# ALD VACUUM TECHNOLOGIES LTD ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR 31st DECEMBER 2007

THURSDAY



A29 02/10/2008 COMPANIES HOUSE

163

# THE GBC PARTNERSHIP

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors
Haydon House
14 Haydon Place
Guildford GU1 4LL

# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 2007

CONTENTS	PAGES
Independent auditor's report to the company	1
Abbreviated balance sheet	2
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	3 to 4

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO ALD VACUUM TECHNOLOGIES LTD

## **UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985**

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 4, together with the financial statements of ALD Vacuum Technologies Ltd for the year ended 31st December 2007 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

## RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDITOR

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you

#### **BASIS OF OPINION**

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

#### OPINION

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions

Haydon House 14 Haydon Place Guildford GU1 4LL 7 / / 38 THE GBC PARTNERSHIP Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

# ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

# 31st DECEMBER 2007

	2007		7	2006	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Tangible assets			1,666		2,489
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		374,529		112,740	
Cash at bank and in hand		11,662		65,736	
		386,191		178,476	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling do	ie within				
one year		384,563		120,122	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,628	· <del></del>	58,354
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	T LIABILIT	TIES	3,294		60,843
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	3		145,100		145,100
Share premium account			14,900		14,900
Profit and loss account			(156,706)		(99,157)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3,294		60,843
					,-

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors on 25-1 of and are signed on their behalf by

P Wightman

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 2007

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007)

#### Going concern

The accounts are prepared on a going concern basis as the company will continue to be supported by its parent company

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts receivable from sales during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Equipment

4 years on a straight line basis

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

#### Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more or less tax

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on a discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

# Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at fixed rates determined by the company based on ruling exchange rates. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 2007

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## 2. FIXED ASSETS

3.

				Tangıble
				Assets
COST				£
COST At 1st January 2007				42,328
Additions				1,110
Disposals				(6,027)
•				
At 31st December 2007				37,411
DEPRECIATION				
At 1st January 2007				39,839
Charge for year				1,933
On disposals				(6,027)
•				-
At 31st December 2007				35,745
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31st December 2007				1,666
				-
At 31st December 2006				2,489
SHARE CAPITAL				
Authorised share capital:				
Truchot sour o capital		2005		2007
		2007 £		2006 £
145,100 Equity ordinary shares of £1 each		145,100		145,100
145,100 Equity ordinary shares of 21 oden				
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
, , ,	2007		2006	
	2007 No	£	2006 No	£
Equity ordinary shares of £1 each	145,100	145,100	145,100	145,100
Equity ordinary states of Dr each	170,100	=	=====	1.5,150

# 4. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The holding company is ALD Vacuum Technologies GmbH, a company incorporated in Germany Group accounts of this company can be obtained from 35 Wilhelm Rohn Strasse, D-63450, Hanau, Germany

The ultimate holding company is AMG Advance Metallurgical Group N V  $\,$  which is incorporated in the USA