BMW (UK) Capital plc

Directors' report and financial statements Registered number 3114356 31 December 2006

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BMW (UK) Capital plc Directors' report and financial statements 31 December 2006

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Directors' report

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is to raise funds in the financial markets for use by BMW Group companies, principally but not exclusively BMW Group companies in the United Kingdom. The company manages UK BMW Group companies' financial risks, primarily by entering into derivatives. The company acts as a guarantor for UK BMW Group companies and provides all treasury services as required.

Business review

The main purpose of the company is to provide financing for BMW Group companies, principally in the United Kingdom. The company also provides other treasury services as required.

Management believes that the key performance indicator of the company is profit before taxation The profit before taxation for the year ended 31 December 2006 amounted to £24,690,000 (2005 £7,987,000) Profit increased versus the previous year due mainly to growth in the financing business and the net fair value gain on financial instruments

The company's profit arises principally from the net interest margin charged on intragroup deposits and borrowings and the fair value gain or loss on financial instruments. Since a number of these financial instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting to International Financial Reporting Standards, the company is exposed to the volatility of changes in the fair values of such instruments in its income statement. The management of the company believes that the instruments entered into nevertheless constitute an economic hedge of the company's risks.

A detailed description of the main risks facing the company and the instruments used to manage these risks is set out in note 19. The level of these risks at 31 December 2006 was acceptable and in line with BMW Group guidelines.

The company's financial position at 31 December 2006 was satisfactory The directors expect that the company's activities will continue for the foreseeable future

Research and development

The company does not carry out any research and development

Financial instruments

The company provides a treasury service to the BMW UK Group. As part of this service, the company enters into financial derivatives directly with the financial market. Opposite instruments are then entered into with group counterparties, without taking any margin. The company also uses financial instruments for its own purposes, in order to secure a matched funding position on its receivables and liabilities and to hedge against interest rate risk and future cash flow risk on recognised assets and liabilities. The instruments used have predominantly been interest rate swaps, cross currency swaps, foreign exchange contracts and foreign exchange option contracts. These instruments are used on an on going basis, in order to reduce, to an acceptable level, the majority of risk

Credit risk is managed according to BMW Group guidelines. The company continually monitors its position to ensure it stays within the credit exposure limits set by BMW AG. Liquidity risk is also managed according to BMW Group guidelines. The company maintains credit line facilities with various banks, both directly and through its participation in a multi-currency revolving credit facility guaranteed by BMW AG.

Proposed dividend

No dividends were paid in 2006 (2005 £nil) and none are proposed. A reconciliation of the movements in capital and reserves is given in note 17

BMW (UK) Capital plc Directors report and financial statements 31 December 2006

Directors' report (continued)

Policy and practice on payment of creditors

The company agrees terms and conditions for business transactions with all its suppliers. Payment is made on these terms provided the supplier meets its obligations. The company does not follow any code or standard on payment practice. The company had no trade creditors at the year end (2005 ml).

Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year or subsequently were as follows

Erich Ebner von Eschenbach (appointed 2 October 2006) Dr Frank Stenner (resigned 29 September 2006) Matthew Todd (appointed 1 January 2006) Neil C Wharton

According to the register of directors' interests, no director held either any beneficial interest in the shares or debentures of BMW Group companies during the year, or had any right to subscribe for shares or debentures of BMW Group companies

Employees

The company's staff have contracts of employment with BMW (UK) Holdings Ltd and therefore are not included as employees within these accounts

Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political or charitable contributions during the year (2005 nil)

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Auditors

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG LLP as auditors of the company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

By order of the board

Gillian Woolley Secretary

Ellesfield Avenue Bracknell Berkshire, RG12 8TA, England

4 April 2007



Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU.

The financial statements are required by law and IFRSs as adopted by the EU to present fairly the financial position of the company and the performance for that period, the Companies Act 1985 provides in relation to such financial statements that references in the relevant part of that Act to financial statements giving a true and fair view are references to their achieving a fair presentation

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Under applicable law, the directors are also responsible for preparing a Directors' Report that complies with that law

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.



