Registered number 03060650

Excel Commercial Services Limited

Filleted Accounts for the Year Ended

31 May 2021

Excel Commercial Services Limited

Registered number: 03060650

Balance Sheet

as at 31 May 2021

	Notes		2021		2020
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		112		152
Current assets					
Stocks		48,193		40,876	
Debtors	4	82,388		16,848	
Cash at bank and in hand		112,106		102,014	
		242,687		159,738	
Creditors: amounts falling	<u>;</u>				
due within one year	5	(144,636)		(95,865)	
Net current assets			98,051		63,873
Net assets		-	98,163	-	64,025
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			3		3
Profit and loss account			98,160		64,022
Shareholders' funds		-	98,163	-	64,025

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

M. Alderson

Director

Approved by the board on 21 February 2022

Excel Commercial Services Limited

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 May 2021

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment 33% on reducing balance. Fixtures and fittings 25% on reducing balance.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2021 Number	2020 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	3	2
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Plant and machinery etc
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 June 2020		13,671
	At 31 May 2021		13,671
	Depreciation		
	At 1 June 2020		13,519
	Charge for the year		40
	At 31 May 2021		13,559
	Net book value		
	At 31 May 2021		112
	At 31 May 2020		152
4	Debtors	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade debtors	82,388	16,848
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	70,874	17,209

Taxation and social security costs	27,289	32,731
Other creditors	46,473	45,925
	144,636	95,865

6 Other information

Excel Commercial Services Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Unit A15

Stonehills

Gateshead

Tyne and Wear

NE10 OHW

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.