AIR HARRODS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Period ended 28 January 2012

Company no 3165147

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Report of the directors	1 to 3
Independent Auditors' Report	4 to 5
Principal accounting policies	6 to 7
Profit and Loss Account	8
Balance Sheet	9
Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses	10
Notes to the Financial Statements	11 to 25

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report together with the financial statements for the period ended 28 January 2012

Principal activity

The company provides a premium executive helicopter charter service

Business review

There was a loss for the year after taxation amounting to £2.3 million (2011 £2.6 million), this included an exceptional charge of £0.6 million (2011 £1.3 million) for an onerous lease as described in note 3.

Directors

The present membership of the Board is set out below

K A Bayes (resigned 18 May 2012)

P D Norton

S Tierney (resigned 17 July 2012)

A M Al-Sayed

H Al-Abdulla

K Al Kuwarı

K Maamria

Policy and practice on payment of creditors

It is the company's policy to agree payment terms as part of any formal contract with a supplier and to make every endeavour to abide by the agreed terms. Where a purchase is not covered by a formal contract, and no agreement is reached in advance of raising an order, the policy is that any valid invoice will be paid in full. The company is sympathetic to, and pays particular attention to, the cash flow needs of its smaller suppliers. Trade creditors at the period end amounted to 21 days (22 days) of average supplied for the period.

Credit risk

The company's principal credit risk relates to the recovery of trade debtors. In order to manage credit risk the directors set limits for customers based on a combination of payment history and references. Credit limits are reviewed by the credit controller on a regular basis in conjunction with debt ageing and collection history.

Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk is limited through the use of fixed interest rates on inter company loans

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as each of the directors is aware

- · there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor are unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor are aware of that information

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP, having expressed their willingness to continue in office, will be deemed reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with Section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006 unless the company receives notice under Section 488(1) of the Act

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Approved by the Board on 11 · 10 · 12 and signed on its behalf by

P D Norton Director

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR TO THE MEMBERS OF AIR HARRODS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Air Harrods Limited for the period from 30 January 2011 to 28 January 2012 which comprises the Principal Accounting Policies on pages 6-7, the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes 1 to 20 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 2), the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28 January 2012 and of its loss for the period then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the directors for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR TO THE MEMBERS OF AIR HARRODS LIMITED

continued

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Philippa Jane Green Senior Statutory Auditor

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants

Era + You we

London

Date 17-10-2012

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with United Kingdom applicable accounting standards

Air Harrods Limited's parent undertaking, Harrods Group (Holding) Limited (formerly Qatar Holding UK Limited) produces a consolidated cash flow statement in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 1 "Cash Flow Statements" ("FRS 1") Consequently the company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 1 from producing a cash flow statement

The company is also exempt under the terms of FRS 8, "Related Party Disclosures", from disclosing related party transactions with other group companies

The principal accounting policies of the company are set out below

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the assumption that other group companies will make adequate funds available to the company, should they be required, for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements and will not seek repayment of the amounts currently made available if this would adversely impact the position of the company

Turnover

Turnover represents the total amount receivable by the company for services provided, excluding VAT

Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land by equal annual instalments over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are

Equipment 20% - 33%

Aircraft which are acquired as long-term business assets are depreciated over their expected useful lives at 3% of their cost on a straight line basis

Leased assets

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on an undiscounted basis on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is included as an exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss account

Contributions to pensions

Defined Contribution Scheme

The pension costs charged against profits represent the amount of the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period

Defined Benefit Scheme

The company is a member of the Harrods Group Pension Plan under which retirement benefits are funded by contributions from the company Payment is made to the pension trust, which is separate from the company and Harrods Holdings Group, in accordance with calculations made periodically by consulting actuaries

