# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31ST DECEMBER 2006

TUESDAY



16/10/2007 COMPANIES HOUSE

289

Company No 03120645

## **DIRECTORS**

D T Bahar Dr H Marko D Mateschitz

## **SECRETARY**

Laytons Secretaries Limited Carmelite 50 Victoria Embankment Blackfriars London EC4Y 0LS

## **AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Building 2 Bradbourne Drive Tilbrook Milton Keynes MK7 8AT

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors submit their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st December 2006

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £37,000 (2005 - £34,000) The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company during the year was the management of a formula one motor racing team. Activities undertaken during the year have been for the benefit of Red Bull Racing Partnership and recharged accordingly

The company's turnover achieved during the year under review was £11,264,000 (2005 - £10,765,000)

The company's profit after tax during the year under review was £37,000 (2005 - £34,000)

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company's principal risk is to the level of financial contributions toward its racing programme it receives Contributions are dependent upon the underlying performance of the company's racing activities which has seen recent improvement and is expected to continue to improve in the future

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The directors aim to maintain the management policies which have resulted in the company's growth in recent years

## **EVENTS SINCE THE BALANCE SHEET DATE**

On 1 January 2007, Red Bull Racing Partnership entered into arrangements under which it transferred all of its assets and liabilities to its two partners Red Bull Racing Technology Limited and Red Bull Racing Limited for considerations equivalent to the book value of the assets and liabilities transferred to each partner Red Bull Racing Partnership was subsequently dissolved

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The financial statements are prepared in terms of the going concern principle on the basis that the company's parent undertaking, Red Bull GmbH, will continue to provide such financial support as is necessary to maintain the company as a going concern for a period of not less than one year from the date of approval of these financial statements

#### **DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTEREST**

The directors who held office during the year are given below

D T Bahar

17

A S Collins (resigned 18 December 2006)

H Marko, Dr

D Mateschitz

None of the directors or their families had a notifiable interest in the share capital of the company or any other UK group company during the year under review

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

As part of the review, the Directors have considered the exposure of the company to liquidity risk and foreign exchange risk, in order that an overall assessment can be made of the group's assets, liabilities, its financial position and its results for the year. The company does not use derivative financial instruments to manage interest rate costs and as such, no hedge accounting is applied.

Liquidity risk

The company is funded through its retained profits and intercompany balances. The directors actively consider other sources of funding to ensure that the company has sufficient available funds for its operations.

Foreign exchange risk

The company has foreign currency transactions denominated in Euro, USD and other currencies 
The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing risks arising from the company's operations

#### **AUDITORS**

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting

#### DIRECTORS' STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who were members of the board at the time of approving the directors' report are listed on page 1. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and of the company's auditors, each of these directors confirms that

- To the best of each director's knowledge and belief, there is no information relevant to the preparation of their report of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- Each director has taken all the steps a director might reasonably be expected to have taken to be aware
  of relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

By order of the board

Laytons Secretaries Limited

Company Secretary

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

#### **RED BULL RACING LIMITED**

We have audited the company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 19. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

Const Mang UP May 2007 Ernst & Young LLP Registered auditor

London Date

## **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2006

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2006</u> £'000	<u>2005</u> £'000
TURNOVER	2	11,264	10,765
Cost of sales		(840)_	(2,323)
GROSS PROFIT		10,424	8,442
Total administrative costs		(10,423)	<u>(8,441)</u>
OPERATING PROFIT	4	1	1
Income from investment in Partnership		25	25
Interest receivable and similar income		•	1
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(1)	(2)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		25	25
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	12_	9
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	13	37	34

## STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES for the year ended 31 December 2006

There are no gains and losses other than the profit above

The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these accounts

## **BALANCE SHEET**

## **31ST DECEMBER 2006**

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2006</u> £'000	<u>2005</u> £'000
FIXED ASSETS		2 000	2 000
Tangible assets	8	12,196	10,368
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors Cash	9	48,911 16_	16,725 54
		48,927	16,779
CREDITORS - amounts falling due within one year	10	(59,780)	(26,916)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(10,853)	(10,137)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,343	231
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	11	(1,087)	(12)
		256	219
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12 13	1,000 (744)	1,000 (781)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	14	256	219

The financial statements on pages 6 to 14 were approved by the board of directors on 16 March 2007 and were signed on its behalf by

