Company No: 02964774

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 March 2020

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Registered office

Vodafone House The Connection Newbury Berkshire RG14 2FN

Company No: 02964774

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Company No: 02964774

Company Information

Directors Vodafone Enterprise Corporate Secretaries Limited

Prashant Bhagania

Alexander Henricus Lentink

Joanna Claire Jones

Company secretary Vodafone Enterprise Corporate Secretaries Limited

Registered number 02964774

Registered office Vodafone House The Connection

Newbury Berkshire RG14 2FN United Kingdom

Company No: 02964774

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company is to act as an investment holding company and support ongoing telecommunications activities in Russia.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in the Companies Act 2006 to not present a Strategic Report.

Review of the business and future development

The Directors do not anticipate that the business of the Company will change in the foreseeable future. There have been no subsequent events that would suggest future changes.

Results and Dividends

The income statement is set out on page 6 of the financial statements. For the year ended 31 March 2020, there was a loss on ordinary activities after taxation of £46,000 (2019: profit of £11,000). The loss for the year is mainly due by impairment losses.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2020 (2019: £nil).

Directors of the Company

The directors, who held office during the year, were as follows:

Vodafone Enterprise Corporate Secretaries Limited

Prashant Bhagania (appointed 6 August 2019)

Samuel Horrocks (resigned 31 January 2020)

Alexander Henricus Lentink

Marcus Glover (resigned 31 August 2019)

Joanna Claire Jones (appointed 1 February 2020)

Registered office

The registered office of the Company is Vodafone House, The Connection, Newbury, Berkshire, United Kingdom, RG14 2FN.

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Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

Political and charitable donations

No charitable donations, political donations or contributions to political parties under the Companies Act 2006 have been made by the Company during the financial year (2019: £nil). The Company follows Vodafone Group policy in that no political donations be made or political expenditure incurred.

Financial risk management

The financial risks the Directors consider relevant to the Company include currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company follows the board-approved policies of its parent Vodafone Group Plc, to manage these principal financial risks, these risks are mitigated by the fact that the counterparty of the majority of debtor balances are other Vodafone Group companies who are considered able to repay their debts.

The treasury function of the Vodafone Group provides a centralised treasury service to the Company, and follows a framework of policies and guidelines authorised and reviewed annually by the Vodafone Group Plc Board.

The Group's internal auditors review the internal control environment regularly. There has been no significant change during the financial year to the types of financial risks faced by the Company, or the Company's approach to the management of those risks. Further details of the Group's policies on financial risk management can be found in the annual report and financial statements of Vodafone Group Plc for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Directors have assessed the risks that the Company is exposed to and have not identified any material risks. Business risks relating to the Vodafone Group are disclosed in the Annual Report of Vodafone Group Plc, which does not form part of these financial statements.

Financial Position and Liquidity

The Directors consider that the Company has sufficient funding to meet its financial needs as they fall due. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The Directors have reviewed the financial position of the Company, including the arrangements with Vodafone Group Plc undertakings. The Directors have also considered the financial position of the Company's ultimate parent Vodafone Group Plc, including centralised treasury arrangements and the availability of a credit facility.

On the basis of their assessment of the Company's financial position, the factors likely to affect its future development and performance, and the enquiries made of the directors of Vodafone Group Plc, the Company's Directors have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists that may cast doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, they expect that the Company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and hence continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

Research and development

The Company does not perform any research or development activities.

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Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

Going concern

The potential impact of COVID-19 on the Company has been considered as part of the Company's going concern assessment. In reaching its conclusion, the Directors also considered the findings of the work performed by Group to support the statement on the long-term viability of the Group. This included key changes to the principal risks relevant to the sustainability of the Group's operations in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, sensitivity analysis, scenario assessments, and combinations thereof, including that of a longer-term global recession with likely impacts beyond 2020.

In conclusion, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The net current assets position at 31 March 2020 was £744,000 (2019: net current assets position of £699,000). The Directors are satisfied that, at the time of approving the financial statements, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law of England and Wales requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101').

