Company Number: 03038727

EUROFILMS EXTRUSION LIMITED

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

SEVENTEEN MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

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PKF

EUROFILMS EXTRUSION LIMITED

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EUROFILMS EXTRUSION LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT SEVENTEEN MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

The directors submit their report and the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2000.

Results and dividends

The loss for the period, after taxation, amounted to £2,463,354 (1999 - £182,973 profit).

Principal activity and review of business

The principal activity of the company during the period was the manufacture and sale of industrial stretch film. The prevailing economic climate and increased competition have resulted in difficult trading conditions.

During the period the company also experienced severe operational difficulties with major plant and machinery, resulting in production down time and inefficiencies, leading to reduced margins.

Future developments

The directors are now resolving the operational problems with the plant and machinery and are reporting improved margins. The company has managed to stabilise the financial situation with it's major creditors and is looking to restructure its finances in the near future. A reorganisation of the company's senior management structure has also taken place.

Directors

The directors who served during the period and their interests in the company's issued share capital at the balance sheet date and at the start of the period (or date of appointment, if later) were:

	A Ordinary £1 shares	
	2000	1999
G Humphreys	525,000	500,000
R Wood (resigned 22 May 2001)	83,000	50,000
M Palmer	80,000	50,000
D Thomas	50,000	50,000
S McCool (appointed 26 October 2000)	53,333	53,333

Auditors

The auditors, PKF, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

By order of

Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO EUROFILMS EXTRUSION LIMITED UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts, which comprise the Abbreviated Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes, together with the financial statements of the company for the period ended 31 December 2000 prepared under section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 246A of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 246A(3) of the Act to the registrar of companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with that provision and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 246A(3) of the Companies Act 1985 and the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared in accordance with that provision.

12/02/02

Stoke on Trent, UK

PKF Registered Auditors

EUROFILMS EXTRUSION LIMITED ABBREVIATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT **SEVENTEEN MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000**

	Notes	Seventeen months ended 31 December 2000	Year ended 31 July 1999 £
GROSS PROFIT		1,110,761	2,035,184
Administrative expenses		(3,316,924)	(1,723,183)
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	2	(2,206,163)	312,001
Interest receivable and similar items Interest payable and similar items	5	44,758 (301,949)	24,487 (151,483)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	٠	(2,463,354)	185,005
TAXATION	6	-	(2,032)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		(2,463,354)	182,973

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains or losses for the period other than those included in the profit and loss account.

EUROFILMS EXTRUSION LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Notes	3	31 December 2000 £		31 July 1999 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible	7		1,601,216		575,984
Investments	8		30,385		63,305
			1,631,601		639,289
CURRENT ASSETS			,		,
Stocks	9	543,431		759,224	
Debtors	10	2,212,846		2,195,308	
Cash at bank and in hand		501,006		562,185	
		3,257,283	•	3,516,717	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due	e	0,207,200		3,010,717	
within one year	11	(5,961,004)		(3,342,152)	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/	ASSETS		(2,703,721)		174,565
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	T LIABI	LITIES	(1,072,120)		813,854
CREDITORS: amounts falling due	a				
after more than one year	12		(535,746)		(96,366)
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(1,607,866)		717,488
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	15		791,333		653,333
Profit and loss account	16		(2,399,199)		64,155
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17		(1,607,866)		717,488

The abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to medium-sized companies.

The financial statements were approved by the board on 12 February 2002

Signed on behalf of the board of directors

Director

EUROFILMS EXTRUSION LIMITED

CASH FLOW STATEMENT SEVENTEEN MONTHS ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2000

	Seventeen months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 31 July 1999 £
Reconciliation of operating (loss)/profit to net cash inflow from operating activities		
Operating (loss)/profit Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Loss on sale of fixed assets investments	(2,206,163) 344,933 9,092	312,001 97,041
Increase in debtors Decrease/(increase) in stocks Increase in creditors	(201,597) 215,793 1,825,603	(273,250) (172,613) 350,728
Increase in accruals Decrease/(Increase) in prepayments Increase/(Decrease) in tax and social security	54,497 159,295 122,080	101,893 (90,881) (44,928)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	323,533	279,991
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (note 18)	222 522	270 001
Net cash inflow from operating activities Returns on investments and servicing of finance Taxation	323,533 (215,108) (5,100)	279,991 (106,405)
Capital expenditure Acquisitions and disposals	(565,268) 23,827	(121,462)
Financing	(438,116) (70,729)	52,124 (13,885)
(Decrease)/increase in cash	(508,845)	38,239
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt (note 19)	(500 945)	20 220
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the period New finance lease Reduction/(increase)in debt & lease finance	(508,845) (804,897) 137,543	38,239 (150,517) (111,540)
Translation differences Change in net debt Net debt at 1 August 1999	(42,083) (1,218,282) (823,113)	(223,818)
Net debt at 31 December 2000	(2,041,395)	(599,295)

Details of major non-cash transactions are given in note 20.

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation of financial statements - going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The validity of this assumption depends on the company being able to meet its future cash requirements and on the continued support of the leasing companies, factoring company and major creditors. During the period the company incurred a loss of £2,463,354 and at the balance sheet date the company had net liabilities of £1,607,866.

