

Stadium Property Asset Management (No.3) Limited

Company No. 03027012

Directors' Report and Unaudited Accounts

31 December 2018



Stadium Property Asset Management (No.3) Limited
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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

A.M. Clare

A.S. Fish

P.D. Healey

A.J. Standish

Secretary

A.S. Fish

Registered Office

Welton Grange

Cowgate

Welton

Brough

HU15 1NB

Accountants

Stadium Welton Limited

Welton Grange

Welton

Brough

HU15 1NB

Stadium Property Asset Management (No.3) Limited

DIRECTORS REPORT

The Directors present their report and the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was property investment.

Directors

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows:

A.M. Clare

A.S. Fish

E.D. Healey (Resigned 17 January 2018)

P.D. Healey

A.J. Standish

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the *small companies regime* as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board



A.S. Fish

Company Secretary

05 August 2019

Stadium Property Asset Management (No.3) Limited**PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT****for the year ended 31 December 2018**

	Notes	2018	2017
		£	£
Administrative expenses		-	95
Operating profit		<u>-</u>	<u>95</u>
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		<u>-</u>	<u>95</u>
Profit for the financial year after taxation		<u>-</u>	<u>95</u>

The company has not traded during the current period. During the period the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore made neither profit nor loss.

Stadium Property Asset Management (No.3) Limited
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 31 December 2018

	2018	2017
	£	£
Profit for the financial year after taxation	-	95
Total comprehensive income for the period	<u>-</u>	<u>95</u>

Stadium Property Asset Management (No.3) Limited**BALANCE SHEET**

at 31 December 2018

Company No. 03027012

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
Current assets			
Debtors	2	1,094	1,094
		<u>1,094</u>	<u>1,094</u>
Net current assets		1,094	1,094
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>1,094</u>	<u>1,094</u>
Net assets		<u>1,094</u>	<u>1,094</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account	3	1,093	1,093
Total equity		<u>1,094</u>	<u>1,094</u>

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

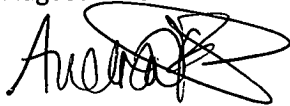
For the year ended 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

Approved by the board on 05 August 2019

And signed on its behalf by:



A.S. Fish

Director

Stadium Property Asset Management (No.3) Limited**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY****for the year ended 31 December 2018**

	Share Capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2017	1	998	999
Profit for the period		95	95
At 31 December 2017 and 1 January 2018	1	1,093	1,094
At 31 December 2018	1	1,093	1,094

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 December 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard) and the Companies Act 2006 . There were no material departures from that standard.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the accounting policies set out below.

The accounts are presented in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Freehold investment property

Investment properties are revalued annually and any surplus or deficit is dealt with through the profit and loss account.

No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties.

Investments

Unlisted investments are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, any changes in fair value are recognised in profit and loss.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in currencies, other than the functional currency of the Company, are recorded at the rate of exchange on the date the transaction occurred. Monetary items denominated in other currencies are translated at the rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account. Non-monetary items that are measured at historic cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Leased assets

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease.

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet date as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Company's policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy above).

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated in the same way as owned assets.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

Pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations. The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Provisions

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

2 Debtors

	2018	2017
	£	£
Amounts owed by group undertakings	1,093	1,093
Other debtors	1	1
	<u>1,094</u>	<u>1,094</u>

3 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

4 Additional information

Stadium Property Asset Management (No.3) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales.

Its registered number is:

03027012

Welton Grange

Cowgate

Welton

Brough

HU15 1NB

Stadium Property Asset Management (No.3) Limited
DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
for the year ended 31 December 2018

	2018	2017
	£	£
General administrative costs, including depreciation and amortisation		
Sundry expenses	-	(95)
	<u>-</u>	<u>(95)</u>
Administrative expenses	-	(95)
Operating profit	-	95
	<u>-</u>	<u>95</u>
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	-	95
	<u>-</u>	<u>95</u>