Under company law, the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 have been followed subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for the system of internal control, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and, hence, for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

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Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

Indemnification of directors

In accordance with the Company's articles of association and to the extent permitted by law, the Directors may be granted an indemnity from the Company in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. In respect of those matters for which the Directors may not be indemnified, Vodafone Group Plc maintained a directors and officers' liability insurance policy throughout the financial year. This policy is renewed annually in August. Neither the Company's indemnity nor the insurance provides cover in the event that the Director is proven to have acted dishonestly or fraudulently.

Events after the reporting period

Since January 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic has brought significant disruption to the staff, suppliers and customers of the Vodafone Group. It is likely to change the global economic, social, political and business landscape for the foreseeable future. The Vodafone Group Annual report contains full details of the strategy and five-point plan, which the Group have adopted to identify new opportunities which, may arise or risks which, may change materially.

The Directors have considered the impact of Covid-19 and would not envisage any consequential impact on the Company.

The Company will continue to monitor the implications for Vodafone's operations in light of the new trading relationship between the UK and the EU, which has yet to be negotiated. The Group established a cross-functional steering committee that has identified the impact of the UK and EU failing to reach a free trade agreement on the Group's operations and has produced a comprehensive mitigation plan. The lack of an agreed free trade deal between the UK and EU could lead to a fall in consumer and business confidence. Such a fall in confidence could, in turn, reduce consumer and business spend on Group products and services, but we would not envisage this would directly impact the Company.

Approved by the Board on 10 August 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Vodafone Enterprise Corporate Secretaries Limited

Company secretary

Company No: 02964774

Income Statement for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Impairment losses	8	(58)	-
Other expense			(1)
Operating loss	5	(58)	(1)
Finance income net	6	15	14
(Loss)/profit before taxation		(43)	13
Income tax expense	7	(3)	(2)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(46)	11

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

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Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
(Loss)/profit for the financial year:	(46)	11
Other comprehensive income/(expense):		
Items that may be reclassified to the income statement in subsequent years: Foreign exchange translation differences from the functional to the presentation currency	59	86
Total items that may be reclassified to the income statement in subsequent years	59	86
Other comprehensive income	59	86
Total comprehensive income for the year	13	97

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Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Non current assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	8	524	556
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	9	747	703
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	10	(3)	(4)
Net current assets		744	699
Total assets less current liabilities		1,268	1,255
Net assets	_	1,268	1,255
Equity			
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	-	-
Retained earnings		1,268	1,255
Total Shareholders' funds		1,268	1,255

For the financial year ending 31 March 2020 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 10 August 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Vodafone Enterprise Corporate Secretaries Limited

Director

The notes on pages 10 to 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Company No: 02964774

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Called up share capital £ 000	Retained earnings £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 April 2018	•	1,158	1,158
Profit for the financial year	-	11	11
Other comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u>	86	86
Total comprehensive profit for the year	<u> </u>	97	97
At 31 March 2019	-	1,255	1,255
At 1 April 2019	<u>-</u>	1,255	1,255
Loss for the financial year	-	(46)	(46)
Other comprehensive income for the year		59	59
Total comprehensive profit for the year		13	13
At 31 March 2020		1,268	1,268

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1 General information

Cable & Wireless CIS Services Limited ('the Company') acts as an investment holding company and support ongoing telecommunication activities in Russia.

The Company is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in United Kingdom and domiciled in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Vodafone House The Connection Newbury Berkshire RG14 2FN United Kingdom

Registration number: 02964774

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 10 August 2020.

2 Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The Company has a presentation currency of Sterling. The functional currency of the Company is U.S. Dollars as this reflects the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The principal exchange rates used in translating the financial statements for presentation purpose were:

Average rate GBP 1.00 : USD 1.2352 Closing rate GBP 1.00 : USD 1.2400

Exchange gain/losses arising from presentation translations are recorded in reserves. The profit and loss account is translated at the avarage rate, the balance sheet (excluding equity) is translated at the closing rate and equity is translated at the spot rate on the date of the transaction.

