COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 02918518

THE NEW PAVILION LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2012



MURRAY AND LAMB

Chartered Accountants 25-27 Medomsley Road Consett Co Durham DH8 5HE

THE NEW PAVILION LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2012

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ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE NEW PAVILION LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2012

As described on the balance sheet, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 30 September 2012, set out on pages 2 to 6

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006

In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these unaudited abbreviated accounts in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us

MURRAY AND LAMB Chartered Accountants

25-27 Medomsley Road

Consett Co Durham

DH8 5HE

6 June 2013

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 SEPTEMBER 2012

		2012		2011
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2			077.004
Tangible assets			953,483	977,324
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks		10,047		9,066
Debtors		11,923		9,317
Cash at bank and in hand		1,158,265		1,034,927
		1,180,235		1,053,310
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one yea	r	216,005		286,313
NET CURRENT ASSETS			964,230	766,997
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	;		1,917,713	1,744,321
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			9,605	-
			1,908,108	1,744,321
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	4		100	100
Profit and loss account			1,908,008	1,744,221
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,908,108	1,744,321

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 4 to 6 form part of these abbreviated accounts

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued) 30 SEPTEMBER 2012

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (1) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 6 June 2013, and are signed on their behalf by

MR K.F. YIP Director

Company Registration Number 02918518

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Changes in accounting policies

In preparing the financial statements for the current year, the company has adopted the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Land and Buildings/Alterations

- 2% Reducing balance

Fixtures and Fittings

- 15% Reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Compound instruments

Compound instruments comprise both a liability and an equity component. At date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for a similar debt instrument. The liability component is accounted for as a financial liability.

The residual is the difference between the net proceeds of issue and the liability component (at time of issue) The residual is the equity component, which is accounted for as an equity instrument

The interest expense on the liability component is calculated applying the effective interest rate for the liability component of the instrument. The difference between this amount and any repayments is added to the carrying amount of the liability in the balance sheet.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets
COST	£
COST At 1 October 2011	1,261,450
Additions	4,734
At 30 September 2012	1,266,184
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 October 2011	284,126
Charge for year	28,575
At 30 September 2012	312,701
NET BOOK VALUE	052 492
At 30 September 2012	953,483
At 30 September 2011	977,324

3. TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DIRECTORS

During the year the company paid £100,000 (2011 £100,000)in dividends to its directors, Mr KF Yip and Mr KW Yip

4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

2012		2011	
No	£	No	£
100	100	100	100
	No	No £	No £ No