301 2417

CORKERY MACKAY LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

-for the year ended-

31ST.JANUARY 2000

ALAN GILLIES & CO. 1/2 St.Ann's Passage London SW13 0AX

> ASS WAUZSSRSK# 0015 COMPANIES HOUSE 30/06/00

DIRECTORS

A.Purves P.Purves

SECRETARY

P.Goodstein

BUSINESS ADDRESS

83 Tottenham Court Road, London, W1P 9HD

REGISTERED OFFICE

83 Tottenham Court Road, London, W1P 9HD

AUDITORS

Alan Gillies & Co. 1/2 St. Ann's Passage London SW13 0AX

CORKERY MACKAY LTD. COMPANY NUMBER 3012417

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31st. January 2000.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company at the commencement of the year was the production and sales of furniture and accessories by mail order in the U.K and the rest of Europe. During the year the production side of the business was transferred to the associate company.

DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

There was no research and development carried on during the period.

FIXED ASSETS

The company acquired equipment at a cost of £1027 and a motor vehicle at a cost of £7295 during the year. Both motor vehicles were sold together with plant to the associate company at a loss of £5591. Movements in fixed assets are set out on page 7.

POLITICAL AND CHARITABLE DONATIONS

No charitable donations were made during the year.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE PERIOD

The Directors have reported the company having moved into a profitable situation during the first quarter of the new year.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors at the balance sheet date and their interests in the company at that date and at the beginning of the year were as follows:

	Class of shares	Number of shares
A.Purves	Ordinary shares	1
P.Purves	Ordinary shares	1

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (Continued)

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the finacial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

CLOSE COMPANY

The company is a close company as defined by the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Alan Gillies & Co., are willing to be reappointed in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

By Order of the Board

P.Goodstein **Secretary**

Date: 25 Jose .0

<u>AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF</u> CORKERY MACKAY LTD.

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 10 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the Directors' Report the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Fundamental Uncertainity

In forming our opinion,we have considered the extent of the losses made by the company. This matter has been discussed with the Directors who report that they have restructered the business and the loss making section has been abandoned, as a result of which the first quarter of the subsequent year has recorded a profit

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31st. January 2000 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

ALAN GILLIES & CO.

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Date: -7 me 200

1/2 St. Ann's Passage London SW13 0AX

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JANUARY 2000

	Notes	2000 £	1999 £
TURNOVER	2	300,405	323,163
Cost of sales		(226,666)	(226,717)
GROSS PROFIT		73,739	96,446
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(10,906) (119,093)	(10,579) (98,559)
OPERATING LOSS	3	(56,260)	(12,692)
Interest receivable	4	-	26
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	5	(56,260)	(12,666)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities		. ~	-
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	14	(56,260)	(12,666)

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years, with the exception of the production side of the business which was transferred to the associate company.

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than those dealt with in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AT 31ST JANUARY 2000

		2000		1999	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets CURRENT ASSETS	7		1,648		12,891
Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	8 9	18,671 76,757 1,464		50,681 28,888 3,442	
		96,892		83,011	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	10	(174,755)		(115,541)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	-		(77,863)		(32,530)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(76,215)		(19,639)
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	11		(84,682)		(84,998)
			(160,897)		(104,637)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	13 14		2 (160,899)		2 (104,639)
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS	15		(160,897)		(104,637)

The financial statements were approved by the board on ... \(\mathbb{L} \otin \). \(\lambda \otin \oti

A.Purves

Director

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JANUARY 2000

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2 TURNOVER

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of goods sold and services rendered during the year.

1.3 FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account

1.4 DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is provided using the following rates and bases to reduce by annual instalments the cost, less estimated residual value, of the tangible assets over their estimated useful lives:-

Plant and machinery	25%	Straight line
Fixtures and fittings	20%	Straight line

1.5 STOCKS

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less further costs to completion and disposal.

1.6 DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred taxation is provided where there is a reasonable probability of the amount becoming payable in the foreseeable future.

2. TURNOVER

	2000 £	1999 £
Analysis by:-	·-	
Geographical market		
Export Sales	40,598	93,752
U.K.Sales	259,807	229,411
	300,405	323,163

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JANUARY 2000

3.	OPERATING LOSS The operating loss is stated	2000 £	1999 £
	after charging:		
	Depreciation Auditors' remuneration	1,179 1,300	4,682 1,300
4.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE	2000 £	1999 £
	Bank and other interest receivable	-	26
		-	26
5.	LOSS BEFORE TAXATION Corporation tax is not payable by the company due to the accum	ulated losses.	
6.	DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES	2000	1999
		£	£
	Staff costs:		
	Wages and salaries	61,454	53,851
	Social security costs	5,749	5,353
		67,203	59,204
		<u></u>	

The average number of employees during the year was made up as follows: Number

Office and Management

Number

3

3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JANUARY 2000

7. TANGIBLE ASSETS

		Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost				
	At 1st.February 1999 Additions	14,085	1,055 1,027	4,750 7,295	19,890 8,322
	Disposals	(11,030)	-	(12,045)	(23,075)
	At 31st January 2000	3,055	2,082	-	5,137
	<u>Depreciation</u>				
	At 1st.February 1999	5,499	550	950	6,999
	Charge for year On disposals	763 (3,739)	416 -	(950)	1,179 (4,689)
	On disposais				
	At 31st.January 2000	2,523	966	-	3,489
	Net book value at 31st.January 2000	532	1,116	-	1,648
	Net book value at 31st.January 1999	8,586	505	3,800	12,891
8.	STOCKS			2000	1999
				£	£
	Finished goods and goods for resale			18,671	50,681
				18,671	50,681
9.	DEBTORS			2000 £	1999 £
	Trade debtors			76,757	22,629
	Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income			-	575 5,684
				76,757	28,888

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JANUARY 2000

10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2000 £	1999 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	60,654	54,934
	Trade creditors	10,546	26,369
	Taxes and social security costs	8,012	1,488
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	70,000 25,543	30,000 2,750
		174,755	115,541
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2000 £	1999 £
	Loans	84,682	84,998
		84,682	84,998
12.	BORROWINGS	2000 £	1999 £
	The company's borrowings are repayable as follows:		
	In one year, or less or on demand	130,654	84,934
13.	SHARE CAPITAL	2000 £	1999 £
	Authorised		
	Equity interests:		
		100	400
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	Equity interests:		
	2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JANUARY 2000

14.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	2000 £	1999 £
	Accumulated losses at 1st.February 1999 Loss for the financial year	(104,639) (56,260)	(91,973) (12,666)
	Accumulated losses at 31st.January 2000	(160,899)	(104,639)
15.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUI	NDS 2000 £	1999 £
	Loss for the financial year Shareholders' funds at 1st.February 1999	(56,260) (104,637)	(12,666) (91,971)
	Shareholders' funds at 31st.January 2000	(160,897)	(104,637)
	Represented by:-		
	Equity interests	(160,897)	(104,637)
		(160,897)	(104,637)