The company has adopted the provisions of FRS 17 'Retirement Benefits' Scheme assets are measured at fair values. Scheme liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method and are discounted at appropriate high quality corporate bond rates. The net surplus or deficit, adjusted for deferred tax, is presented separately from other net assets on the balance sheet. A net surplus is recognized only to the extent that it is recoverable by the company. The amount charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the current service cost of providing the benefits, curtailment and settlement gains and losses and financial returns on the pension fund, all reflected in the period to which they relate. The current service costs and costs from settlement and curtailments are charged against operating profit. Past service costs are spread over the period until the benefit increases vest. Interest on the scheme liabilities and the expected return on scheme assets are included in other finance costs. Actuarial gains and losses are recorded through the statement of recognized gains and losses. Disclosure has been made of the assets and liabilities of the scheme under FRS 17 in note 17 to the accounts.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the period ended 28 January 2012

Turnavas	Note 1	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £ 000 3,228	52 weeks ended 29 January 2011 £ 000 2,966
Turnover	'	5,220	2,300
Cost of sales		(5,462)	(5,854)
Gross loss		(2,234)	(2,888)
Other operating income	2	1	6
Other administration charges		(331)	(349)
Operating loss		(2,564)	(3,231)
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(611)	(502)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	3	(3,175)	(3,733)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	6	863	1,069
Loss for the financial period	13	(2,312)	(2,664)

All transactions arise from continuing operations

BALANCE SHEET AT 28 January 2012

Creditors Amounts falling due after more than

	Note	2012 £ 000	2011 £ 000
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets	7	3,208	3,319
Current assets Debtors	8	4,098	4,296
Cash at bank and in hand		148	79
		4,246	4,375
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	9	(2,247)	(1,037)
Net current assets		1,999	3, <u>338</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		5,207	6,657

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The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 1.10.12 and signed on its behalf by

P D Norton Director

one year

Net liabilities

Provisions for liabilities

Capital and reserves

Called up share capital Profit and loss account

Shareholders' deficit

Company registration no 3165147

PD Nort

29 January

(8,580)

(2,834)

(4,757)

10,700

(15,457<u>)</u> (4,757)

28 January

(8,898)

(3,412) (7,103)

10,700

(17,803)

(7,103)

Other Primary Statements

For the period ended 28 January 2012

Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses

Statement of Total Recognised Gams and Losses		
	52 weeks	52 weeks
	ended 28	ended 29
	January	January
	2012	2011
	£ 000	£ 000
Loss for the financial period	(2,312)	(2,664)
Actuarial loss on pension scheme	(46)	(166)
Deferred tax relating to FRS 17	12	20
Total recognised losses for the period	(2,346)	(2,810)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

1 Turnover

in the opinion of the directors, the company conducts only one class of business, in one significant geographical area, being the United Kingdom

2 Other operating income

Other income of £500 (2011 £6,000) was received from non-trading rental income during the period

3 Loss on ordinary activities before taxation

The loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after

	52 weeks ended 28	52 weeks ended 29
	January 2012	January 2011
	£ 000	£ 000
	£ 000	£ 000
Auditors' remuneration Audit services	14	12
Depreciation Tangible fixed assets owned	117	118
Other operating lease rentals	1,134	1,141
Exceptional provision for onerous lease	575	1,300

The directors consider that a provision of £0 6m (2011 £1 3m) was necessary to meet the expected future costs of two helicopter leases, on the aircrafts known as G-FULM and G-WiWi The company is obligated to pay lease rentals until 2015 and 2018 respectively, but sees no way in the current market of these helicopters making a profit during this period. The provision represents the best estimate of the minimum future rental liabilities through to an estimated date of the obligation ceasing, either by lease cancellation following a disposal or sub-lease to a third party

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

4 Interest payable and similar charges

	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £ 000	52 weeks ended 29 January 2011 £ 000
Interest receivable		
Other interest receivable	-	•
Payable to group undertakings		
Loans repayable wholly or in part after 5 years	(597)	(479)
Bank loan	(45)	(5.4)
Loans repayable wholly or in part within 5 years	(45)	(54)
Exceptional gain on revaluation of US Dollar denominated deposits	31	31
	(611)	(502)

5 Directors and employees

Staff costs during the period were as follows

	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £ 000	52 weeks ended 29 January 2011 £ 000
Wages and salaries	908	880
Social security costs	102	94
Staff pensions	69	65
	1,079	1,039

The average number of employees of the company during the period was 12 (2011 11)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