KPMG LLP

Arlington Business Park

Theale

RG7 4SD

United Kingdom

Report of the independent auditors to the members of BMW (UK) Capital plc

We have audited the financial statements of BMW (UK) Capital plc for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the Income Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 3

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Report of the independent auditors to the members of BMW (UK) Capital plc (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

• the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

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KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors 24/04/07

Income statement

for the year ended 31 December 2006			
	Note	2006 £000	2005 £000
Interest receivable and similar income	2	131,430	112,469
Foreign exchange gains		40,981	36,244
Fair value gains on financial instruments and derivatives		129,260	170 885
Revenue		301,671	319,598
Interest payable	3	(115,209)	(101,412)
Foreign exchange losses		(45,193)	(37,950)
Fair value losses on financial instruments and derivatives		(116,182)	(171,862)
Finance costs		(276,584)	(311,224)
Financial income		25,087	8,374
Administrative expenses	4	(397)	(387)
Profit before taxation		24,690	7,987
Faxation	6	(7,407)	(2,396)
Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent company		17,283	5,591

The above results relate wholly to continuing operations

Balance sheet at 31 December 2006

at 31 December 2006			
	Note	2006	2005
Non-current assets		£000	£000
Deferred tax	7	_	677
Receivables from BMW Group companies	8	1,016,500	755,000
Derivative assets	9	12,387	17,847
		1,028,887	773,524
Current assets	0	1 010 000	1 575 100
Receivables from BMW Group companies	8 9	1,818,000	1,575,188
Derivative assets Other financial assets	10	31,372 13,945	31,573 12,190
Cash and cash equivalents	11	84,345	31,634
		1,947,662	1,650 585
Total assets		2,976,549	2,424,109
Current liabilities			
Bank overdraft	11	562	7
Commercial paper	12	248,845	4,991
Medium term notes	13	205,955	147,326
Loans from BMW Group companies	14	2,100,141	1,748,386
Derivative liabilities	15	38,483	29,267
Other financial liabilities	16	3,957	6,488
Tax payable		2,450	2,053
		2,600,393	1,938,518
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax	7	2,232	-
Medium term notes	13	152,222	369,265
Loans from BMW Group companies Derivative liabilities	14 15	100,000 4,676	16,583
		259,130	385,848
Total liabilities		2,859,523	2,324,366
Net assets		117,026	99,743
Fausty showshaldow's funds			
Equity shareholder's funds Share capital	17	281	281
Share premium	17	57,568	57,568
Retained earnings	17	59,177	41,894
Total equity		117,026	99,743

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 4 April 2007 and were signed on its behalf

Erich Ebner von Eschenbach

Director (Chairman)

Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 December 2006			
	Note	2006 £000	2005 £000
Cash flows from operating activities		2000	2000
Profit for the year		17,283	5,591
Fair value gains on financial instruments and derivatives		(129,260)	(170,885)
Fair value losses on financial instruments and derivatives		116,182	171,862
Unrealised foreign exchange (gains)/losses		(5,104)	3,325
Current and deferred taxation		7,407	2,396
Other non cash items		-	153
			12.442
		6,508	12,442
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
(Increase) in receivables from BMW Group companies		(504,270)	(406,161)
(Increase)/decrease in other financial assets		(1,755)	563
Net increase in fair value of derivatives		16,048	1,765
(Decrease)/increase in fair value of medium term notes		(10,940)	3,016
(Decrease)/increase in other financial liabilities		(2,531)	1,983
Income taxes paid		(4,100)	(1,958)
Cash outflow from operating activities		(501,040)	(388,350)
Cash outlion from operating activities			
Cash flows from financing activities			
Increase/(decrease) in loans from BMW Group companies		456,817	592,872
Repayment of bank loans		-	(50,000)
Issuance of commercial paper		408,337	2,178,674
Redemption of commercial paper		(164,483)	(2,352,932)
Issuance of medium term notes and bonds		-	288,615
Redemption of medium term notes and bonds		(147,475)	(246,563)
Not each inflow from financing activities		553,196	410,666
Net cash inflow from financing activities			
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		52,156	22,316
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		31,627	9 311
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	11	83,783	31 627
		-	

