Company Registration No: 03029225

CVCP PROPERTIES PLC REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2017

VEDNESDAY



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Officers and professional advisers

Directors

Professor Simon Gaskell Professor Janet Beer Professor Julia Buckingham

Professor Sir Drummond Bone Professor Sir Graeme Davies Appointed 1 April 2017 Appointed 1 August 2017 Appointed 1 August 2016

Resigned 31 March 2017 Resigned 31 March 2017

Secretary

Jessica Pugh

Registered office

Woburn House 20 Tavistock Square London

London WC1H 9HQ

Bankers

National Westminster Bank plc

PO Box 83 Tavistock House Tavistock Square London WC1H 9XA

Solicitors

Pemberton Greenish LLP

45 Cadogan Gardens

London SW3 2AQ

Auditors

haysmacintyre 26 Red Lion Square

London WC1R 4AG

Strategic report for the year ended 31 July 2017

Review of business

The company owns the freehold of Woburn House, a building in Bloomsbury, Central London providing office accommodation and conference space to various tenants. It also owns a long lease on a nearby flat.

The leasing of Woburn House remains the principal source of income. All the tenants are higher education sector organisations. The principal tenant, providing 45% of rental income in the year, is Universities UK, which uses the building as its headquarters and as a conference centre.

The Woburn House accommodation was fully let during the year, and the investment property, a residential flat in Southampton Row, is let out on a commercial basis.

All the existing tenant leases were renewed from November 2016 and a small office that had been surrendered was let from 1 April 2017 leaving Woburn House fully tenanted. All but one of the tenants signed a new 10-year lease, with one signing for 5 years. There were lease incentives negotiated with the two largest tenants in the form of rent free periods spread over the first four years of the lease.

During the year there was tenant led refurbishment of their area covering 2.5 floors with a landlord contribution, some alterations to create a larger office space for an existing tenant, refurbishment of air handling units for the cooling system and redecoration and improved lighting in the conference centre spaces. The residential property was refurbished following the end of a 2 year tenancy in June 2017.

	2017	2016	Change
	£000	£000	. %
Turnover	1,689	2,016	-16%
Operating profit	927	652	+42%
Charitable deed of covenant to Universities UK	917	641	+43%
Revaluation of investment properties	11,300	- .	
Deferred taxation	3,760	-	
Profit/(loss)	7,536	· (1)	
Net assets	25,449	17,913	+42%

The directors are satisfied that their main objectives as stated in the Directors' Report are being achieved.

Principal risks and uncertainties

CVCP Properties plc's principal risks are failing to keep Woburn House well maintained and to carry out statutory checks to provide safe, secure and appropriate facilities and services to tenants, and failing to let out the building fully at market rates. It has sought a market niche by marketing Woburn House as a hub for the Higher Education Sector. Success in this approach and in its management of its principal risks is marked by current long-term relationships with Universities UK, the Association of Commonwealth Universities, the Universities and Colleges Employers Association and GuildHE. Other risks and uncertainties are kept under review.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 3 November 2017 and signed on behalf of the Board:

Professor Simon Gaskell

Director

Directors' report for the year ended 31 July 2017

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2017.

Objectives and activities

The main objectives and activities of the company are general trading purposes on behalf of its shareholders, specifically for operating Woburn House, a major office building and conference centre in Bloomsbury, Central London.

All shareholders are UK universities in membership of Universities UK, plus Universities UK itself.

Results and dividend

There was a profit for the year after payment of deed of covenant to Universities UK but before taxation of £11,296,245. Excluding the investment gain of £11,300,000 and related deferred tax charge of £3,760,000 a loss of £3,755 was reported. (2016: loss £703). The directors do not propose a dividend (2016: £nil). The profit after tax has been transferred to the profit and loss account.

Fixed assets

The company's main asset is Woburn House, purchased in 1995 for £3,000,000. Resolution Property Surveyors (regulated by RICS) revalued the building on 10 August 2017, and assessed its value at that date as £29,300,000.

The company also owns an investment property on London's Southampton Row. This property was purchased in 2000 for £355,000. The valuation by Resolution Property Surveyors of the long leasehold interest in this property at 10 August 2017 was £925,000.