Remuneration in respect of directors was as follows

	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £ 000	52 weeks ended 29 January 2011 £ 000
Salary	120	148
Other pension costs	9	10
	129	158

During the period one director (2011 one) participated in defined contribution pension schemes

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

6 Tax on loss on ordinary activities

The tax credit is based on the loss for the period and represents		
	52 weeks	52 weeks
	ended 28	ended 29
	January	January 2011
	2012 £ 000	£ 000
	£ 000	£ 000
Group relief receivable	(877)	(1,086)
	(877)	(1,086)
Deferred tax	2	(3)
Deletted tax	-	(0)
FRS 17 Deferred tax	12	20
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	(863)	(1,069)
,		
Factors affecting tax credit for period		
The tax assessed for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom 26 32% (2011 28%) The differences are explained as follows		
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(3,175)	(3,733)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom of 26 32% (2011 28%) Effect of	(836)	(1,045)
Prior period adjustment	-	25
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1	1
Capital allowances for the period in excess of depreciation	(24)	(33)
•	(6)	(14)
General provisions	•	• •
Pensions	(12)	(20)
Total current tax credit for period	(877)	(1,086)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period ended 28 January 2012

7 Tangible fixed assets

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		Aircraft and equipment £ 000
Cost At 30 January 2011		3,684
Additions		
At 28 January 2012		3,691
Depreciation At 30 January 2011		366
Provided in the period		117
At 28 January 2012		483
Net book value		
At 28 January 2012		3,208
At 29 January 2011		3,318
3 Debtors		
	28 January 2012 £ 000	29 January 2011 £ 000
Trade debtors	204	226
Amounts owed by other group undertakings	877	1,086
Other debtors - Security deposit on operating leases	2,762	2,731
Prepayments and accrued income	255	253
	4,098	4,296

The security deposit is secured against the obligations of Fayair (Jersey) Co Limited, formally a related party

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	28 January 2012 £ 000	29 January 2011 £ 000
Trade creditors	484	274
Bank loan	1,410	338
Accruals and deferred income	353	425
	2,247	1,037

10 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	28 January 2012 £ 000	29 January 2011 £ 000
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	1,410
Amounts owed to group undertakings	8,898	7,170
	8,898	8,580

Amounts due to group undertakings are unsecured and have no fixed date of payment. Interest is charged on balances outstanding at the rate of 7.11% per annum netted against cash balances at base rate.

Amounts due in respect of bank loans are secured against an Air Harrods helicopter. Interest is payable monthly over five years. Bank loans are repayable in equal monthly instalments of £28k from 24 December 2007 to October 2012, followed by a balloon payment of £1,156k payable in November 2012.

Borrowings

Borrowings are repayable as follows

	28 January 2012 £ 000	29 January 2011 £ 000
Within one year Bank loans	1,410	338
After one and within two years Bank loans	-	1,410
After five years Amounts owed to parent undertaking	8,898	7,170
	10,308	8,918

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

11 Deferred taxation and provisions for liabilities

Deferred taxation provided for in the financial statements is set out below. There were no un-provided amounts of deferred taxation at 28 January 2012 or 29 January 2011

	Deferred Tax £ 000	Onerous Lease Provision £ 000	Total £ 000
At 30 January 2011	(335)	(2,500)	(2,835)
Charged to the profit and loss account	(2)	(575)	(577)
At 28 January 2012	(337)	(3,075)	(3,412)
Analysis of deferred tax			28 January 2012 £ 000
Deferred tax for current year			32
Deferred tax due to change in tax rate (from 27% f	o 25%)		(30)
Deferred tax charged to the profit and loss accoun	t		2

Legislation was introduced in the Finance Act 2011 to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 27% to 26% with effect from 1 April 2011 and to 25% with effect from 1 April 2012. The effect of these tax rate reductions is reflected in the recognised deferred tax liability of £337k.

