CFS INDEPENDENT LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

A O Harwood

J Besso-Cowan

Secretary

G Harwood

Company number

02960433

Registered office

93 High street

Edgware

Middlesex

HA8 7DB

Auditors

19 mg 19 18

Fisher, Sassoon & Marks

43-45 Dorset Street

London

W1U 7NA

Business address

93 High street

Edgware

Middlesex

HA8 7DB

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of discretionary fund management and investment advisors.

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end reflect the difficult market conditions experienced by the Financial services Industry since 2008/9. The Directors are confident of improved results in the subsequent period.

Capital Requirements Directive Pillar 3 Disclosure

Background

The Capital Requirements Directive ('the Directive') of the European Union created a revised regulatory capital framework across Europe governing how much capital financial services firms must retain. In the United Kingdom, this is being implemented by our regulator, the Financial Conduct Authority ('FCA') who has created new rules and guidance specifically through the creation of the General Prudential Source book ('GENPRU') and the Prudential Source book for Banks, Building Societies and Investment Firms ('BIPRU'). The new FCA framework consists of three 'Pillars': Pillar 1 sets out the minimum capital requirements that we need to retain to meet our credit, market and operational risk; Pillar 2 requires us, and the FCA, to take a view on whether we need to hold additional capital against firm-specific risks not covered by Pillar 1; and Pillar 3 requires us to develop a set of disclosures which will allow market participants to assess key information about our underlying risks, risk management controls and capital position. The rules in BIPRU 11 set out the provision for Pillar 3 disclosure. This must be done in accordance with a formal disclosure document. The disclosure of this document meets our obligation with respect to Pillar 3. The rules provide that we may omit one or more of the required disclosures if we believe that the information is immaterial. Materiality is based on the criterion that the omission or misstatement of any information would be likely to change or influence the decision of a reader relying on that information. Where we have considered a disclosure to be immaterial, we have stated this in the document. In addition, we may also omit one or more of the required disclosures where we believe that the information is regarded as proprietary or confidential. In our view, proprietary information is that which, if it were shared, would undermine our competitive position. Information is considered to be confidential where there are obligations binding us to confidentiality with our customers, suppliers and counterparties.

The company is a BIPRU 125,000 euros limited license firm The firm's Pillar 1 and Pillar 11 requirements are also 125,000 Euros.

As a service provider the directors consider that the key financial risk exposures faced by the company relate to the need to maintain sufficient liquidy to satisfy regulatory capital requirements and working capital needs. The company does not invest in investments which expose it to material price risk nor does it have a material exposure to foreign exchange movements.

The company's financial risk management objectives are therefore to minimise the key financial risks through having clearly defined terms of business with clients, regular monitoring of cash flow and management accounts to ensure regulatory capital requirements are not breached and the company maintains adequate working capital.

The principal non financial risks faced by the company relate to breach of laws and regulations within the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and Financial Conduct Authority Rule Book. These risks are minimised through having stringent internal controls.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

BIPRU 11.5.18

Disclosures: Remuneration

Information concerning the decision-making process

Due to the size of the Company, we do not consider it appropriate to have a separate remuneration committee. Instead this function is undertaken by the Managing Board. This will be kept under review and should the need arise, the Company will consider amending this arrangement to provide greater independent review.

The CEO is a member of the Managing Board and also has a majority voting interest in the Company.

The Managing Board of CFS Independent Limited is responsible for ensuring that the remuneration policy is developed to align with its risk tolerance. No external consultants assisted in this review. Any person with a question regarding the policy or disclosures made under this policy should refer to the Directors who are members of the Managing Board.

Information on the link between pay and performance

A key objective in utilising the Company's structure was to align the interests of the directors with the overall goal of achieving the best performance over the long-term for the Company.

A Harwood receives a fixed pre-agreed salary from CFS Independent Limited reflecting his ownership interest in the Company. This amount is reviewed annually. Adjustment can be both down as well as up and is made by the Managing Board which considers the individual's performance and contribution to the Company.

