

Castlemere Aquariums Limited

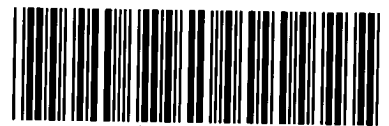
Unaudited Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 August 2016

Company Number 2949369

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COMPANIES HOUSE

Castlemere Aquariums Limited
Registered number:2949369

Balance Sheet
As at 31 August 2016

| | Note | 2016 £ | 2015 £ |
|--|------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Current assets | | | |
| Debtors: amounts falling due within one year | 6 | 50,269 | 38,061 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | 7 | 1,670 | 1,670 |
| | | <u>51,939</u> | <u>39,731</u> |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 8 | (42,597) | (42,888) |
| Net current assets/(liabilities) | | <u>9,342</u> | <u>(3,157)</u> |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | <u>9,342</u> | <u>(3,157)</u> |
| Net assets/(liabilities) | | <u><u>9,342</u></u> | <u><u>(3,157)</u></u> |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | | 100 | 100 |
| Profit and loss account | | 9,242 | (3,257) |
| | | <u>9,342</u> | <u>(3,157)</u> |

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.


The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 30 May 2017


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J Roberts
Director

The notes on pages 2 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Castlemere Aquariums Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2016

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

1.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Castlemere Aquariums Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2016

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.3 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

| | | |
|---------------------|---|----------------------|
| Plant and machinery | - | 15% Reducing balance |
|---------------------|---|----------------------|

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

1.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

1.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2016

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.6 Financial instruments (continued)

rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2. General information

Castlemere Aquariums Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act. The principal activity of the business continued to be that of an ornamental fish and reptiles specialist based in London and the South East.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors do not consider there to be any significant judgements in applying accounting policies or key sources of estimation uncertainty in preparing these financial statements.

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 0 (2015 - 0).

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2016

5. Tangible fixed assets

| | Fixtures and fittings £ |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Cost or valuation | |
| At 1 September 2015 | 55,057 |
| At 31 August 2016 | <u>55,057</u> |
| Depreciation | |
| At 1 September 2015 | 55,057 |
| At 31 August 2016 | <u>55,057</u> |
| Net book value | |
| At 31 August 2016 | <u>-</u> |
| At 31 August 2015 | <u>-</u> |

6. Debtors

| | 2016 £ | 2015 £ |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Other debtors | 7,769 | 8,061 |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 42,500 | 30,000 |
| | <u>50,269</u> | <u>38,061</u> |

7. Cash and cash equivalents

| | 2016 £ | 2015 £ |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Cash at bank and in hand | 1,670 | 1,670 |
| | <u>1,670</u> | <u>1,670</u> |

Castlemere Aquariums Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2016

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

| | 2016 £ | 2015 £ |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Other loans | 37,835 | 37,835 |
| Trade creditors | - | 47 |
| Other taxation and social security | - | 1,771 |
| Other creditors | 1,817 | 290 |
| Accruals and deferred income | 2,945 | 2,945 |
| | <u>42,597</u> | <u>42,888</u> |

9. Controlling party

The parent company is A & J Roberts Limited a company with the same registered office, consolidated financial statements are not required, the group is controlled by J Roberts.

10. First time adoption of FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.