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2006

Share Share Retained Capital Total earnings premium £000 £000 £000 £000 36,303 94,152 57,568 At 1 January 2005 281 5,591 5,591 Profit for the year 99,743 281 57,568 41,894 At 31 December 2005 41,894 99,743 Balance at 1 January 2006 281 57,568 17,283 17,283 Profit for the year 117,026 At 31 December 2006 281 57,568 59,177

A reconciliation of the movement in capital and reserves is shown in note 17

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

Accounting policies

BMW (UK) Capital plc (the "Company") is a company incorporated in the UK

Statement of compliance

The Company has prepared its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted for use in the EU

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value derivative financial instruments and financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements

Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the income statement. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated at foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

Financial instruments

Interest-bearing receivables from and loans from BMW Group companies, debt securities and other non-derivative financial assets and liabilities are initially recognised at cost. If hedge accounting is applied, subsequent to initial recognition, the financial instruments are measured at fair value. All financial assets are recorded on the settlement date.

Derivative financial instruments and hedging

Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss. However, where derivatives qualify for hedge accounting, recognition of any resultant gain or loss depends on the nature of the item being hedged (see below). The classification in the balance sheet of derivative assets and derivative liabilities into current or non-current assets or liabilities is determined according to the contractual maturity date of each instrument.

The fair value of interest rate swaps is the estimated amount that the company would receive or pay to terminate the swap at the balance sheet date, taking into account current interest rates and the current credit worthiness of the swap counterparties. This fair value is calculated using the company's treasury management system as described in note 19. The fair value of forward exchange contracts is their quoted market price at the balance sheet date, being the present value of the quoted forward price.

Fair value hedges

Where a derivative financial instrument is designated as a hedge of the variability in fair value of a recognised asset or liability or an unrecognised firm commitment, all changes in the fair value of the derivative are recognised immediately in the income statement. The carrying value of the hedged item is adjusted by the change in fair value that is attributable to the risk being hedged (even if it is normally carried at cost or amortised cost) and any gains or losses on remeasurement are recognised immediately as fair value gains or losses on financial instruments in the income statement (even if those gains would normally be recognised directly in reserves)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

On the discontinuance of hedge accounting, any adjustment made to the carrying amount of the hedged item as a consequence of the fair value hedge relationship, is recognised in the income statement over the remaining life of the hedged item

Loans and other receivables

Loans and other receivables are measured at amortised cost less impairment losses

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose only of the statement of cash flows

Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at cost less attributable transaction costs, which is equivalent to the fair value of the consideration given Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings, except for certain medium term notes, are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis. Medium term notes issued in a currency other than sterling are hedged in respect of interest rate risk and currency risk, the movement in fair value being recognised immediately in the income statement. Subsequent measurement is described under "Fair value hedges" above

Revenue

Revenue comprises interest receivable on loans to BMW Group companies and deposits with banks, fair value gains on financial instruments (including derivatives) and foreign exchange gains. Interest income is recognised in the income statement as it accrues, calculated on a daily basis on the amounts outstanding, using the effective interest rate for each transaction.

Interest

Interest payable and interest receivable are due to funds borrowed and invested. Interest income and interest payable are recognised in the income statement as they accrue, calculated on a daily basis on the amounts outstanding

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised

Segmental analysis

In accordance with IAS 14, the Company presents segmental information. Segment information is presented in respect of the Company's geographical segments, due to the fact that the Company's business consists only of financing and treasury activities. The customers of the Company are based in UK and Europe. Note 2 gives an overview of interest income and note 8 an overview of receivables by geographical segment. Finance costs are all incurred in the UK. The required segmental analysis is given in notes 2 and 3 and on the face of the income statement.

