# Financial Statements AgReserves Limited

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013



Registered number: 2947030

٠. س

## Company Information

**Directors** 

D M Sleight

J L Knight (resigned 15 January 2014) M E Knight (appointed 23 September 2013)

**Company secretary** 

P Allen and B Conway

Registered number

2947030

**Registered office** 

Manor Farm Church End Woodwalton Huntingdon Cambridgeshire PE28 5YU

Independent auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Colmore Plaza 20 Colmore Circus Birmingham West Midlands B4 6AT

## Contents

	Page
Strategic Report	1 - 2
Directors' Report	3 - 4
Independent Auditor's Report	5 - 6
Profit and Loss Account	7
Balance Sheet	8
Notes to the Financial Statements	9 - 16

# Strategic Report For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

#### Introduction

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of arable farming.

#### Business review

The company continues to pursue the goals laid out in the business plan, which include improving yields of the various crops by best practice methods, and reducing costs using economies of scale wherever possible and by strict numerical comparisons and control. Improving present holdings and areas of focus are under constant review. The policies set out by the Board are implemented by the Finance department which is closely supervised in this respect. The company is exposed to various risks as defined below.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The following statements summarise The Company's policy in managing identified forms of financial risk:

#### Price risk

As part of the nature of agriculture the company is subject to price variations, but active efforts are made to manage this risk by taking advantage of regular market information, forward contracts, and owning sufficient storage. These storage facilities allow the company to price and deliver product away from the harvest window which is well known to be a period of depressed prices.

#### Credit risk

In view of the present economic downturn the company is making every effort to minimise exposure to customer credit risks and all appropriate steps are taken to reduce this risk.

#### Interest/currency rate risks

With the present banking interest rates being so low there is a risk that the company does not make the best use of surplus cash and therefore every effort is being made to review all options that would bring the highest rates possible. Forward dealing facilities are also being explored in regards to foreign currency accounts.

# Strategic Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

#### Financial key performance indicators

Monthly detailed reporting analysis is performed based on the company meeting budgets approved by the parent company, variances are monitored and if significant investigated, understood and reported.

#### Other key performance indicators

Maks 2 H

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Operating profit	2,271,179	2,921,955	2,664,092	1,914,629	1,595,021
YE Stock Value	5,323,823	4,449,943	6,100,338	6,478,344	5,681,617

The Directors are satisfied with the above performance

This report was approved by the board on 19 September 2014 and signed on its behalf.

M E Knight Director

# Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

#### Results

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,799,967 (2012 - £2,345,024).

#### **Directors**

The directors who served during the year were:

D M Sleight J L Knight (resigned 15 January 2014) M E Knight (appointed 23 September 2013)

#### Matters covered in the Strategic report

The business review, principal risks and uncertainties and key performance indicators have been included within the Strategic report.

#### **Directors' responsibilities statement**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

# Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

#### **Auditor**

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

M E Knight

Director

Date: 19 September 2014

Mh Endo



### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of AgReserves Limited

We have audited the financial statements of AgReserves Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013, which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report and Strategic report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.



### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of AgReserves Limited

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Grane Thomas UK W

Kathryn Godfree (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Birmingham

23 September 2014

## Profit and Loss Account

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover	1,2	6,462,262	9,104,929
Cost of sales		(3,905,047)	(5,919,937)
Gross profit		2,557,215	3,184,992
Administrative expenses		(845,944)	(934,343)
Exceptional profit on sale of fixed assets		559,908	671,306
Total administrative expenses		(286,036)	(263,037)
Operating profit	3	2,271,179	2,921,955
Interest receivable and similar income	6	75,849	155,944
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		2,347,028	3,077,899
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(547,061)	(732,875)
Profit for the financial year	16	1,799,967	2,345,024

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2013 or 2012 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 9 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

### Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2013

	Note	£	2013 £	£	2012 £
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	8		-		-
Tangible assets	9		2,297,695		2,571,296
Investments	10		5,176		5,176
			2,302,871		2,576,472
Current assets					
Stocks	11	5,323,823		4,449,943	
Debtors	12	1,461,746		2,295,939	
Cash at bank and in hand		13,807,316		11,538,108	
		20,592,885		18,283,990	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(4,614,044)		(4,432,580)	
Net current assets			15,978,841		13,851,410
Total assets less current liabilities			18,281,712		16,427,882
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred tax	14		(318,770)		(264,907)
Net assets			17,962,942	•	16,162,975
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	15		4,100,000		4,100,000
Other reserves	16		5,350,000		5,350,000
Profit and loss account	16		8,512,942		6,712,975
Shareholders' funds	17		17,962,942		16,162,975

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

M E Knight Director

Date: 19 September 2014

The notes on pages 9 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

#### 1. Accounting Policies

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### 1.2 Cash flow statement

Under the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised) 'Cash Flow Statements', the company has not prepared a cash flow statement because its parent undertaking, Farmland Reserve UK Limited, has prepared consolidated financial statements, which include the results of the company for the year and are publicly available.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Revenue is recognised when the goods are received by the customer.

#### 1.4 Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets are held at cost less amortisation.

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows.

Single farm payment entitlements were officially going to be reviewed by the EU in 2012, although the review has taken place during 2013, finalization of the outcome of the review is still ongoing. In light of this, entitlements are being amortised over the remaining review period and therefore additions during 2013 have been fully amortised within the year.

#### 1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & machinery

Straight line over 3 to 10 years

#### 1.6 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

#### 1.7 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases, where substantially all risks and rewards of ownership remain with the lessor, are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight line basis over the period until the date the rent is expected to be adjusted to the prevailing market rate.

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

#### 1. Accounting Policies (continued)

#### 1.8 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

#### 1.9 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### 1.10 Pensions

The company is part of a defined benefit scheme operated by The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (Great Britain), the Deseret UK Benefit Plans. The fund is valued every three years by a professionally qualified independent actuary, with rates of contributions payable being determined by the actuary. In the intervening years the actuary reviews the continuing appropriateness of the rates.

Pension costs are accounted for on the basis of contributions made in the year or accrued at the year end, on a defined contribution basis, as requested by Financial Reporting Standard 17 'Retirement Benefits' in circumstances where the company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme. Full details of the plan are provided in the financial statements of The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (Great Britain).

#### 1.11 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

#### 1.12 Single farm payment

Single farm payment is receivable on an annual basis, the annual payment is recognised in the year the application applies to. Due to the regular variation in when the payment occurs, this is recognised either by accrual or upon receipt of payment.

#### For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

#### 1. Accounting Policies (continued)

#### 1.13 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS8 from disclosing transactions with entities that are part of the Farmland Reserve UK Limited group, where entities are wholly owned.

#### 2. Turnover

All turnover arose from the one principal activity of the company within the United Kingdom.

#### 3. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2013	2012
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:		
- owned by the company	568,042	530,706
Auditor's remuneration	12,550	12,550
Auditor's remuneration - non-audit	2,000	2,000
Amortisation of intangible assets	184,518	43,829
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(559,908)	(671,306)

#### 4. Staff costs

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	2013	2012
	£	£
Wages and salaries	484,477	518,920
Social security costs	73,956	138,575
Other pension costs	109,571	103,158
	668,004	760,653

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	2013	2012
	No.	No.
Production and administration	15	18

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

5.	<b>Directors'</b>	remuneration
----	-------------------	--------------

\$\frac{\pmu}{90,569}\$ scheme.
scheme.
2012
2012
£
155,944
2012
£
620,068
(27,398)
500 (70
592,670
146,702
(10,279)
3,782
140,205
732,875

7.

