

Included in debtors is £117,000 (2016 - £117,000) which is owed to the company by Langland Estates Limited.

Included in creditors is £70,000 (2016 - £70,000) owed to Campden Investments Limited and £20,000 (2016 - £20,000) owed to Highbridge Estates Limited.

Mr G Heah is a director of Langland Estates Limited. Campden Investments Limited is a shareholder in the company and also has shares in Highbridge Estates Limited.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.