Company No: 02964774

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by derivative financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, as applicable to companies using FRS 101.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed on page 15.

The following exemptions from the requirements of IFRS have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101:

• The requirements of paragraph 38 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements comparative information requirements in respect of:

(i) paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;

- The requirements of following paragraphs of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements:
- 10(d), (statement of cash flows);
- 10(f) (a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period when an entity applies an accounting policy retrospectively or makes a retrospective restatement of items in its financial statements, or when it reclassifies items in its financial statements);
- 16 (statement of compliance with all IFRS);
- 38A (requirement for minimum of two primary statements, including cash flow statements);
- 38B-D (additional comparative information);
- 40A-D (requirements for a third statement of financial position);
- 111 (cash flow statement information);
- 134-136 (capital management disclosures);
- The requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- The requirements of paragraph 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (requirement for the disclosure of information when an entity has not applied a new IFRS that has been issued but is not yet effective);
- The requirements of paragraph 17 and 18A of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures;
- The requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group
- The requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii), 130(f)(iii), 134(d) to 134(f) and 135(c) to 135(e) of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*, because equivalent disclosures are included in the Vodafone Group Plc Annual Report in which the entity is consolidated:

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

- The requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, because equivalent disclosures are included in the Vodafone Group Pic Annual Report in which the entity is consolidated;
- The requirements of paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement, because equivalent disclosures are included in the Vodafone Group Plc Annual Report in which the entity is consolidated;
- The requirements of the second sentence of paragraph 110 and paragraphs 113(a), 114, 115, 118, 119(a) to (c), 120 to 127 and 129 of IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers;

2.1.1 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Directors are satisfied that, at the time of approving the financial statements, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Directors' report on page 2.

The Directors have reviewed the financial position of the Company. Accordingly, they expect that the Company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and hence continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

2.1.2 New standards, amendments and IFRIC interpretation

No new accounting standards, or amendments to accounting standards, or IFRIC interpretations that are effective for the year ended 31 March 2020, have had a material impact on the Company, including IFRS 16.

2.2 Exemption from preparing group accounts

The financial statements contain information about Cable & Wireless CIS Services Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group.

The Company is exempt under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it is included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent, Vodafone Group Plc, a company incorporated in United Kingdom.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Foreign currency transaction and balances

Transactions during the year denominated in foreign currency have been translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. The resulting profits or losses are dealt with in the profit and loss account. Exchange gains/losses arising from presentation translations are recorded in reserves.

2.4 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value. Earned income from the disposal of an investment is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its investments to determine whether there is any indication that those investments have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the investment is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the investment in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statement.

2.5 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from Vodafone Group Companies and third parties customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are disclosed as currents assets, if not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Company holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Trade and other receivables (continued)

The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables and contract assets.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables and contract assets are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The contract assets relate to unbilled services and have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. The Company has therefore concluded that the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the contract assets.

Receivables are written off when management considers them to be irrecoverable.

2.6 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

2.7 Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), if the Company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Current and deferred tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions, where appropriate, on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Current and deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill; or arise from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available, against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

3 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

The estimates and judgements that could have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities during the reporting period are addressed below:

3.1 Impairment of investment in subsidiary

In making the judgement for impairment of investment in subsidiary, the Company evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost; and the financial health of and short-term business outlook for the subsidiary.

4 Employees and Directors' remuneration

Employees

The Company had no employees during the year (2019: nil).

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

4 Employees and Directors' remuneration (continued)

Directors

The Directors did not receive any emoluments from the Company in respect of their services during the year (2019: £nil).