2 Interest receivable		
	2006 £000	2005 £000
	2000	2000
Interest from short-term deposits	926	1,825
Interest receivable from BMW Group companies	130,504	110,426
Premium received	-	218
	121 420	112,469
	131,430	112,409
By geographical segment	2006	2005
	£000	£000
UK	131,133	111,861
Rest of Europe	297	608
	131,430	112,469
The company's policy for income recognition is set out in note 1 above		
3 Interest payable		
	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Interest on bank loans/overdrafts	702	721
Interest payable to BMW Group companies	90,507	64,139
Interest on medium term notes and commercial paper	24,000	36,180 372
Commission paid	-	372
	115,209	101,412

4 Administration expenses

Administration expenses include auditors' remuneration		
	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Audit of these financial statements	21	25

5 Staff numbers and costs

The staff working on behalf of the company have contracts of employment with BMW (UK) Holdings Ltd, and have therefore not been included as employees within these accounts. Payroll services for these staff are provided by BMW (UK) Ltd. The costs shown below represent recharges to the company

The staff working on behalf of the company belong to the BMW (UK) Operations Pension Scheme or to the BMW (GB) Ltd Employee Benefits Plan and the costs are included in the recharges to the company. All appropriate accounting disclosures are made within the accounts of BMW (UK) Holdings Ltd or of BMW (UK) Ltd

Costs for the services of one director were recharged to the company during the year, only this director is included in the disclosure below. The aggregate amount charged to the company in respect of this director's services was £64,000 (2005 £119,000)

The average number of persons working on behalf of the company during the year was as follows

	Number of employees	
	2006	2005
Staff numbers	5	4
	***************************************	-
The aggregate recharges for these persons were as follows		
	2006	2005
	0002	£000
Wages and salaries	255	223
Social security costs and pension recharges	66	46
		
	321	269

6 Taxation

Recognised in the income statement		
•	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Current tax expense		
Current year	3,588	1,756
Adjustments for prior years	910	-
Deferred tax expense		
Deferred tax expense / (income)	3,819	640
Adjustments for prior years	(910)	
		
Total tax in income statement	7,407	2,396
Reconciliation of tax charge to standard rate of corporation tax in the UK		
	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Profit before taxation	24,690	7,987
		
Tax using the UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2005) 30%)	7,407	2,396
Total tax in income statement	7,407	2,396

7 Deferred tax

Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to	the following 200 £00		
Temporary differences on market values of fina instruments and derivatives	ncial (2,23	32) 67	77
Net deferred tax (liabilities)/assets	(2,23	67	-
Movement in deferred tax during the year			
	1 January 2006 £000	Recognised in income £000	31 December 2006 £000
Temporary differences on market values of financial instruments and derivatives	677	(2,909)	(2,232)
	677	(2,909)	(2,232)
Movement in deferred tax during the prior year	1 January 2005 £000	Recognised in income £000	31 December 2005 £000
Femporary differences on market values of financial instruments and derivatives	1,317	(640)	677
	1,317	(640)	677

As a result of the Chancellor's Budget on 21 March 2007, it is expected that the corporation tax rate will reduce from 30% to 28% from April 2008 Management estimates that the deferred tax liability recognised would reduce by £114,000 as a result of this change

8 Receivables from BMW Group companies

Financial receivables from related parties at the year end included £2,834,500,000 (2005 £2,330,188,000) of unsecured interest bearing loans, which the company expects to be settled in cash, which may be analysed as follows

	2006	2005
	Currency'000	Currency'000
Non current		
Receivables from fellow subsidiaries	GBP 1,016,500	GBP 755,000
Current		
Receivables from fellow subsidiaries	GBP 1,787,091	GBP 1,566,263
Receivables from fellow subsidiaries	EUR 45,952	EUR 13,079
Financial receivables analysed by geograp	phical segment are as	follows
	2006	2005
	£000	£000
UK	2,803,591	2 3 1 9,982
Rest of Europe	30,909	10,206
	2,834,500	2,330,188

The following details apply to the receivables from BMW Group companies at 31 December 2006

Interest	Volume in relevant currency	Weighted average maturity period	Weighted average effective interest rate (in %)
Fixed	GBP 2 803 million	17 months	5 2
Fixed	EUR 46 million	5 months	4 0
9 Derivative	e assets		
		2006	2005
		000£	£000
Non-current			4.040
	with fellow subsidiaries	-	4,859
	with non-related parties	11,522 688	5,659
	s with fellow subsidiaries s with non-related parties	177	7 329
Carrency derivative	5 Will their Fellings		
		12,387	17 847
			
Current			00
	with fellow subsidiaries	2.574	98 163
	with non-related parties swith fellow subsidiaries	2,574 26,681	2,955
	s with non-related parties	2,117	28,357
Currency derivative	s with hon-related parties	2,117	20,337
		31,372	31,573

9 Derivative assets (continued)

Derivative contracts are entered into with related parties in order to manage their financial risks and without taking a margin, as described in note 19. The non-related parties described above comprise international financial institutions.

