A & G Precision and Sons Limited Unaudited Abbreviated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 May 2016

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25/02/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE

#157

Montpelier
Chartered Accountants

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MAY 2016

For the financial year ended 31 May 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect
 to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These abbreviated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

Approved by the Board for issue on $\frac{23}{2}$

Mr A Pinder Director

Company Registration No. 02929703

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MAY 2016

	٠	20	2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	2		1,541,864		1,155,767	
Current assets						
Stocks		110,250		120,550		
Debtors		663,124		522,739		
Cash at bank and in hand	•	828,168		651,704		
		1,601,542		1,294,993		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	3	(776,325)		(665,790)		
Net current assets	~		825,217		629,203	
Total assets less current liabilities			2,367,081		1,784,970	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	4		(344,792)		(270,270)	
Provisions for liabilities			(220,959)		(175,208)	
			1,801,330		1,339,492	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	5		100		100	
Profit and loss account			1,801,230		1,339,392	
Shareholders' funds	-		1,801,330		1,339,492	
						

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreclation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Property improvements

20% straight line

Plant and machinery

10% and 25% reducing balance

25% straight line

Short life assets Fixtures & fittings

15% & 25% reducing balance

1.4 Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

1.5 Stock and work in progress

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued as a percentage of the value of the finished product based on completeness as at the year end. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

1.6 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

1.7 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Tangible assets

1.8 Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2 Fixed assets

	langible assets
Cost	£
At 1 June 2015	2,721,522
Additions	621,712
At 31 May 2016	3,343,234
Depreciation	
At 1 June 2015	1,565,755
Charge for the year	235,615
At 31 May 2016	1,801,370
Net book value	
At 31 May 2016	1,541,864
At 31 May 2015	1,155,767

3 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £159,106 (2015 - £133,229).

4 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £344,792 (2015 - £270,270).

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2016

5	Share capital	2016 £	2015 €
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	100	400
	100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100