Future developments

The directors do not plan or foresee any material change in the company's activities or financial performance over the coming year.

Events since the balance sheet date

There have been no important events affecting the company since the end of the financial year.

Directors and their interests

The directors during the year and as at the approval date are listed on page 1. Directors, who are considered to be key management personnel, received no remuneration. None of the directors had a beneficial interest in any contract with the company or any interests in its shares.

Auditors

haysmacintyre has indicated its willingness to continue as auditor, subject to re-appointment at the next annual general meeting.

Policy on payment of creditors

The company operates two policies in respect of payment of creditors. With regards to lease and leaseback arrangements, payment to universities is made on receipt of payment by the university of rent due to CVCP Properties plc. Payment to other creditors is made within 30 days. At the yearend the number of other creditor days was 31 days (2016: 3 days). This is an arithmetical calculation and does not necessarily reflect the experience of any individual creditor.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 July 2017

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.)

Company law requires directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Audit information

So far as each of the directors in office at the time of the Directors' Report is aware:

- There is no relevant information of which the auditors are unaware; and
- They have taken all relevant steps they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

This information is given and should be interpreted in accordance with section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 3 November 2017 and signed on behalf of the Board:

Professor Simon Gaskell

Director

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of CVCP **Properties plc**

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CVCP Properties plc (the 'company') for the year ended 31 July 2017 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and associated notes including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 July 2017 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting. Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of CVCP Properties plc

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of CVCP **Properties plc**

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a quarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Sam Coutinho, Senior Statutory Auditor For and on behalf of haysmacintyre, Statutory Auditor

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26 Red Lion Square London WC1R 4AG

3 November 2017

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 July 2017

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
TURNOVER	2	1,689,245	2,016,950
Administrative expenses Other operating expenses		(102,859) (659,835)	(152,242) (1,212,549)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	926,551	652,159
Interest receivable Interest payable Payment under deed of covenant Revaluation of investment properties	·.	463 (14,132) (916,637) 11,300,000	1,127 (13,125) (640,864) —
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		11,296,245	(703)
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(3,760,000)	
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		7,536,245	(703)
Retained profit brought forward		13,113,488	13,114,191
RETAINED PROFIT CARRIED FORWARD		20,649,733	13,113,488

Statement of comprehensive income

	2017 £	2016 £
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	(7,536,245)	(703)
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties	. · · · — .	: . -
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	(7,536,245)	(703)

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet as at 31 July 2017

Notes	2017 £	2016 £
	•	
6	49,886	51,236
. 7	30,225,000	18,925,000
	30,274,886	18,976,236
		•
8	413 935	104.755
· ·	-	381,580
	951,562	486,335
9	(1,266,715)	(1,174,083)
	(315,153)	(687,748)
	29,959,733	18,288,488
10	(750,000)	(375,000)
11	(3,760,000)	. · · · ·
	25,449,733	17,913,488
. '		· .
15	4.800.000	4,800,000
	20,649,733	13,113,488
14	25,449,733	17,913,488
	6 7 8 9 10 11	Notes £ 6 49,886 7 30,225,000 30,274,886 8 413,935 537,627 951,562 9 (1,266,715) (315,153) 29,959,733 10 (750,000) 11 (3,760,000) 25,449,733 15 4,800,000 20,649,733

The notes on pages 11 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 3 November 2017

Signed on behalf of the Board:

Professor Simon Gaskell

Director

Company number: 03029225

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 July 2017

	2017 £	2016 £
(a) Reconciliation of net income/(expenditure) to net cash flow from operating activities	. ~	~
Net income/(expenditure) for the year	7,536,245	(703)
Interest income Interest payable Depreciation charges Revaluation of investment properties (Increase)/Decrease in debtors (Decrease)Increase in creditors Accrued under deed of Covenant Deferred tax provision	(463) 14,132 34,970 (11,300,000) (309,180) (175,994) 912,560 3,760,000	(1,127) 13,125 26,565 — 68,039 5,499 640,864 —
Net cash used in operating activities	472,270	752,262
(b) Statement of cash flows		
Cash flows from operating activities	472,270	752,262
Cash flows for investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Interest income Interest paid Paid under deed of Covenant	(33,620) 463 (13,125) (644,941)	(23,822) 1,127 (13,125) (870,622)
Net cash used in investing activities	(691,223)	(906,442)
Cash flows from financing activities Cash inflows from new borrowing Net cash provided by financing activities	375,000 375,000	
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year	156,047	(154,180)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 August	381,580	535,760
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 July	537,627	381,580