The Director's salary is paid after ensuring FCA capital and liquidity requirements and the working capital needs of the Company have been considered, thereby ensuring the Company is financially viable going forward.

Aggregate Value of Directors salaries for period to 31 March 2014

Based on the profile of the Company we consider we have one business area, investment management and all Directors, as Code Staff, have responsibilities that typically fall within job titles FSA guidance indicated would suggest they are senior personnel whose role impacts the risk profile of the Company.

As such, to comply with the FCA disclosure requirement BIRPU 11.5.18 R (6) and (7), we disclose, as per the audited accounts of the Firm, the total Directors salaries which, for the period to 31 March 2014 was £71,578

The position of the Company at the year end

At the year end the company had net assets of £126,085 (2013 - £88,719).

Analysis based on key performance indicators

Given the nature of the company's business administration expenses are in the main a fixed cost. Accordingly the operating results are dependent on fees generated from fund management. The key performance indicator is turnover and is dependent on the ability of the company to increase funds under management each year and to provide satisfactory investment returns to clients.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 7.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Post balance sheet events

Post balance sheet events are detailed on page 17.

Future developments

The company has been appointed as an investment adviser to the subfund of an authorised open ended investment company.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2013:

A O Harwood

J Besso-Cowan

Taxation status

The company was a close company within the provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 and this position has not changed since the end of the financial year.

Creditor payment policy

The company's current policy concerning the payment of trade creditors is to:

- settle the terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction;
- ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment by inclusion of the relevant terms in contracts; and
- pay in accordance with the company's contractual and other legal obligations.

Financial instruments

Liquidity risk

The company manages its cash requirements in order to maximise interest income and minimise interest expense, whilst ensuring the company has sufficient liquid resources to meet the operating needs of the businesses

Credit risk

Investments of cash surpluses, borrowings and derivative instruments are made through banks and companies which must fulfil credit rating criteria approved by the Board.

All customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. Trade debtors are monitored on an ongoing basis and provision is made for doubtful debts where necessary.

Auditors

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that Fisher, Sassoon & Marks be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Stewardship Code Disclosure Statement

The Stewardship Code was published by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) in July 2010. Its aim is to enhance the quality of engagement between institutional investors and companies to help improve long-term returns to shareholders and the efficient exercise of governance responsibilities. The seven principles of the Code are that institutional investors should: 1) Publicly disclose their policy on how they will discharge their stewardship responsibilities; 2) Have a robust policy on managing conflicts of interest in relation to stewardship and this policy should be publicly disclosed; 3) Monitor their investee companies; 4)Establish clear guidelines on when and how they will escalate their activities as a method of protecting and enhancing shareholder value; 5) Be willing to act collectively with other investors where appropriate; 6) Have a clear policy on voting and disclosure of voting activity; 7) Report periodically on their stewardship and voting activities.

On behalf of the board

A O Harwood

Director LOIF

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CFS INDEPENDENT LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of CFS Independent Limited for the year ended 31 March 2014 set out on pages 7 to 17. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on pages 1 - 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF CFS INDEPENDENT LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Johathan Marks (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Fisher, Sassoon & Marks

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

43-45 Dorset Street

London W1U 7NA

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

| | 2014 | 2013 |
|-------|------------------|---|
| Notes | £ | £ |
| 2 | 298,011 | 289,163 |
| | (238,913) | (340,373) |
| 3 | 59,098 | (51,210) |
| 4 | - | 20,587 |
| 4 | 14 | 9 |
| | 59,112 | (30,614) |
| 5 | (6,746) | - |
| .13 | 52,366 | (30,614) |
| | 2 3 4 4 | Notes £ 2 298,011 (238,913) |

