A for E Limited AMENDED

Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 August 2007

Critchleys Registered Auditors Greyfriars Court Paradise Square Oxford OX1 1BE SATURDAY



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Independent Auditors' Report to A for E Limited Under Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts of A for E Limited, set out on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 August 2007 prepared under section 226 of the Companies Act 1985

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions

Greyfriars Court Paradise Square Oxford OX1 1BE

Critchleys

Registered Auditors

Date

5/6/2008

A for E Limited Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2007

		2007		2006	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	2		-		-
Tangible assets	2		656,324 656,324		459,076 459,076
Current assets					
Stocks		6,945		5,016	
Debtors		164,547		41,861	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	37,145		200	
		208,637		47,077	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year Net current assets/(liabilities)	3 .	(174,261)	34,376	(123,897)	(76,820)
assets/(Habinties)			34,570		(,0,020)
Total assets less current liabilities			690,700		382,256
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year Provisions for liabilities			(302,991) (3,776)		(3,776)
Net assets			383,933		378,480
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4		120,000		120,000
Capital redemption reserve	-		35,000		35,000
Profit and loss reserve			228,933		223,480
Shareholders' funds			383,933		378,480

The abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 27/05/08 and signed on its behalf by

Mr A McEwen Director

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements

Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the Year Ended 31 August 2007

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings

20% reducing balance 20% reducing balance

Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between the fair value of consideration paid for an acquired entity and the aggregate of the fair value of that entity's identifiable assets and liabilities

No depreciation is provided on leasehold land and buildings as there is a long lease in place and the estimated residual value at the end of the useful life to the company is more than the cost at which the buildings are reflected in the financial statements

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by FRSSE

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date

Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the Year Ended 31 August 2007

continued

Foreign currencies

Profit and loss account transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the closing rates at the balance sheet date and the exchange differences are included in the profit and loss account.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2 Fixed assets

	Intangible assets £	Tangible assets £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 September 2006	100,000	528,647	628,647
Additions	-	207,741	207,741
As at 31 August 2007	100,000	736,388	836,388
Depreciation			
As at 1 September 2006	100,000	69,571	169,571
Charge for the year	-	10,493	10,493
As at 31 August 2007	100,000	80,064	180,064
Net book value			
As at 31 August 2007	<u> </u>	656,324	656,324
As at 31 August 2006		459,076	459,076

3 Creditors

Included within creditors is secured creditors of nil (2006 - £3,940)

Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the Year Ended 31 August 2007

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4 Share capital

	2007 £	2006 £
Authorised		
Equity 50,000 Ordinary A shares of £1 each 500,000 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	50,000 500,000 550,000	50,000 500,000 550,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
Equity 30,000 Ordinary A shares of £1 each 90,000 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	30,000 90,000 120,000	30,000 90,000 120,000

5 Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent undertaking is institucion international SEK, a company incorporated in Panama