40 Mateschitz

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 31ST DECEMBER 2006

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the UK

A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below

#### Turnover

Turnover represents contributions towards the race programme received and receivable net of value added tax

#### Depreciation

Provision for depreciation of tangible fixed assets, is made on the straight line basis at rates calculated to write off the cost of the assets, less their estimated residual values, over their expected useful economic lives, which are considered to be

Leasehold improvements

over remaining period of lease

Motor vehicles
Office and workshop equipment

3 - 4 years3 - 7 years

Wind tunnel

20 years

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

#### Lease agreements

Payments under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on the straight line basis over the term of the lease

#### Cash flow statement

The Company has taken the exemption available under FRS 1 not to prepare a cash flow statement as it is included in the publicly available group financial statements of its parent

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with following exception

 Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 31ST DECEMBER 2006

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Fixed assets**

Fixed assets is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses

## Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are converted at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. All translation differences are taken to the profit and loss account as they arise

#### Research and development expenditure

Research and development expenditure is charged to the profit and loss account as incurred

#### **Pensions**

The cost of contributions paid to defined contribution personal pension schemes is charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which the contributions are payable

#### Dismantling provision

Provision for dismantling, removing temporary structures and restoring leasehold properties is recognised at the present value of the estimated future expenditure. A corresponding tangible fixed asset of an amount equivalent to the provision is also created. This is depreciated over the remaining lease term. Any change in the present value of the estimated expenditure is reflected as an adjustment to the provision.

#### 2 TURNOVER

Turnover, which is net of value added tax, represents income derived from formula one racing agreements

Turnover is attributable to one continuing activity, the management of a formula one motor racing team

3.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	<u>2006</u> £'000	<u>2005</u> £'000
	Bank overdraft Amounts payable to group companies	1	2 - 2
4	OPERATING PROFIT  Operating profit for the year was arrived at after charging/(crediting)	<u>2006</u> £'000	<u>2005</u> £'000
	Depreciation on tangible fixed assets  Owned  Held under finance lease  Profit on disposal of fixed assets  Operating lease rentals of	767 - (197)	115 - -
	Land and buildings Auditors' remuneration - audit - non audit fees relating to taxation Net loss/(profit)on foreign currency translation	582 49 2 181	617 38 65 (679)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31ST DECEMBER 2006

5	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS	<u>2006</u> £'000	<u>2005</u> £'000
	Emoluments		-
	Company contributions paid to defined contribution pension scheme	•	
	The amounts in respect of the highest paid director are as follows		
	Emoluments		
	Company contributions paid to defined contribution pension scheme		
	No payments have been made to any director during the period		
6.	EMPLOYEES	2006	<u>2005</u>
	The average number, including directors, employed by the company during the year was as follows	No. of em	oloyees
	Design Racing and Production Administration	- - 	- - -
	The related staff costs amounted to	£'000	£'000
	Wages and salaries Pension costs	- -	539 8
		-	547
7.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	<u>2006</u> £'000	<u>2005</u> £'000
(a)	Tax credit for the year		
	UK corporation tax on profit		
	Current year	-	-
	Prior year Total current tax credit		(21)
	Deferred tax – origination and reversal of timing differences (note 11) Total tax credit	(1 <u>2)</u> (12)	12 (9)
(b)	Current tax reconciliation		
	Profit before tax on ordinary activities	25	25_
	Profit on ordinary activities at 30%  Difference in tax and accounting profit of share in Partnership  Non deductible items	8 - 127	8 8 19
	Depreciation and impairment in excess of capital allowances Group relief surrendered for nil payment Adjustment in respect of prior year	132 (267)	(336) 301 (21)
		-	(21)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31ST DECEMBER 2006

## 7. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

## (C) Factors that may affect future tax charges

The company has estimated tax losses of £1,178,551 (2005 - £2,069,116) that are available indefinitely for offset against future taxable profits of the company arising from the same trade. A deferred tax asset of £353,565 (2005 - £620,735) has not been recognised in respect of these losses since the benefit of the losses will only accrue when future taxable profits are generated. Further a deferred tax asset of £92,000 (2005 – deferred tax liability £67,000) in respect of decelerated (2005 – accelerated) capital allowance has not been recognised.