10 Other financial assets

Other financial assets comprise

	2006	2005
	000£	£000
Accrued interest receivable	13,912	12,115
Other	33	75
	13,945	12,190

11 Cash and cash equivalents/bank overdrafts

	2006 £000	2005 £000
Cash and cash equivalents per balance sheet Bank overdrafts	84,345 (562)	31,634 (7)
Cash and cash equivalents per cash flow statement	83,783	31,627
	···	

12 Commercial paper

The following details apply to commercial paper

Issue volume in relevant currency	Weighted average maturity period (in days)	Weighted average nominal interest rate (in %)
GBP 250 million	27	5 2

13 Medium term notes

	2006 £000	2005 £000
Non current		
Medium term notes recognised as fair value through profit or loss	152,222	369,265
		
Current		
Medium term notes classified as fair value through profit or loss	205,955	87,326
Medium term notes held at amortised cost	-	60 000
	205,955	147,326

Medium term notes comprise

Interest	Issue volume in relevant currency	Weighted average maturity period (in years)	Weighted average effective interest rate (in %)
Variable	EUR 275 million	2 5	3 7
Variable	JPY 5,000 million	2 0	0 6
Fixed	GBP 150 million	7 0	60

14 Loans from BMW Group companies

Loans from BMW Group companies at the year end included £2,200,141,000 (2005 £1,748,386,000) of unsecured interest bearing loans, which the company expects to be settled in cash

	2006 Currency '000	2005 Currency '000
Non current Loans from fellow subsidiaries	GBP 100,000	GBP -
Current Loans from ultimate parent company	EUR -	EUR 525,190
Loans from immediate parent company Loans from fellow subsidiaries	GBP 4,680 GBP 1,458,773	GBP 4 550 GBP 1 296 527
Loans from fellow subsidiaries	EUR 946,577	EUR 126,997

The following details apply to the loans from BMW Group companies at 31 December 2006

Interest	Volume in relevant currency	Weighted average maturity period (in days)	Weighted average effective interest rate (in %)
Fixed	EUR 947 million	29	3 7
Fixed	GBP 1,563 million	122	5 2

15 Derivative liabilities

	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Non-current		
Interest derivatives with fellow subsidiaries	2,724	381
Interest derivatives with non-related parties	39	8,558
Currency derivatives with fellow subsidiaries	177	6,037
Currency derivatives with non-related parties	1,736	1,607
		
	4,676	16 583
Current		
Interest derivatives with fellow subsidiaries	1,254	39
Interest derivatives with non-related parties	55	817
Currency derivatives with ultimate parent	69	-
Currency derivatives with fellow subsidiaries	1,701	24,067
Currency derivatives with non-related parties	35,404	4,344
	38,483	29,267
		·

Derivative contracts are entered into with these parties in order to manage their financial risks and without taking a margin, as described in note 19. The non-related parties described above comprise international financial institutions.

