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UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

ROBSON TAYLOR INDEPENDENT FINANCIAL ADVISERS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 02952750

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

			31 March 2021		30 April 2020
	Note		£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		6,901		8,163
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	90,295		22,461	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,499,775		1,131,274	
	•	1,590,070	-	1,153,735	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(139,662)		(98, 188)	
Net current assets	-		1,450,408		1,055,547
Total assets less current liabilities			1,457,309	-	1,063,710
Net assets			1,457,309	-	1,063,710
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			11		11
Other reserves			11		11
Profit and loss account			1,457,287		1,063,688
		•	1,457,309	-	1,063,710

ROBSON TAYLOR INDEPENDENT FINANCIAL ADVISERS LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 02952750

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the period in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject

to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by by:

P M Timmins

Director

Date: 18 March 2022

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Called up share capital £	Capital redemption reserve £	Profit and loss account £	Total equity £
At 1 May 2019	11	11	788,898	788,920
Profit for the year	-	-	352,790	352,790
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	352,790	352,790
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	(78,000)	(78,000)
At 1 May 2020	11	11	1,063,688	1,063,710
Profit for the period	-	-	465,099	465,099
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	465,099	465,099
Dividends: Equity capital	•	•	(71,500)	(71,500)
At 31 March 2021	11	11	1,457,287	1,457,309

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1. General information

Robson Taylor Independent Financial Advisers Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales. The company number is 02952750 and the registered office is Alexander House, James Street West, Bath, BA1 2BT.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" as applied in the context of the small entities

regime.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The directors have considered the company's ability to continue as a going concern in

the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic and is satisfied that any disruptions to the ordinary activities of

the business will not affect the company such that it will not be able to continue for at least 12

months.

2.3 Revenue

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

2.4 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the same period as the related expenditure.

2.5 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings - 20%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.8 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors during the period was 5 (2020 - 5).

4. Intangible assets

	Goodwill £
Cost	•
At 1 May 2020	36,000
At 31 March 2021	36,000
Amortisation At 1 May 2020	36,000
At 31 March 2021	36,000
Net book value	
At 31 March 2021	
At 30 April 2020	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

5. Tangible fixed assets

			Fixtures and fittings
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 May 2020		15,600
	Additions		2,398
	Disposals		(2,233)
	At 31 March 2021		15,765
	Depreciation		
	At 1 May 2020		7,437
	Charge for the period on owned assets		2,528
	Disposals		(1,101)
	At 31 March 2021		8,864
	Net book value		
	At 31 March 2021		6,901
	At 30 April 2020		8,163
6.	Debtors		
		31 M arch 2021	30 April 2020
		£	£
	Trade debtors	77,349	-
	Other debtors	2,987	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	9,959	22,461
		90,295	22,461

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	31 March 2021 £	30 April 2020 £
Trade creditors	8,107	6,874
Corporation tax	111,026	-
Other taxation and social security	3,943	1,461
Other creditors	7,154	86,103
Accruals and deferred income	9,432	3,750
	139,662	98,188

8. Post balance sheet events

On 1 April 2021 Fidelus Financial Holdings Limited completed the acquisition of the entire share capital of the company. On 1 July 2021, the trade, assets and liabilities of the company were transferred to Fidelius Limited, a fellow subsidiary within the group.

9. Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £Nii (2020 - £14,795)

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.