Company statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 **July 2017**

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 August 2015 Loss and total comprehensive income for the	4,800,000	13,114,191	. 17,914,191
year	•	(703)	(703)
At 31 July 2016	4,800,000	13,113,488	17,913,488
Profit and total comprehensive income for the			
year		7,536,245	7,536,245
At 31 July 2017	4,800,000	20,649,733	25,449,733

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 and the Companies Act 2006 as it applies to the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 July 2017. The principal accounting policies adopted are described below.

a. Critical accounting judgements and estimates

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the companies' accounting policies and the reported assets, liabilities, income and expenditure and the disclosures made in the financial statements. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

b. Preparation of accounts on a going concern basis

The Board considers that there are no material uncertainties about the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

c. Income and expenditure

All income and expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. Turnover represents rentals charged and is stated net of value added tax.

d. Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is calculated on the straight line basis at rates sufficient to write down the assets over their expected useful lives. The rates of depreciation are as follows:

Furniture and equipment: Computer equipment

Over four years Over three years

Individual assets costing over £2,500 are capitalised.

e. Operating leases

Rental costs payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term, unless the rental payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation, in which case the company recognises annual rent expense equal to amounts owed to the lessor.

The aggregate benefit of lease incentives are recognised as a reduction to the expense recognised over the lease term on a straight line basis.

Investment properties

Investment properties are valued by the directors at open market value and professionally valued on a periodic basis.

No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties.

The Companies Act would normally require systematic annual depreciation of all fixed assets. However, the directors believe that the policy of not providing depreciation in respect of investment properties is necessary in order for the financial statements to show a true and fair view.

g. Taxation

Current tax is recognised for the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the current or past reporting periods using the tax rates and laws that that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date, except as otherwise indicated.

h. Financial instruments

The company only has financial assets and liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

i. Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the company has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors and provisions are normally recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

j. Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

k. Employee benefits

Staff are employed by Universities UK and costs are recharged to CVCP Properties plc. Detail of pension schemes and employee benefits are available in the financial statements of Universities UK.

2. TURNOVER

The main objectives of the company are general trading purposes on behalf of its shareholders. All activities are carried out in the United Kingdom.

3. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging / (crediting):

		2017 £	2016 £
Rents payable under operating leases Rents receivable in respect of operating leases Depreciation Auditors remuneration:	•	293,215 (295,277) 34,970	646,800 (659,750) 26,565
In respect of the financial statements In respect of tax compliance Other services and prior year	·	3,600 810 1 <u>,</u> 550	3,500 790 1,506

4. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

The company had no employees in either this or the preceding financial year. Directors, who are considered to be key management personnel, received no remuneration from the company. During the year no expenses were reimbursed to any Director (2016: £159).

5. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

Analysis of charge in the year

	2017 £	2016 £
United Kingdom corporation tax and total current tax		<u> </u>
Deferred taxation	3,760,000	· ·
Tax results on ordinary activities	3,760,000	<u>-</u>
Factors affecting the tax charge for the period		
	2017 £	2016 £
Profit before taxation	_11,296,245	(703)
Taxation on profit at standard United Kingdom rate of tax of 19.67% (2016 – 20%) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Income not taxable for tax purposes Chargeable gains Adjust closing deferred tax to average rate of 19.67% Adjust opening deferred tax to average rate of 19.67% Deferred tax not recognised	2,221,492 2,541 (2,222,230) 4,349,103 (591,005) 767 (668)	(141) — — — — — 141
Tax charge	3,760,000	

The deferred tax provision above relates to timing differences arising on the revaluation of the investment properties in the year.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS 6.