On 21 March 2012 as part of the 2012 Budget, the UK government announced its intention to legislate to further reduce the rate to 24% with effect from 1 April 2012 and further, by 1% per annum falling to 22% with effect from 1 April 2014. These changes were not substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and therefore are not reflected in the closing deferred tax asset. The directors estimate the effect of these rate changes would be to reduce the deferred tax liability by 40k.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

12Called up share capital

12 Cance ap characteristic		
	28 January 2012 £ 000	29 January 2011 £ 000
Authorised	2000	2 333
10,700,100 ordinary shares of £1 each	10,700	10,700
Allotted, called up and fully paid 10,700,002 ordinary shares of £1 each	10,700	10,700
13Reserves		
		Profit and loss account £ 000
At 30 January 2011		(15,457)
Loss retained for the period Actuarial loss on pension schemes		(2,312) (46)
Deferred tax relating to FRS 17	_	12
At 28 January 2012		(17,803)
14Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		
	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £ 000	ended 29 January 2011
Retained loss for the period Actuarial loss - FRS17	(2,312) (46)	
Deferred tax relating to FRS 17 Net reduction to shareholders' funds	(2,346)	(2,810)
Shareholders' deficit at start of period	(4,757)	(1,947)
Shareholders' deficit at end of period	(7,103)	(4,757)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

15Capital commitments

Amounts contracted for but not provided in the financial statements amounted to £nil (2011 - £nil)

16Contingent assets/ liabilities

The Harrods Holdings Group's cash netting is guaranteed by Air Harrods Limited and other Group companies

There were no other contingent liabilities at 28 January 2012 or 29 January 2011

17 Retirement benefit obligations

Stakeholder Scheme

The Group operates the Harrods Retirement Savings Plan, which is an approved defined contribution scheme, it was established in April 2006 and is provided and managed by Fidelity International. The pension cost charge for the period represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme and amounted to £69k (2011 - £65k)

Contributions totalling £nil (2011 - £nil) were payable to the scheme at the end of the period and are included in creditors

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

Defined Benefit Pension Scheme ("the Plan")

During the period the group operated the Harrods Group Pension Plan ("the Plan"), which is an approved defined benefit scheme, administered by Mercer This scheme was closed to new membership and new accruals in April 2006

The funding position of the Plan is monitored by the Trustee and the Harrods Group on a quarterly basis and formally reviewed at each triennial actuarial valuation, or more frequently as required by the Pensions Act 2004

An actuarial valuation of the Plan as at 5 April 2009 on a Scheme Specific Funding basis was carried out by the Scheme Actuary. The deficit on this basis was £103 0m as at 5 April 2009. An updated funding position at 31 December 2009 revealed a shortfall in assets of £88 0m, on which a recovery plan was based as agreed with the Plan Trustees.

In order for the Plan to be fully funded by 31 January 2014, the Trustees and Principal Employer agreed the following on 25 August 2010

- Annual contributions totalling £14 0m per annum payable in each of January 2011, January 2012, January 2013 and January 2014
- Plan expenses (including any insurance premiums and PPF levies) of £1 0m per annum to continue to be met by the Employers
- Recognising the risks inherent in the performance of the financial markets during the deficit correction period, the principal employer has also agreed to fund any deficits outside an agreed tolerance band during this period

During the period ended 28 January 2012, the participating employers made total contributions to the plan of £17 2m (2011 £31 6m)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

Financial Reporting Standard 17 Disclosures

Mercer, the actuaries and administrators to the plan, as appointed by the Pension Trustees, carried out a valuation of the plan's assets and liabilities

The major assumptions used by the actuary were

	28 January 2012	29 January 2011
	%	%
Discount rate	4.7	56
Future pension increases	2.3	3 1
Inflation assumption	3 1	3 6
Expected return on scheme assets - equity	6 2	7 6
Expected return on scheme assets - cash	2 6	4 0
Expected return on scheme assets - other	4 4	57
Post retirement (at age 60) mortality assumptions		
Current pensioners at retirement age - men	28 3	28 1
Current pensioners at retirement age - women	30 9	30 8
Future pensioners at retirement age - men	31 5	31 3
Future pensioners at retirement age - women	34 1	34 0
Scheme assets		
Changes in the fair value of scheme assets are as follows		
	52 weeks	52 weeks
	ended 28	ended 29
	January 2012	January 2011
	£ 000	£ 000
Fair value at start of period	1,212	1,097
Expected return on assets	54	53
Actuarial gains and losses	9	24
Employer contributions	46	72
Benefits paid	(33)	(34)
Transfers	(167)	
Fair value at end of period	1,121	1,212

