Registration number: 02974856

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Libra Weighing Machines Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

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Wickershams
Unit 114
Westthorpe Business Innovation Centre
Westthorpe Fields Road
Killamarsh
Derbyshire
S21 1TZ

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Company Information

Directors

H Surtees

S P Seaton

Registered office

The Haven Pipworth Lane Eckington Sheffield

Accountants

Wickershams

Unit 114

S21 4EY

Westthorpe Business Innovation Centre

Westthorpe Fields Road

Killamarsh Derbyshire S21 1TZ

(Registration number: 02974856) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

	T .	2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	3,773	4,712
Current assets			
Stocks	4	65,183	65,183
Debtors	5	107,561	81,362
Cash at bank and in hand		51,751	63,087
		224,495	209,632
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(117,979)	(108,292)
Net current assets		106,516	101,340
Total assets less current liabilities		110,289	106,052
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	6	(26,781)	(36,667)
Provisions for liabilities		(254)	(331)
Net assets	,	83,254	69,054
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	100	100
Profit and loss account		83,154	68,954
Shareholders' funds	:	83,254	69,054

(Registration number: 02974856) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2019

For the financial year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 8 December 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

H Surtees Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is:

The Haven

Pipworth Lane

Eckington

Sheffield

S21 4EY

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 8 December 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Fixtures and fittings Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate

20% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

3 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2019	39,780	39,780
At 31 December 2019	39,780	39,780
Depreciation At 1 January 2019 Charge for the year	35,068 939	35,068 939
At 31 December 2019	36,007	36,007
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2019	3,773	3,773
At 31 December 2018	4,712	4,712
4 Stocks	2019	2018
Other inventories	<u>£</u> 65,183	65,183
5 Debtors		
	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	94,453	63,333
Other debtors	13,108	18,029
	107,561	81,362

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2019

6 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due withi	in one year			
			2019	2018
		Note	£	£
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		8	10,043	10,000
Trade creditors			48,225	23,054
Taxation and social security			9,211	17,375
Accruals and deferred income			8,106	22,301
Other creditors			42,394	35,562
			117,979	108,292
Creditors: amounts falling due after	more than one year			
		 .	2019	2018
		Note	£	£
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		8	26,781	36,667
7 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid sha	ares			
	2019	2018		18
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
8 Loans and borrowings				
			2019	2018
N			£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings Bank borrowings			26,781	36,667
Daik borrowings				
			2019	2018
			£	£
Current loans and borrowings			10.042	10 000
Bank borrowings			10,043	10,000