#### 8 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

ŭ	Cost	Leasehold improvements £'000	Assets in the course of construction £'000	Office and workshop equipment £'000	Land and buildings £'000	Total £'000
	At 1 January 2006	5,260	11,861		9,185	26,306
	Additions	1,904	676	_	4,016	6,596
	Disposals	-	(199)	(3,802)	, -	(4,001)
	Transfers	-	(11,861)	3,802	8,059	-
	At 31 December 2006	7,164	477		21,260	28,901
	Depreciation At 1 January 2006	3,905	4,006	-	8,027	15,938
	Charge for year	425	-	-	342	767
	Disposals Transfers	<u>-</u>	(4,006)	-	4,006	
	At 31 December 2006	4,330			12,375	16,705
	Net book value At 31 December 2006	2,834	477		8,885	12,196
	At 31 December 2005	1,355	7,855		1,158	10,368
9.	DEBTORS				2006 £'000	<u>2005</u> £'000
	Amounts falling due w Trade debtors	ithin one year			344	2
	Amounts owed by group Other debtors	undertakıngs			46,092	14,886 2
	Prepayments and accrue	ed income			2,475	1,835
					48,911	16,725
10.	CREDITORS - amounts	falling due within	one year		2006	<u>2005</u>
					£'000	£'000
	Trade creditors				123	467
	Amounts owed to group u				56,753	24,703
	Other taxes and social se	curity			1,003	578 63
	Other creditors				44 885	62 367
	VAT Liability Accruals and deferred inc	ome			693	454
	Creditors for capital exper				279	285
	T. Cantor C. Or Capital CAPOI			<del></del>	59,780	26,916
					<del></del>	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 31ST DECEMBER 2006

## 11. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

The movements in provisions for liabilities during the current year are as follows

		Deferred tax £'000	Dismantling provision £'000	Total £'000
	At 1 January 2006 Reversal during the year Provision made during the year	12 (12)	- - 1,087	12 (12) 1,087
	At 31 December 2006		1,087	1,087
	DEFERRED TAXATION		Share of partnership	Total
	Deferred tax provided		£'000	£'000
	Brought forward Credited/(charged) to profit and loss account (note 7) Carried forward		(12) 12	(12) 12 -
12.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL  Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		<u>2006</u> £'000	<u>2005</u> £'000
	1,000,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		1,000	1,000
13.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		<u>2006</u> £'000	<u>2005</u> £'000
	At 1 January Profit for the financial year		(781) 	(815) 34
	At 31 December		(744)	(781)
14.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOL	DERS' FUNDS	2006 £'000	<u>2005</u> £'000
	Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the year		219 37	185 34
	Closing shareholders' funds		256	219

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 31ST DECEMBER 2006

15.	CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
	Contracts placed for future capital expenditure not provided for in	£'000	£'000
	the financial statements	76	410

#### 16. OPERATING LEASES

The company was committed to making the following annual payments under non-cancellable operating leases as at 31 December

	2006	2005
	Land and	Land and
	<u>buildings</u>	<u>buildings</u>
	£'000	£'000
Leases expiring		
Over five years	893	617
•		

#### 17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available to companies that are at least 90% owned and whose parent company's consolidated financial statements are publicly available not to disclose transactions with group companies under provisions of FRS 8. This exemption has been claimed for transactions with companies within the Red Bull Technology Limited group.

During the year the company entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business, with other related parties. Transactions entered into and trading balances outstanding at 31 December 2006 are as follows.

Name	Relationship	Sponsors hip/other income	Purchase s of goods and services	Purchase s of fixed assets	Sale fixed assets	Amounts owed from/(to) related party
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Red Bull Gmbh 2006 2005	Parent company	-	-	-	-	(56,753) (24,703)
Red Bull Limited 2006 2005	Fellow subsidiary	-	-	3,500	-	-

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 31<sup>ST</sup> DECEMBER 2006

#### 18 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 1 January 2007, Red Bull Racing Partnership entered into arrangements under which it transferred all of its assets and liabilities to its two partners Red Bull Racing Technology Limited and Red Bull Racing Limited for considerations equivalent to the book value of the assets and liabilities transferred to each partner Red Bull Racing Partnership was subsequently dissolved

### 19 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Red Bull Technology Limited who prepares consolidated financial statements, copies of which are available from Carmelite 50 Victoria Embankment, Blackfriars, London EC4Y 0LS

In the opinion of the directors, the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party was Red Bull GmbH, a company incorporated in Austria