Pension scheme assets have been reallocated between group companies to bring allocations into line with actuarial valuations to ensure that the same principle of allocation be used across both the scheme assets and liabilities. The allocation adjustment is disclosed under the "Transfers" line in the changes of fair value of scheme assets section above

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

Analysis of assets

The major categories of scheme assets are as follows

	28 January 2012 £ 000	29 January 2011 £ 000
Equity instruments	345	358
Debt instruments	442	338
Cash	161	349
Other assets	173	167
	1,121	1,212
Actual return on scheme's assets		
	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £ 000	52 weeks ended 29 January 2011 £ 000
Actual return on scheme assets	63	77

The pension scheme has not invested in any of the company's own financial instruments or in properties or other assets used by the company

The overall expected return on assets assumption is derived as the weighted average of the expected returns from each of the main asset classes

Scheme liabilities

Changes in the present value of scheme liabilities are as follows

	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £ 000	52 weeks ended 29 January 2011 £ 000
Present value at start of period	989	966
Actuanal gains and losses	104	4
Interest cost	54	53
Benefits paid	(33)	(34)
Present value at end of period	1,114	989
Analysed as		
Present value arising from wholly or partly funded schemes	1,114	989

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

Reconciliation of scheme assets and liabilities to assets and liabilities recognised

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows

	28 January 2012 £ 000	29 January 2011 £ 000
Fair value of scheme assets	1,121	1,212
Present value of scheme liabilities	(1,114)	(989)
	7	223
Irrecoverable surplus	(7)	(223)
Net asset/(liability) in the balance sheet		
Amounts recognised in the profit and loss account		
	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012 £ 000	52 weeks ended 29 January 2011 £ 000
Amounts recognised in operating loss		
Recognised in arriving at operating loss		
Amounts recognised in other finance cost Interest cost	54	53
Expected return on scheme assets	(54)	(53)
Recognised in other finance cost		
Total recognised in the profit and loss account		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

Amounts recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses

	52 weeks ended 28 January 2012	52 weeks ended 29 January 2011
Effect of surplus cap	£ 000 49	£ 000 (223)
Other actuarial (losses)/gains	(95)	20
Actuarial gains and losses recognised in the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses	(46)	(203)

The cumulative amount of actuarial losses recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses since 1 January 2002 is £398k (2011 - £353k)

History of experience adjustments on scheme assets and liabilities

Amounts for the current and previous 4 periods are as follows

	28 January 2012 £ 000	29 January 2011 £ 000	30 January 2010 £ 000	31 January 2009 £ 000	2 February 2008 £ 000
Fair value of scheme assets Present value of scheme	1,121	1,212	1,097	911	1,028
liabilities	(1,114)	(989)	(966)	(765)	(820)
Surplus in scheme	7	223	131	146	208
Experience adjustments	28 January	29 January	30 January	31 January	2 February
	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000	£ 000
Experience adjustments arising on scheme assets	9	24	85	(171)	(4)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period ended 28 January 2012

18Leasing commitments

Operating lease payments amounting to £1,178k (2011 £1,183k) are due within one year. The leases to which these amounts relate expire as follows

	28 January 2012 £ 000	29 January 2011 £ 000
Land and buildings		
Within one year	44	42
Other		
Within two and five years	1,134	1,141

19 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related party disclosures" and has not disclosed transactions with group undertakings

20 Ultimate parent undertaking

The immediate parent undertaking of Air Harrods Limited is Harrods Aviation Limited

The largest and smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are publicly available is Harrods Group (Holding) Limited (formerly Qatar Holding UK Limited, a company registered in England and Wales) The group financial statements will be filed with the Registrar of Companies in due course

The company is an indirect 100% subsidiary of Qatar Holding LLC which is the strategic investment arm of Qatar Investment Authority. The ultimate controlling party is Qatar Investment Authority.