REGISTRAP OF COMPANIES

Campden Estates Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 1999

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BDO Stoy Hayward Chartered Accountants

Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999

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Directors

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Directors

G S E Heah S Morris

Secretary and registered office

N Spice, 78 Wimpole Street, London, W1M 7DD.

Company number

3190409

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward, 8 Baker Street, London, W1M 1DA.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 1999

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 4 and shows the profit for the year.

During the year an interim dividend was paid of £100,000. The directors do not recommend the payment of any further dividends.

Principal activities, trading review and future developments

The company's principal activity is that of residential property lettings and management.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year and their interests in the ordinary share capital of the company were:

	Ordinary shar	Ordinary shares of £1 each	
	1999	1998	
G S E Heah	-	_	
S Morris	100	100	

G S E Heah is a director of Campden Investments Limited which owns 30% of the share capital of the company. His interest in the share capital of that company is disclosed in its directors' report.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 1999 (Continued)

NO Spiece 21/10/2000

Auditors

BDO Stoy Hayward have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

N Spice

Secretary

Date

Report of the auditors

To the shareholders of Campden Estates Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 10 which have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 6.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 1 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 1999 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

BDO STOY HAYWARD

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

London

31 October 2000

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 1999

18,446
70,437
21,991)
29,961
192
7,778
2,181
5,597
-
5,597
-

All amounts relate to continuing activities.
All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 31 December 1999

	Note	1999		1998	
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9		-		1,862
Current assets					
Debtors	10	50,531		53,126	
Cash at bank and in hand		56,036		37,490	
		106,567		90,616	
Monies held on behalf of clients				401.507	
Clients monies held Amounts owed to clients		555,714 (555,714)		481,786	
Amounts owed to chems		(555,714)		(481,786)	
Creditors: amounts falling due		-		-	
within one year	11	71,043		85,084	
Net current assets			35,524		5,532
			35,524		7,394
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account	13		34,524		6,394
Shareholders' funds			35,524		7,394
					

All amounts included within capital and reserves relate to equity.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 31.10.00

G S E Heah Director

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to outside customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off cost, less estimated residual values of all fixed assets over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Fixtures and fittings - 25% straight line

Deferred taxation

Provision is made for timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, except that no provision is made where it can be reasonably foreseen that such deferred taxation will not be payable in the future.

Operating leases

Annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

2 Turnover

Turnover is attributable to one activity, the letting management of residential properties and arises wholly within the United Kingdom.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999 (Continued)

3	Employees	4000	4000
		1999 £	1998
	Staff costs for all employees, including directors, consist of:	£	£
	Wages and salaries	150,337	104,784
	Social security costs	16,549	10,108
		166,886	114,892
	The average monthly number of employees during the	Number	Number
	year was as follows:		
	Full time	3	3
	Part time	1	-
		4	3
4	Directors' emoluments		
		1999 £	1998 £
		ı.	T.
	Remuneration	66,870 ———	59,823
5	Operating profit/(loss)		
J	Operating pronuctoss)	1999	1998
		£	£
	This is arrived at after charging:		
	Depreciation	1,862	1,861
	Auditors' remuneration - audit services	4,000	3,750
	- non-audit services	4,965	2,500
	Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	7,500	7,500
	- other	4,639	2,204
6	Interest payable		
U	interest payable	1999	1998
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	210	192
		-	

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999 (Continued)

7	Taxation on profit from ordinary activities		
	•	1999	1998
		£	£
	UK corporation tax	32,669	2,181
8	Dividends		
		1999	1998
		£	£
	£100 per ordinary share	100,000	-
9	Tangible assets		
	Tungiore assets		Fixtures
			and fittings
			£
	Cost		
	Brought forward and at end of year		5,584
			
	Depreciation At 1 January 1999		3,722
	Charge for year		1,862
	At 31 December 1999		5,584
	Net book value	•	
	At 31 December 1999		
	At 31 December 1998		1,862

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999 (Continued)

10	Debtors		
		1999 £	1998 £
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income	6,917 43,614	53,126
	1 repayments and accrued meome		
		50,531	53,126
	All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.		
11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4000	
		1999 £	1998 £
	Trade creditors	16 500	0.000
	Other creditors	16,592 219	9,090 219
	Taxation and social security	15,488	9,269
	Corporation tax	32,669	2,181
	Accruals	6,075	64,325
		71,043	85,084
12	Share capital		
		Autho	
		1999 £	1998 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
		1999	1998
		£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
	At 1 January 1999	1,000	900
	Issued at par during the year	-	100
	At 31 December 1999	1,000	1,000

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1999 (Continued)

13	Movement on reserves	Profit and loss account £
	At 1 January 1999 Profit for year	6,394 28,130
	At 31 December 1999	34,524

14 Commitments under operating leases

As at 31 December 1999, the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

1999		1998	
d and dings Othe £ £	Land and buildings		
200	,,500	2,204	
		4.620	

15 Related party transactions

The Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 Related Party disclosures ('FRS8') requires the disclosure of information relating to material transactions with parties who are deemed to be related to the reporting entity.

During the year the company was charged management and administration fees of £31,172 (1998 - £71,000) by Campden Investments Limited.

Campden Estates Limited is an associated undertaking of Campden Investments Limited.

The company was also charged £7,500 (1998 - £7,500) for rent by Northacre Limited a shareholder in the company. The rent is charged on an arms length basis under normal commercial terms.