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2014

| | | 20 | 2014 | | 2013 | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|------------|----------|--|
| | Notes | £ | £ | . £ | . £ | |
| Fixed assets | | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 7 | | 10,620 | | 13,910 | |
| Current assets | | | | | | |
| Debtors | 8 | 95,243 | | 66,246 | • | |
| Investments | 9 | 37,757 | | 37,757 | | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 7,167 | | 810 | | |
| | | 140,167 | | 104,813 | | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due | • | , | | · | | |
| within one year | 10 | (24,702) | | (30,004) | | |
| Net current assets | | | 115,465 | | 74,809 | |
| Total assets less current liabilities | <i>;</i> : | | 126,085 | · ·· | 88,719 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | , | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 12 | | 186,000 | | 186,000 | |
| Profit and loss account | 13 | | (59,915) | | (97,281) | |
| Shareholders' funds | 14 | | 126,085 | | 88,719 | |
| | | • | | • | | |

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on .04/07/2014

A O Harwood

Director

Company Registration No. 02960433

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

| | £ | 2014 | £ | 2013 £ |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------|-----------|
| | τ. | £ | . E | |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities | | 24,857 | | (35,698) |
| Returns on investments and servicing of finance | | | | |
| Interest received | 14 | | 9 | |
| Net cash inflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance | | 14 | | 9 |
| Taxation | | - | | 5,359 |
| Capital expenditure and financial investment | | | | |
| Payments to acquire tangible assets Receipts from sales of investments | (250) - | | 20,587 | |
| Net cash (outflow)/inflow for capital expenditure | | (250) | | 20,587 |
| Equity dividends paid | | (15,000) | | - |
| Net cash inflow/(outflow) before management of liquid resources and financing | | 9,621 | | (9,743) |
| Management of liquid resources Current asset investments | - | · | 1,816 | |
| | ····· | | | 1,816 |
| | | | • | |
| ncrease/(decrease) in cash in the year | | 9,621 | | (7,927) |
| | | ===::: | | |

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

| . 1 . | Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) from operating activities | to net cash inflow/ | (outflow) | 2014 | 2013 |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|-----------|---------------------------|---------------|
| | nom operating activities | | | 3. | £ |
| • | Operating profit/(loss) | | | 59,098 | (51,210) |
| | Depreciation of tangible assets | | | 3,540 | 4,248 |
| | Increase in debtors | | | (28,997) | (322) |
| • | (Decrease)/Increase in creditors within one | year | | (8,784) | 11,586 |
| | Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating | activities | | 24,857 | (35,698) |
| 2, | Analysis of net funds | 1 April 2013 | Cash flow | Other non- 3 cash changes | 31 March 2014 |
| | | £ | £ | £ | . £ |
| | Net cash: | | | | |
| | Cash at bank and in hand | 810 | 6,357 | · · · · - | 7,167 |
| | Bank overdrafts | (3,264) | 3,264 | <u>-</u> | . <u>-</u> |
| | | (2,454) | 9,621 | - | 7,167 |
| | Liquid resources: | | | | |
| | Current asset investments | 37,757 | - | · · - | 37,757 |
| | Bank deposits | - | - | <u>-</u> | - |
| | Net funds | 35,303 | 9,621 | - | 44,924 |
| 3 | Reconciliation of net cash flow to moven | nent in net funds | | 2014 | 2013 |
| | | | | £ | £ |
| • | Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year | | | 9,621 | (7,927) |
| | Cash (outflow)/inflow from (increase)/decrea | ase in liquid resourc | es | , - | (1,816) |
| | Movement in net funds in the year | • | | 9,621 | (9,743) |
| | Opening net funds | | | 35,303 | 45,046 |
| | Closing net funds | | | 44,924 | 35,303 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated).

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for undertaking discretionary fund management and investment advice net of VAT and client rebates.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

25 % - 33 % reducing balance

1.5 Investments

Current asset investments are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.6 Revenue recognition

Fee income represents revenue earned under from contracts to provide investment services. Revenue is recognised as earned when, and to the extent that, the firm obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance under these contracts. It is measured at the fair value of the right to consideration, which represents amounts chargeable to clients, including expenses and disbursements but excluding value added tax.

Revenue is generally recognised as contract activity progresses so that for incomplete contracts it reflects the partial performance of the contractual obligations. For such contracts the amount of revenue reflects the accrual of the right to consideration by reference to the value of work performed. Revenue not billed to clients is included in debtors and payments on account in excess of the relevant amount of revenue are included in creditors.

