

Registered Number 03154990

ABK Consultants Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

31 May 2012

ABK Consultants Limited

Registered Number 03154990

Balance Sheet as at 31 May 2012

	Notes	2012	2011
		£	£
Fixed assets	2		
Tangible		12,728	13,471
		<u>12,728</u>	<u>13,471</u>
Current assets			
Debtors		309,946	217,085
Cash at bank and in hand		126,898	55,929
Total current assets		<u>436,844</u>	<u>273,014</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(210,098)	(117,291)
Net current assets (liabilities)		226,746	155,723
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>239,474</u>	<u>169,194</u>
Provisions for liabilities		(1,903)	(1,973)
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>237,571</u>	<u>167,221</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	9	9
Profit and loss account		237,562	167,212
Shareholders funds		<u>237,571</u>	<u>167,221</u>

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- a. For the year ending 31 May 2012 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
 - b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
 - c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
 - d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 14 August 2012

And signed on their behalf by:

A Frost, Director

K Gerrard, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 31 May 2012

1 Accounting policies**Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax. In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Fixtures & Fittings	25% Reducing Balance
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2 **Fixed Assets**

	Tangible Assets	Total
	£	£
Cost or valuation		
At 01 June 2011	63,108	63,108
Additions	3,499	3,499
At 31 May 2012	<u>66,607</u>	<u>66,607</u>
Depreciation		
At 01 June 2011	49,637	49,637
Charge for year	4,242	4,242
At 31 May 2012	<u>53,879</u>	<u>53,879</u>
Net Book Value		
At 31 May 2012	12,728	12,728
At 31 May 2011	<u>13,471</u>	<u>13,471</u>

3 **Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year**

4 **Share capital**

	2012	2011
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		
1000 Ordinary of £1 each	1,000	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
9 Ordinary of £1 each	9	9