Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

for

**JDDK Architects Limited** 

Haines Watts
Chartered Accountants
17 Queens Lane
Newcastle upon Tyne
Tyne and Wear
NE1 1RN

# Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

	Page
Company Information	1
Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3

# JDDK Architects Limited

# Company Information for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

**DIRECTORS:** Mrs M Mullan Mr K Turnbull Mr A J Vaughan Mrs N J Watson

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

17 Queens Lane Newcastle Upon Tyne NE1 1RN

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 02973091 (England and Wales)

**ACCOUNTANTS:** Haines Watts

Chartered Accountants 17 Queens Lane Newcastle upon Tyne Tyne and Wear NE1 1RN

#### **Balance Sheet** 31 March 2022

		2022		2021	
PTVPD ACCETO	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	5		60,988 60,988		81,318 81,318
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	6	125,380 311,268 <u>442,397</u> 879,045		105,394 280,569 <u>472,526</u> 858,489	
CREDITORS	_			,	
Amounts falling due within one year NET CURRENT ASSETS TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	7	316,091_	562,954 623,942	342,014	516,475 597,793
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year NET ASSETS	8				16,184 581,609
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			8,000		8,000
Share premium Other reserves			78,166 5,500		78,166 5,500
Profit and loss account			<u>532,276</u>		<u>489,943</u>
			623,942		581,609

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (a) (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 10 August 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr A J Vaughan - Director

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

JDDK Architects Limited is a private company, limited by shares , registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable from the supply of architectural services, stated net of discounts and of value added tax.

The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company.

### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery etc - 25% on reducing balance

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### Impairment of assets

At each reporting date fixed assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less cost to complete and sell. Cost is calculated on a first in, first out basis and includes all costs of purchase.

#### Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments on non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Page 3 continued...

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

# 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities and other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### Leasing

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and depreciated in the same manner as tangible fixed assets. The related obligations, net of future finance charges are included in creditors.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

#### **Employee benefits**

Short term employee benefits, including contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 21 (2021 - 20 ) .

#### 5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Plant and machinery etc £
	COST		-
	At 1 April 2021		222.006
	and 31 March 2022  DEPRECIATION		<u>333,006</u>
	At 1 April 2021		251,688
	Charge for year		20,330
	At 31 March 2022 NET BOOK VALUE		<u>272,018</u>
	At 31 March 2022		60,988
	At 31 March 2021		81,318
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2022	2021
	Trade debtors	£	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	224,269 5	182,791 7,433
	Other debtors	<u>86,994</u>	90,345
		311,268	280,569
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2022	2021
	Channel Inner	£	£
	Finance leases Trade creditors	16,304 148,969	17,998 143,816
	Taxation and social security	114,682	114,206
	Other creditors	36,136	65,994
		<u>316,091</u>	342,014

Page 4 continued...

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

# 8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Finance leases	2022 £ 	2021 £ <u>16,184</u>
9.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
	Finance leases	2022 £ 16,304	2021 £ 34,182

The finance lease liability is secured against the assets to which it relates. The net book value of fixed assets held under finance lease at 30 November 2022 was £29,205 (2021 - £38,940).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.