The Company's Directors were remunerated by other Group companies.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

5 Operating profit/(loss) The executing profit/(loss) for the year and prior year is stated after (chara-

The operating profit/(loss) for the year and prior year is stated after	(charging)/crediting:	
	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Foreign exchange losses	-	(1)
Impairment losses (see note 8)	(58)	-
6 Interest receivables and payables		
	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Finance income		
Interest receivable from group undertakings	15	14
Total finance income	15	14
Net finance income	15	14
7 Income tax		
	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
United Kingdom corporation tax (expense)/credit:		
Current year tax expense	(3)	(2)
Total UK current tax expense	(3)	(2)
Total income tax expense in the income statement	(3)	(2)

The actual tax for the current and previous year is the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 19% (2019: 19%).

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

7 Income tax (continued)

	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
(Loss)/profit before tax	(43)	13_
Corporation tax credit/(expense) at standard rate of 19% (2019: 19%)	8	(2)
Factors affecting tax (expense)/credit: Impairment of fixed asset investment	(11)	_
Total tax expense	(3)	(2)

The tax rate for the current year is 19%. A rate reduction in the UK corporation tax rate to 17% was substantively enacted in Finance Act 2016. In the Spring Budget 2020, the Government announced that from 1 April 2020 the corporation tax rate would remain at 19% (rather than reducing to 17%, as previously enacted). This new law was substantively enacted on 17 March 2020.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

8 Investments		
Shares in group undertakings		2020 £ 000
		2 000
Cost:		
At 1 April 2019		19,296
Exchange movements	_	923
At 31 March 2020		20,219
Provisions:		
At 1 April 2019		(18,740)
Provision of the year		(58)
Exchange movements		(897)
At 31 March 2020	******	(19,695)
Net book value:		
At 1 April 2019	_	556
At 31 March 2020		524
Refer to note 15 for details of subsidiaries undertaking.		
9 Trade and other receivables		
	2020	2019
	£ 000	£ 000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	747	703
		

747

703

Amounts owed by group undertakings comprise of trading balances due for services provided.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

10 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £ 000	2019 £ 000
Group relief payable	3	2
Bank overdrafts	<u> </u>	2
	3	4

11 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

12 Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the Related Party Disclosures exemption granted under paragraph 8 'FRS 101' reduced disclosure framework, not to disclose transactions with Vodafone Group Plc group companies.

13 Controlling parties

The Company's immediate parent is The Eastern Leasing Company Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The Directors regard Vodafone Group Plc, a company registered in England and Wales, as the ultimate parent company and controlling party.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that of Vodafone Group Plc. The consolidated financial statements of Vodafone Group Plc may be obtained from the Company Secretary, Vodafone Group Plc, Vodafone House, The Connection, Newbury, Berkshire, RG14 2FN or from Vodafone Group's website https://investors.vodafone.com/investors-analysts/annual-reports/.

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

14 Events after the reporting period

Since January 2020, the COVID-19 pandemic has brought significant disruption to the staff, suppliers and customers of the Vodafone Group. It is likely to change the global economic, social, political and business landscape for the foreseeable future. The Vodafone Group Annual report contains full details of the strategy and five-point plan, which the Group have adopted to identify new opportunities which, may arise or risks which, may change materially.

The Directors have considered the impact of Covid-19 and would not envisage any consequential impact on the Company.

The Company will continue to monitor the implications for Vodafone's operations in light of the new trading relationship between the UK and the EU, which has yet to be negotiated. The Group established a cross-functional steering committee that has identified the impact of the UK and EU failing to reach a free trade agreement on the Group's operations and has produced a comprehensive mitigation plan. The lack of an agreed free trade deal between the UK and EU could lead to a fall in consumer and business confidence. Such a fall in confidence could, in turn, reduce consumer and business spend on Group products and services, but we would not envisage this would directly impact the Company.

15 Related undertakings

Details of the direct and indirect (*) related undertakings as at 31 March 2020 are given below:

Subsidiary	Country of			
undertaking	incorporation	Address	Class	Ownership
Cable & Wireless CIS Svyaz LLC	Russia	14/10 bld.2, Chayanova str., Moscow, 125047, Russia	Ordinary	100.00%