16 Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities comprise

	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Accrued interest payable	3,844	6,323
Other	113	165
	3,957	6,488
	<u> </u>	

17 Capital and reserves

Reconciliation of movement in capital and reserves

•	Share capital £000	Share premium £000	Retained earnings £000	Total £000
Balance at 1 January 2005 Profit for the year	281	57 568	36,303 5,591	94,152 5,591
Balance at 31 December 2005	281	57,568	41,894	99,743
Balance at 1 January 2006 Profit for the year	281	57,568 -	41 894 17 283	99 743 17,283
Balance at 31 December 2006	281	57,568	59,177	117,026

18 Share capital

	2006 £000	2005 £000
Authorised	2000	2000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
Allotted called up and fully paid Ordinary shares of £1 each	281	281
Shares classified in shareholders' funds	281	281

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company Ali shares rank equally

No shares were issued during the year (2005 nil)

19 Financial instruments

The company provides a treasury service to the BMW UK Group. As part of this service, the company enters into financial derivatives directly with the financial market. Opposite instruments are then entered into with group counterparties, without taking any margin. The company also uses financial instruments for its own purposes, in order to secure a matched funding position on its receivables and liabilities and to hedge against interest rate risk. The instruments used have predominantly been Interest Rate Swaps, Foreign Exchange Contracts and Foreign Exchange Option Contracts. These instruments are used on an ongoing basis, in order to reduce, to an acceptable level, the majority of risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is managed according to BMW Group guidelines. Deposits are made, without any collateral as security, to other BMW Group companies and to regulated banks. A large number of major international financial institutions are counter parties to the interest rate swaps, foreign exchange contracts and deposits transacted by the company. The company continually monitors its position to ensure that it stays within the credit exposure limits set by BMW AG.

Liquidity risk

The company maintains uncommitted money market facilities with a number of international banks to support its activities. The company is also party to a committed USD 8 billion multi-currency revolving credit facility guaranteed by BMW AG. No drawings had been made under this facility as at 31 December 2006 (2005 nil)

Interest rate risk

The company manages BMW UK Group companies' interest rate risks primarily through utilising interest rate swaps. The company also utilises interest rate swaps to manage its own interest rate risk. Management believes that the interest rate swaps entered into by the company constitute an economic hedge against interest rate risk, but one that does not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under IAS 39. The calculation of the fair values of interest rate swaps is described below.

Foreign currency risk

The company manages BMW UK Group companies' currency risks primarily through utilising forward contracts and foreign exchange swaps. The company also utilise foreign exchange swaps and cross-currency swaps to hedge its own exposures on foreign currency loans.

Calculation of fair values

Fair values of financial instruments (derivatives and non-derivative instruments) are determined by using the company's Treasury Management System. This system incorporates relevant and current external market information. Specifically, fair market values are calculated by using a discounted cash flow method. Each future cash flow is discounted by a factor based on the zero yield curve. The zero yield curve is calculated by the system using current market data.

19 Financial instruments (continued)

The carrying amounts and fair values of receivables from and loans from BMW Group companies are shown in the table below

	2006		2005	
	Carrying amount £000	Fair Value £000	Carrying amount £000	Fair Value £000
Receivables from BMW Group companies				
Non current	1,016,500	1,012,842	755,000	762 833
Current	1,818,000	1,816,866	1,575,188	1,576 204
				
	2,834,500	2,829,708	2,330,188	2,339,037
				
Loans from BMW Group companies				
Non current	100,000	100,351	-	•
Current	2,100,141	2,099,729	1 748,386	1,747 911
	- 11 - 12 - 12 - 1			
	2,200,141	2,200,080	1,748,386	1,747,911
				

The carrying amounts and fair values of medium term notes not carried at fair value are as follows

	2006		2005	
	Carrying amount £000	Fair Value £000	Carrying amount £000	Fair Value £000
Medium term notes not carried at fair value	-	-	60,000	59,998

19 Financial instruments (continued)

The nominal amounts, fair values and maturities of financial derivative instruments, which the company expects to be settled in cash, shown in the balance sheet are as follows