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

# **Taxation (continued)**

#### Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2012 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%). The differences are explained below:

	2013	2012
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2,347,028	3,077,899
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%)	545,604	754,001
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill		
amortisation and impairment	42,894	27,083
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	(98,776)	(132,347)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	3,776	(27,398)
Non-taxable income	(300)	(4,247)
Other short term timing differences		(24,249)
Adjustment for FII income	-	(173)
Current tax charge for the year (see note above)	493,198	592,670

#### Intangible fixed assets

	payment
	entitlements
	£
Cost	
At 1 January 2013	130,838
Additions	184,518
	-
At 31 December 2013	315,356
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2013	130,838
Charge for the year	184,518
Charge for the year	
At 31 December 2013	315,356
Net book value	
At 31 December 2013	-
At 31 December 2012	-
At 31 December 2012	
	<del></del>

Single farm

For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

#### 9. Tangible fixed assets

		Plant & machinery £
	Cost	
	At 1 January 2013 Additions Disposals	5,540,240 1,121,565 (2,256,341)
	At 31 December 2013	4,405,464
	Depreciation	
	At 1 January 2013 Charge for the year On disposals	2,968,944 568,042 (1,429,217)
	At 31 December 2013	2,107,769
	Net book value	
	At 31 December 2013	2,297,695
	At 31 December 2012	2,571,296
10.	Fixed asset investments	
		Listed investments £
	Cost or valuation	
	At 1 January 2013 and 31 December 2013	5,176
	Net book value	<del></del>
	At 31 December 2013	5,176
	At 31 December 2012	5,176

The market value of the listed investments at 31 December 2013 was £18,175 (2012: £13,008).

#### 11. Stocks

	2013	2012
	£	£
Cultivations	2,256,249	1,993,667
Crop in store	3,067,574	2,456,276
	5,323,823	4,449,943

### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

12.	Debtors		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Trade debtors	1,258,914	802,333
	Other debtors	83,215	1,485,506
	Prepayments	119,617	8,100
	repayments		
		1,461,746	2,295,939
13.	Creditors:		
	Amounts falling due within one year		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Trade creditors	14,109	123,461
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,243,110	3,982,511
	Corporation tax	215,957	200,105
	Other taxation and social security	8,892	66,177
	Other creditors	20,480	33,183
	Accruals	111,496	27,143
		4,614,044	4,432,580
14.	Deferred taxation		
		2012	2012
		2013	2012
		£	£
	At beginning of year	264,907	124,702
	Charge for year (P&L)	53,863	140,205
	At end of year	318,770	264,907
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances	264,907	229,888
	Other short term timing differences	53,863	35,019
		210 770	264.007
		318,770	264,907

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2013

#### 15. Share capital

19.	Snare capital		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	~	~
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.400.000	4.400.000
	4,100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	4,100,000	4,100,000
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
16.	Reserves		
		Other	Profit and
		reserves	loss account
		£	£
	At 1 January 2013	5,350,000	6,712,975
	Profit for the year	, ,	1,799,967
	·		
	At 31 December 2013	5,350,000	8,512,942
17.	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Opening shareholders' funds	16,162,975	13,817,951
	Profit for the financial year	1,799,967	2,345,024
	·		
	Closing shareholders' funds	17,962,942	16,162,975
	ř		

#### 18. Pension commitments

The company participates in a pension scheme operated by the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (Great Britain), the Deseret UK Benefit Plans ("the Plan"). This scheme is of the defined benefit type and are funded by contributions from the participating companies and their employees at rates determined by independent actuaries in the light of regular valuations. Such contributions are held in trustee-administered funds completely independent of group finances. Full disclosure of the valuation is shown in the accounts of The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (Great Britain). The company has accounted for the scheme as if it was a defined contribution scheme because it is not feasible to split the assets and liabilities of the scheme between all the companies whose employees are members. Contributions to the scheme for the year were £109,606 (2012: £103,158).

#### 19. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate parent company is Farmland Reserve UK Limited. The ultimate holding company is the Farmland Reserve Inc., a company incorporated in the state of Utah, United States of America.