		Furniture & equipment
Cost		~
At 1 August 2016	•	294,308
Additions	•	33,620
At 31 July 2017	•	327,928
Depreciation		
At 1 August 2016		243,072
Charge for the year		34,970
At 31 July 2017	•	278,042
Net book value		
At 31 July 2017		49,886
At 31 July 2016		
At 31 July 2010		51,236_
		•
FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Investment properties at market value	30,225,000	18,925,000
Investment properties at cost	6,253,768	6,253,768

The directors obtained a professional valuation of Woburn House and Flat 7, Russell Square Mansions from Resolution Property Surveyors (Chartered Surveyors) as at 10 August 2017. The market value of Woburn House and Russell Square Mansions was assessed as £29,300,000 and £925,000 respectively. The market value of Woburn House was arrived at by adopting a rent capitalisation methodology using an equivalent yield. The market value of Flat 7, Russell Square Mansions was based on comparable transactions for similar properties.

DEBTORS 8.

7.

	•	2017	2016
		£	£
Other debtors		1,342	1,546
Prepayments and accrued income		412,593	103,209
		413,935	104,755
		. ————	

CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade creditors	69,363	61,078
Taxation and social security	21,906	47,296
Other creditors	912,560	640,864
Accruals and deferred income	262,886	424,845
•	1,266,715	1,174,083

CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

and the second s		2017	2016
	•	£	£
	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Loans due after more than one year		750,000	375,000
	•	750,000	375,000

The loan balance is due for repayment after more than five years, but no later than 25 November 2026. The loan is secured by way of a fixed charge over the Woburn House building. Interest is payable on the loan at 3% above National Westminster Bank plc base rate.

DEFERRED TAXATION

12.

Deferred taxation provided at 19.67% in the financial statements is set out below:

	2017 £	2016 £	
Accelerated capital allowance	3,760,000		
	3,760,000		
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS			
	2017 £	2016 £	
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	951,562	486,335	
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	2.016.715	1 549 083	

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise debtors and cash.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are creditors.

13. LESSOR INCOME COMMITMENTS

CVCP Properties plc had the following future minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	Total	Total
	2017	2016
	£	£
Land and buildings:	•	
. Within one year	1,391,696	722,340
. Between one and five years	_ 3,973,533	1,319,497
	5,365,229	2,041,837

14. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	Share Capital £	Profit & Loss Account £	Total £
At 1 August 2016	4,800,000	13,113,488	17,913,488
Result for the year		7,536,245	7,536,245
At 31 July 2017	4,800,000	20,649,733	25,449,733

Included within the profit and loss account is a sinking fund of £48,857 for repairs and maintenance in accordance with the service charge agreement. This fund is provided towards the cost of the scheduled five-yearly external refurbishment work.

Called up share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Profit and loss account includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

15. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2017	2016
	£	£
Allotted and fully paid:		
4,250,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	4,250,000	4,250,000
550,000 6% non-cumulative preference shares of £1 each	550,000	550,000
	4,800,000	4,800,000

The 6% non-cumulative preference shares of £1 each entitle the holder to receive a preferential dividend at the rate of 6% on the paid-up capital in priority to any transfer or any rights of the holders of ordinary shares (non-cumulative). In all other respects the preference shares rank pari passu with ordinary shares and are defined as equity instruments.

16. CONTROLLING PARTIES

17.

All shareholders are UK universities in membership of Universities UK, and Universities UK itself. The financial statements include transactions with Universities UK as follows:

· .		2017 £	2016 £
	: 4	4	
Included in turnover: Rental and service charges		649,108	642,107
Included in expenditure and other creditors: Payment under deed of covenant		916,637	640,864_
Included in trade creditors: Other recharges		35,626	36,354
Included in accruals: Loan interest payable		14,132	13,125
	_		
Included in creditors falling due after one year Loans		750,000	375,000
Included in expenditure: Other recharges	•	119,201	68,158
Loan interest payable		14,132	13,125
RELATED PARTIES			
		٠	
Medical Schools Council			
		2017	2016
		£	£
Included in turnover:			•
Rental and service charges		47,492	43,271
Included in expenditure and other exaditors:			
Included in expenditure and other creditors: Deferred income - rent and service charge		8,029	6,960
	•	•	and the second s