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through the facility provided by the factoring company which, in common with all such facilities, is repayable on demand.

The company is also dependant on the continued support and extended terms of the leasing companies. The leasing companies have agreed to a reduction in lease payments to ease demands on cash resources. This current arrangement is to be re-negotiated by the end of April 2002 and therefore the level of continued support is ultimately uncertain.

If the company were unable to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the balance sheet values of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for further liabilities that might arise and to reclassify fixed assets and long term liabilities as current assets and liabilities.

Although the directors are at present uncertain as to the outcome of the matters mentioned above, they believe that it is appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

(b) Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company, net of value added tax and trade discounts.

(c) Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Improvements to leasehold property4 % straight linePlant and machinery20 % reducing balanceFixtures and fittings25 % reducing balance

(d) Finance and operating leases

Assets acquired under finance leases or hire purchase are treated as tangible fixed assets and depreciation is provided accordingly. The present value of future rentals is shown as a liability and the interest element of rental obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease in proportion to the capital balance outstanding.

Operating lease rentals are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

(e) Investments

The investment is stated at cost less any amounts written off for permanent diminution in value.

(f) Stocks and work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are calculated at selling price and reduced by appropriate margins to the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price allowing for all further costs of completion and disposal.

(g) Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

(h) Deferred taxation

Provision is made for deferred tax using the liability method to the extent that it is probable that a liability will crystallise.

(i) Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge in the profit and loss account represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

2 OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:

	Seventeen	Year
	months ended	ended
	31 December	31 July
	2000	1999
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:		
- owned by the company	159,005	83,547
- held under finance lease or hire purchase contracts	185,928	13,494
Audit fees	6,500	6,500
Operating lease rentals:	•	ŕ
- plant & machinery	905,350	616,376
Pension cost	18,134	17,530

3 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS AND BENEFITS

4

Directors' emoluments	Seventeen months ended 31 December 2000 £ 403,673	Year ended 31 July 1999 £ 242,700
The numbers of directors who were members of company pens		
Money purchase schemes	No 4	No 4
The highest paid director received emoluments and benefits as Emoluments and benefits under long term incentive schemes Contributions to money purchase pension schemes	follows: Seventeen months ended 31 December 2000 £ 127,859	Year ended 31 July 1999 £ 66,225 2,500
STAFF COSTS		
Staff costs, including directors' emoluments, were as follows: Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	Seventeen months ended 31 December 2000 £ 2,439,640 219,864 18,134 2,677,638	Year ended 31 July 1999 £ 948,569 92,034 17,530
The average monthly number of employees, including executive	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
The average monthly number of employees, including executive	No 58	No 43

5 INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR ITEMS

		Seventeen months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 31 July 1999 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Other loans	211 261	3,565
	Finance charges under finance lease	211,261	103,946
	and hire purchase contracts	48,605	2,281
	Exchange differences	42,083	41,691
		301,949	151,483
6	TAXATION		
		Seventeen months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 31 July 1999 £
	UK corporation tax	de-	2
	Current tax on income for the period	-	5,100
	Deferred tax		(2.069)
	Current tax on income for the period	-	(3,068)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	-	2,032

7 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Leasehold property improvements £	Plant & machinery fixtures & fittings £	Total £
Cost	æ.	r	æ.
At 1 August 1999 Additions	61,826 99,473	785,317 1,270,692	847,143 1,370,165
At 31 December 2000	161,299	2,056,009	2,217,308
Depreciation		-	
At 1 August 1999	8,955	262,204	271,159
Charge for period	9,124	335,809	344,933
At 31 December 2000	18,079	598,013	616,092
Net book amount			
At 31 December 2000	143,220	1,457,996	1,601,216
At 31 July 1999	52,871	523,113	575,984

The net book amounts of plant & machinery above include £804,556 (1999 - £185,587) in respect of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts.

8 FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Participating interests
Cost	æ .
At 1 August 1999	63,305
Disposals	(32,920)
At 31 December 2000	30,385

Investments include an investment in Eurofilms Polska Grupa Ergis Sp.z.o.o. a company incorporated in Poland. During the period the company sold 52% of its holding in the joint venture. This resulted in the company holding 24% of the issued ordinary share capital in Eurofilms Polska Grupa Ergis Sp.z.o.o. at the period end.

During its latest financial period Eurofilms Polska Grupa Ergis Sp.z.o.o. made a loss after tax of £382,503 (1999 -£NIL) and at the end of that period the aggregate of its capital and reserves was £(285,918) (1999 - £NIL).

