Rule 4 223-CVL

Form 4 68

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments

S. 192

Pursuant to section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use

Company Number

03059132

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

(a) Kelston Asset Finance

Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

I/~~We~~ (b)
Robert Preston James ALLEN
Vantage
Lower Ground Floor, 20/24 Kirby Street
London
EC1N 8TS

the liquidator~~(s)~~ of the company attach a copy of my/~~our~~ statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed·

Date 01 October 2007

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)

Vantage, Lower Ground Floor, 20/24 Kirby Street
London, EC1N 8TS
[Ref KAF]

FRIDAY

ARMC1TQJ
A57 12/10/2007 538
COMPANIES HOUSE

For Official Use

Liquidation Section	Post Room

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company	Kelston Asset Finance Limited
Company's registered number	03059132
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Creditors
Date of commencement of winding up	29 November 2005
Date to which this statement is brought down	28 May 2007
Name and address of liquidator	

Robert Preston James ALLEN
Vantage
Lower Ground Floor, 20/24 Kirby Street
London
EC1N 8TS

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represents the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
			£
		Brought forward	7,408.03
		Carried forward	7,408.03

Note No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

Form 4 68 contd.

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
			£
		Brought forward	4,824 61
		Carried forward	4,824.61

disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Analysis of balance

	£
Total realisations	7,408 03
Total disbursements	4,824 61
Balance	2,583 42

£

The balance is made up as follows –

		£	
1	Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2	Balance at bank		2,583 42
3	Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0.00
4.	Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
	Less the cost of investments realised	0.00	0 00
	Total balance as shown above .. .. £		2,583.42

[NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

The liquidator should also state –

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors –including the holders of floating charges)	300,000 00
Liabilities-Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	22,555.00
Unsecured creditors	320,841.00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up-

Paid up in cash	100.00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0.00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet).

Book and Other Debts

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Balance of book debts to be realised

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed.

Estimated 12 to 18 Months