

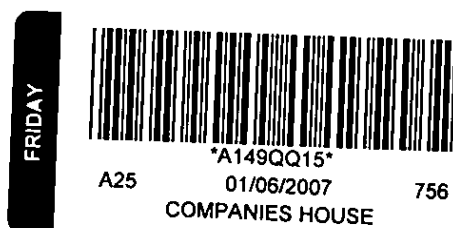
Federal Estates Limited

Abbreviated accounts

For the year ended 31 August 2006



Grant Thornton 



Company No. 2937482

Company information

Registered office

Goosey Lodge
Wymington
NR RUSHDEN
Northants
NN10 9LU

Director

E J Wykes

Secretary

D J Wykes

Bankers

Lloyds TSB Bank PLC
133 High Street
Rushden
Northamptonshire
NN10 ONX

Auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP
Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditors
Grant Thornton House
Kettering Parkway
Kettering
Northants
NN15 6XR

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Independent auditor's report to Federal Estates Limited under Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts which comprise the principal accounting policies, balance sheet and the related notes, together with the financial statements of Federal Estates Limited for the year ended 31 August 2006 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to them in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditor

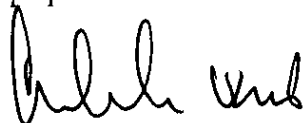
The director is responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2006/3 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.



GRANT THORNTON UK LLP
REGISTERED AUDITORS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

KETTERING

24 May 2007

Principal accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005)

Changes in accounting policies

In preparing the financial statements for the current year, the company has adopted the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005).

FRS 21 'Events after the Balance Sheet date (IAS 10)'

The adoption of FRSSE 2005 has resulted in a change in accounting policy in respect of proposed equity dividends. If the company declares dividends to the holders of equity instruments after the balance sheet date, the company does not recognise those dividends as a liability at the balance sheet date. The aggregate amount of equity dividends proposed before approval of the financial statements, which have not been shown as liabilities at the balance sheet date, are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Previously, proposed equity dividends were recorded as liabilities at the balance sheet date.

FRS 25 'Financial Instruments Disclosure and Presentation (IAS 32)'

Details of the change in policy as a result of the implementation of FRSSE 2005 are given in the financial instruments note below

There have been no prior period adjustments or effects on the year as a result of this change in accounting policy

Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Freehold Property	- 2% straight line
Fixtures & Fittings	- 15% reducing balance

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Abbreviated balance sheet

	Note	£	2006 £	£	2005 £
Fixed assets	1				
Tangible assets			6,222,081		4,723,618
Current assets					
Debtors		154,803		83,471	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,301		4,893	
		<u>161,104</u>		<u>88,364</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		<u>3,516,723</u>		<u>2,044,675</u>	
Net current liabilities			<u>(3,355,619)</u>		<u>(1,956,311)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>2,866,462</u>		<u>2,767,307</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			586,420		551,147
Provisions for liabilities and charges			<u>12,500</u>		<u>12,500</u>
			<u>2,267,542</u>		<u>2,203,660</u>
Capital and reserves					
Called-up equity share capital	2		100		100
Profit and loss account			2,267,442		2,203,560
Shareholders' funds			<u>2,267,542</u>		<u>2,203,660</u>

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director on *22 May 2007*



E J Wykes
Director

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of these abbreviated accounts.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

1 Fixed assets

	Tangible Assets £
Cost	
At 1 September 2005	5,300,626
Additions	1,603,794
At 31 August 2006	<u>6,904,420</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 September 2005	577,008
Charge for year	105,331
At 31 August 2006	<u>682,339</u>
Net book value	
At 31 August 2006	<u>6,222,081</u>
At 31 August 2005	<u>4,723,618</u>

2 Share capital

Authorised share capital

	2006 £	2005 £
100 shares of £1 each	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

Allotted, called up and fully paid.

	2006 No	£	2005 No	£
Shares of £1 each	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>