Fee income that is contingent on events outside the control of the firm is recognised when the contingent event occurs.

1.7 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

1.8 Deferred taxation

The accounting policy in respect of deferred tax has been changed to reflect the requirements of FRS19 - Deferred tax. Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

| 3. | Operating profit/(loss) | 2014 | 2013 |
|-----|--|-------------|-------------|
| | | £ | £ |
| | Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging: | | |
| | Depreciation of tangible assets | 3,540 | 4,248 |
| | Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's | • | • |
| | annual accounts | 3,500 | 4,000 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Investment in a me | 2044 | 2042 |
| 4 | Investment income | 2014 | 2013 |
| • | | £ | .£ |
| | | | 00.507 |
| | Income from fixed asset investments | - | 20,587 |
| | Bank interest | 14 | 9 |
| | | | |
| . • | | 14 | 20,596 |
| | | | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

| 5 | Taxation | . 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|---|--|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Domestic current year tax | | ٠. |
| | U.K. corporation tax | 6,746 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | Total current tax | 6,746 | • |
| | | | |
| | Factors affecting the tax charge for the year | | |
| | Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation | 59,112 | (30,614) |
| | | | |
| ٠ | Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard | | |
| | rate of UK corporation tax of 20.00% (2013 - 20.00%) | 11,822 | (6,123) |
| | Effects of: | | |
| | Depreciation add back | 708 | 850 |
| | Capital allowances | (204) | (177) |
| | Tax losses utilised | (5,586) | 5,413 |
| | Other tax adjustments | 6 | 37 |
| | en de la companya de La companya de la co | (5,076) | 6,123 |
| | Current tax charge for the year | 6,746 | • |
| | | | = |
| | The company has estimated losses of £ nil (2013 - £ 27,929) available for catrading profits. | arry forward ag | ainst future |
| | | | |
| | Dividends | 2014 | 2013 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Ordinary final paid | 15,000 | - . |
| | | · | ==== |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

| | • | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|--------|--------------------------------------|
| 7 | Tangible fixed assets | | | Fixtures, fittings & equipment |
| | | | | £ |
| | Cost | | | - |
| | At 1 April 2013 Additions | , | | 33,768 250 |
| | At 31 March 2014 | · | | 34,018 |
| | Depreciation | | | |
| | At 1 April 2013 | | | 19,858 |
| | Charge for the year | | | 3,540 |
| | At 31 March 2014 | | | 23,398 |
| · | Net book value | | | • |
| | At 31 March 2014 | | | 10,620 |
| | At 31 March 2013 | | | 13,910 |
| | | | | • • • |
| | | | | • |
| | | | | |
| • | | | | • |
| 8 | Debtors | | 2014 | 2013 |
| | | | £ | £ |
| | Trade debtors | | 9,949 | 385 |
| | Other debtors | | 2,625 | 20,625 |
| | Prepayments and accrued income | | 82,669 | 45,236 |
| | | | 05.040 | :00.040 |
| | | | 95,243 | 66,246 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

| 9 | Current asset investments | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
|----|--|---------------|-----------|
| | Listed investments | 37,757 | 37,757 |
| | Market valuation of listed investments | 37,112 ——— | 63,023 |
| 10 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 2014 £ | 2013 £ |
| | Bank loans and overdrafts | - | 3,264 |
| | Trade creditors | 1,551 | 17,820 |
| • | Corporation tax | 6,746 | • |
| | Other taxes and social security costs | 7,522 | 4,820 |
| • | Directors' current accounts | 123 | - |
| | Accruals and deferred income | 8,760 | 4,100 |
| | | 24,702 | 30,004 |
| • | | | |
| 11 | Pension and other post-retirement benefit commitments Defined contribution | · | |
| | | 2014 | 2013 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Contributions payable by the company for the year | 1,300 | 4,311 |
| | | | |
| | | • , | |
| 12 | Share capital | 2014 | 2013 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Allotted, called up and fully paid | | |
| | 186,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each | | 186,000 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