9 STOCKS

-			
		31 December 2000 £	31 July 1999 £
	Raw materials	196,680	358,582
	Finished goods	346,751	400,642
		543,431	759,224
10	DEBTORS		
		31 December 2000	31 July 1999
	Due within one year	£	£
	Due within one year Trade debtors	2,086,214	1,909,624
	Other debtors	2,000,214	48
	Prepayments & accrued income	126,341	285,636
		2,212,846	2,195,308
11	CREDITORS		
		31 December 2000	31 July 1999
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	Bank loans and overdrafts	1,728,265	1,238,516
	Trade creditors	3,582,150	1,756,548
	Corporation tax	-	5,100
	Other tax and social security	170,536	48,456
	Net obligations under finance lease and hire	250 200	50.416
	purchase contracts (note 13)	278,390	50,416
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	7,115 194,548	243,116
		5,961,004	3,342,152

Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by fixed and floating charges over all assets of the company. Life policies are also provided as guarantees over directors D Thomas and M Palmer, and former director R Wood, for the benefit of the company.

12 CREDITORS

	31 December 2000 £	31 July 1999 £
Amounts falling due after more than one year Net obligations under finance lease and hire		
purchase contracts (note 13)	535,746	96,366
	535,746	96,366

13 FINANCE LEASES

Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase agreements fall due as follows:

•	•	31 December 2000 £	31 July 1999 £
Within one year Between one and five years	ŕ	278,390 535,746	50,416 96,366
		814,136	146,782

Finance lease and hire purchase creditors are secured on the assets concerned.

14 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

Deferred tax is analysed as follows:

Provided		Not pro	Not provided	
31 December	31 July	31 December	31 July	
2000	1999	2000	1999	
£	£	£	£	
-	-	-	21,108	
	31 December 2000 £	31 December 31 July 1999 £ £	31 December 31 July 31 December 2000 1999 2000 £	

15 SHARE CAPITAL

	Authorised	Allotted, called up and fully paid	
	£	No	£
At 1 August 1999			
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000,000	653,333	653,333
Movements in period:			
Ordinary shares of £1 each	-	138,000	138,000
1/21 D 1 2000			
At 31 December 2000		_	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000,000	791,333	791,333

During the period 138,000 A Ordinary £1 shares with an aggregate nominal value of £138,000 were issued for cash at par.

16 RESERVES

Profit and loss account	£
At 1 August 1999 Loss for the period	64,155 (2,463,354)
At 31 December 2000	(2,399,199)

17 SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

		31 December 2000 £	31 July 1999 £
	Shareholders' funds at 1 August 1999 (Loss)/profit for the period Other movements:	717,488 (2,463,354)	534,515 182,973
	New shares issued	138,000	-
	Shareholders' funds at 31 December 2000	(1,607,866)	717,488
18	GROSS CASH FLOWS	9	37
		Seventeen months ended 31 December 2000 £	Year ended 31 July 1999 £
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
	Interest received	44,758	(104.124)
	Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rentals	(211,261) (48,605)	(104,124) (2,281)
		(215,108)	(106,405)
	Taxation		
	Corporation tax paid	(5,100)	
	Capital expenditure		
	Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(565,268)	(121,462)
		(565,268)	(121,462)
	Acquisitions and disposals		
	Receipts from sale of fixed asset investments	23,827	-
		23,827	
	Financing		
	Issue of share capital Capital element of finance lease rentals	138,000 (208,729)	(13,885)
	•	(70,729)	(13,885)

19 ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

1999	Cash flows	Other changes	31 December 2000
	**		£
	` ' '	(42,083)	501,006
238,516)	(489,749)	-	(1,728,265)
-	(508,845)		
146,782)	137,543	(804,897)	(814,136)
823,113)	(371,302)	(846,980)	(2,041,395)
֡֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜	August 1999 £ 562,185 238,516) 146,782) 823,113)	1999 flows £ £ 562,185 (19,096) 238,516) (489,749) (508,845) 146,782) 137,543	1999 flows changes £ £ £ 562,185 (19,096) (42,083) 238,516) (489,749) - (508,845) 146,782) 137,543 (804,897)

20 MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the period the company entered into finance lease and hire purchase arrangements in respect of plant and machinery with a combined capital value at the inception of the leases of £804,897 (1999: £150,517).

21 OTHER COMMITMENTS

At 31 December 2000 the company had annual commitments under operating leases as follows:

	Land and buildings		Other	
	31 December	31 July	31 December	31 July
	2000	1999	2000	1999
	£	£	£	£
Expiry date:				
Within one year	-	_	508,594	94,059
Between one and five years	-	-	84,820	595,965
In more than five years	139,246	139,246	• •	-

Operating leases are secured on assets of the company.

22 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Eurofilms Extrusion Limited owns 24% of the share capital of Eurofilms Polska Grupa Ergis Sp.z.o.o. The remaining 76% of the share capital is owned by Ergis Spolka Akcyjna (a Polish company who is also a customer of Eurofilms Extrusion Limited).

During the period the company made sales to Ergis Spolka Akcyjna totalling £166,963 (1999: £183,927) and made purchases totalling £74,462 (1999: £NIL). At the period end the company owed Ergis Spolka Akcyjna £37,613 (1999: the company was owed £124,162). During the period the company made sales of £19,231 (1999: £NIL) to Eurofilms Polska Grupa Ergis Sp.z.o.o.

23 PENSION COSTS

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme, the assets of which are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge for the period is shown in note 4.

24 PARENT UNDERTAKINGS AND CONTROLLING PARTIES

The company is controlled by Mr G Humphreys.