31 December 2006	Nominal amount		Due within	Fair values Due between	Due later
		Total	one year	one and five	than five
		2002	***	years	years
•	Currrency'000	£000	000£	£000	£000
Assets	CDD 2 007 400	14,096	2,574	11,375	147
Interest rate contracts Currency hedge contracts	GBP 2,007,400 EUR 3,500,581	29,663	28,798	11,373 865	147
Currency neage contracts	EUR 3,300,361	25,005	20,770	003	_
Liabilities					
Interest rate contracts	GBP 680,000	4,073	1,309	2,617	147
Currency hedge contracts	EUR 4,389,744	39,086	37,174	1,912	-
		600	(7,111)	7,711	_
		000	(/,111)	7,711	
31 December 2005	Nominal amount	Fair values			
		77 . 1	Due within	Due between	Due later than
		Total	one year	one and five	five years
	Currency'000	£000	£000	years £000	£000
Assets	Currency 000	2000	1000	2000	2000
Interest rate contracts	GBP 1 103 035	10 779	261	6,892	3 626
Currency hedge contracts	EUR 3,067 660	38 641	31,312	7,329	
cuntino, neego communis					
Liabilities					
Interest rate contracts	GBP 1,586,423	9 795	856	5,313	3 626
Currency hedge contracts	EUR 2,628 068	36 055	28,411	7,644	-
		3,570	2,306	1,264	_

20 Capital commitments

No capital commitments existed as at 31 December 2006 (2005 £nil)

21 Contingencies and commitments

The company acts as guarantor for commitments, predominantly lease commitments, totalling £275 million (2005 - £373 million) which have been entered into by BMW Group companies. Of this, £272 million (2005 - £372 million) is re-guaranteed by BMW AG

The company provides a EUR 100 million committed credit facility to BMW Austria Bank GmbH, Athens Branch BMW Austria Bank GmbH, Athens Branch has the right to terminate this facility with 1 months' notice. The company has the right to terminate this facility with 37 months' notice. Drawings of EUR 39 million were outstanding as at 31 December 2006 (2005 nil),

22 Related parties

The company provides treasury services to other subsidiaries of BMW AG. All transactions are carried out on an arm's length basis, with interest rates being set in line with market rates prevailing at the time at which the parties enter into each transaction.

As disclosed in note 21, the company has provided guarantees for related parties, of which the majority have been re-guaranteed by BMW AG BMW AG has provided guarantees in relation to debt issued to third parties, for which the company pays guarantee fees to BMW AG

The related parties with which the company traded during the year or with whom there were outstanding assets or liabilities (including financial derivatives) at the year end were

Parent undertakings

BMW AG

BMW Holding BV

BMW (UK) Holdings Ltd

Fellow subsidiaries

BMW Finance NV

BMW (UK) Ltd

BMW (P&A) Ltd

Park Lane Ltd

BMW Financial Services (GB) Ltd

BMW Leasing (GB) Ltd

Alphabet (GB) Ltd

BMW (UK) Manufacturing Ltd

BMW Services Ltd

BMW (UK) Investments Ltd

BMW (UK) Pensions Services Ltd

Midland Gears Ltd

Rolls-Royce Motor Cars Ltd

Rolls-Royce Motor Cars GmbH

BMW Hams Hall Motoren GmbH, UK Branch

BMW Automotive (Ireland) Ltd

Softlab Ltd

BMW Austria Bank GmbH, Athens Branch

22 Related parties (continued)

Interest receivable within the year from the ultimate parent company was £nil (2005 £nil), interest payable within the year to the ultimate parent company was £2,510,000 (2005 £540,000) As at 31 December 2006, there was no financial receivable due from or loan due to the ultimate parent company (2005 loan due to the ultimate parent company of EUR 525,000,000)

The charge for guarantee fees payable to the ultimate parent company in relation to guarantees on external debt and finance leases was £127,000 (2005 £234,000)

As at 31 December 2006 a liability of £69,000 is shown within the balance sheet for a foreign currency derivative with the ultimate parent company

Interest receivable within the year from the immediate parent company was £57,000 (2005 £154,000), interest payable within the year to the immediate parent company was £332,000 (2005 £418,000) As at 31 December 2006, there was a loan due to the immediate parent company of £4,680,000 (2005 £4,550,000)

23 Ultimate parent company and parent company of larger group

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of BMW (UK) Holdings Limited which is incorporated in England and Wales

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Bayerische Motoren Werke Aktiengesellschaft, which is incorporated in Germany

The address where Bayerische Motoren Werke Aktiengesellschaft's accounts, which include the results of the company, can be obtained is Petuelring 130, D-80788 Munich, Germany No other group accounts include the results of the company