| 13 | Statement of movements on profit and loss account | | |
|----|---|----------|---|
| | | • | Profit and |
| | | | loss account |
| | | | £ |
| | Balance at 1 April 2013 | | (97,281) |
| | Profit for the year | | 52,366 |
| | Dividends paid | | (15,000) |
| | Balance at 31 March 2014 | | (59,915) |
| | | | . |
| 14 | Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds | 2014 | 2013 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Profit/(Loss) for the financial year | 52,366 | (30,614) |
| | Dividends | (15,000) | · • |
| | Net addition to/(depletion in) shareholders' funds | 37,366 | (30,614) |
| | Opening shareholders' funds | 88,719 | 119,333 |
| | Closing shareholders' funds | 126,085 | 88,719 |
| | | | ======================================= |
| | | | |
| 15 | Directors' remuneration | 2014 | 2013 |
| | | £ | £ |
| | Remuneration for qualifying services | 75,156 | 76,132 |
| | Company pension contributions to defined contribution schemes | • | 1,120 |
| | | 75,156 | 77,252 |
| | | | |

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined contribution schemes amounted to 0 (2013 - 1).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

16 Employees

Number of employees

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:

| | 2014 Number | 2013 Number |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Financial services and management | 2 | . 3 |
| Administration | 2 | 2 |
| | 4 | 5 |
| | ===== | |
| | | |
| Employment costs | 2014 | 2013 |
| | £ | £ |
| Wages and salaries | 108,438 | 212,432 |
| Social security costs | 10,767 | 16,888 |
| Other pension costs | 1,300 | 4,311 |
| | 120,505 | 233,631 |
| • | | |

17 Control

Mr and Mrs A Harwood have a controlling interest in the company.

18 Related party relationships and transactions

During the year the company made an unsecured and interest free loan to Mr A Harwood, who is director and shareholder in the company. At the year end, the director was owed £123, previous year the company was owed (2013: £18,000).

CFS INDEPENDENT LIMITED MANAGEMENT INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

| | | 2014 | | 2013 |
|--|---|-------------|---|-----------|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Turnover | | | | |
| Fees receivable | | 298,011 | | 289,163 |
| Administrative expenses | | (238,913) | | (340,373) |
| Operating profit/(loss) | | 59,098 | | (51,210) |
| Other interest receivable and similar income | | | | |
| Bank interest received | | 14 | | . 9 |
| Income from investments | | | | |
| P/L on disposal of listed investments | | - | | 20,587 |
| Profit/(loss) before taxation | | 59,112 | | (30,614) |
| | | | | |

SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2014

| | 2014 | 2013 |
|----------------------------------|------------|---------|
| | £ | £ |
| Administrative expenses | | |
| Wages and salaries | 36,860 | 139,823 |
| Directors' remuneration | 71,578 | 72,609 |
| Employer's N.I. contributions | 10,767 | 16,888 |
| Directors' pension costs | - · | 1,120 |
| Staff pension costs | 1,300 | 3,191 |
| Staff training | 1,119 | 638 |
| Rent | 10,000 | 18,533 |
| Insurance | 7,280 | 9,775 |
| Cleaning | 583 | 1,339 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 166 | 1,114 |
| Printing, postage and stationery | 2,553 | 3,031 |
| Telephone | 4,222 | 4,968 |
| Computer running costs | 2,432 | 4,772 |
| Hire of equipment | 2,121 | 4,692 |
| Travelling expenses | 1,583 | 1,381 |
| Entertaining | 29 | 189 |
| Legal and professional fees | 67,087 | 35,951 |
| Audit fees | 3,500 | 4,000 |
| Bank charges | 489 | 486 |
| Non-recoverable VAT | 10,335 | 7,744 |
| Sundry expenses | 382 | 318 |
| Subscriptions | 987 | 3,563 |
| Depreciation on FF & E | 3,540 | 4,248 |
| | 238,913 | 340,373 |
| | | |