Blakeway Productions Limited

Report and Accounts

30 June 2014

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Blakeway Productions Limited Company Information

Directors

D Blakeway N Patel

F Stourton

A Mckerlie

Secretary

N Patel

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP Grant Thornton House Melton Street London NW1 2EP

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc 93 Baker Street London UK W1A 4SD

Solicitors

Reynolds Porter Chamberlain Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way London UK E1W 1AA

Registered office

6 Anglers Lane London UK NW5 3DG

Registered number

02908076

Blakeway Productions Limited

Registered number:

02908076

Directors' Report

The directors present their report and accounts for the period ended 30 June 2014.

Principal activities

The Company's principal activity during the period was the production of television documentaries.

Review of the business

There was a profit for the period after taxation amounting to £220,361(2013: a loss of £(799,485)). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Future developments

The aim of the Company is to further exploit our skills at producing high quality programming that attracts both audiences and industry awards. We continue to prioritise the development of series ideas and forging new relationships with different programme commissioners. We will also build upon our international reputation to ensure that the Company is international in its outlook and capable of working with international clients.

The strategy is to grow the business organically over the next 2-3 years with strategic additions of talent to enhance those aims. KPIs for the year going forward will be similar to last years, being increased output with growth coming from series commissions, new clients in the UK and overseas as well as branching into genres which can benefit from our core strengths.

Risks and uncertainties

In this section we describe some of the principal risks that the directors believe could materially affect our business. Sound risk management is an essential discipline for running the business efficiently and pursuing our strategy successfully.

The Company operates in a highly competitive environment that is subject to constant and unpredictable changes in client demand and the economy. Risk is reduced by creating and maintaining a balanced portfolio of clients. Investing internally in people and infrastructure while maintaining the highest quality in the factual media content we produce and manage will further mitigate these risks.

Key Management Staff

We operate in an industry sector that is attractive for potential employees but there is intense competition for experienced and highly skilled individuals. We face risks of failing to recruit and retain the highest qualified and able staff to deliver and grow our business. As we cannot predict the future calibre and availability of these people, we place significant emphasis on succession planning by developing and retaining management talent.

We do this by:

- · A number of incentive schemes to attract key senior managers and staff
- · Training and motivating staff
- · Career opportunities across the Group

Blakeway Productions Limited

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Directors' Report

Financial instrument risk

The company uses various financial instruments including cash and various items, such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the company's operations.

The main risks arising from the company's financial instruments are currency risk and liquidity risk. The directors review and agree policies for managing these risks and they are summarised below. These policies have remained unchanged from previous years.

Currency risk

The company's sales are all invoiced in sterling and occasionally in US Dollars and Euros. The directors continually monitor currency exposure.

Liquidity risk

The company seeks to manage financial risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs and to invest cash assets safely and profitably.

Credit Risk

The Company's principal financial assets are cash and trade debtors. The credit risk associated with cash is limited as the counterparties have high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies. The principal credit risk arises, therefore, from trade debtors.

In order to manage credit risk management set limits for customers based on a combination of payment history and third party credit references. Credit limits are reviewed by the financial controller on a regular basis in conjunction with debt ageing and collection history.

KPIs

The most significant Key Performance Indicators ("KPI's") used by the Company and the basis of calculation are set out below:

Growth in Revenue (%)

Assessed by year on year revenue growth and expressed as a percentage. Revenue has increased from last year by 11.55% to an annualised £5,052,892 (2013: £4,529,317). The revenue for the 15 month period was £6,316,115.

Gross margin (%)

Gross margin is the ratio of gross profit to sales expressed as a percentage. Gross margin has decreased slightly on last year to 18.55% (2013: 20.31%) and reflects a change in the operating structure. The administrative costs have declined as a percentage of revenue to 15.39% (2013: 38%).

Net Profit Margin (%)

Net profit margin was 3.69% in the period (2013: of (17.64%)) with the previous year reflecting the loss on a disposal of a subsidiary.

Directors

The following persons served as directors during the period:

D Blakeway

N Patel

F Stourton

A McKerlie

Ordinary shares of 2p each	At 1 April 2013	At 30 June 2014	Exercise price	Dates exerciseable
D Blakeway	1000000	1000000	2.5p	2012-2022
F Stourton	2000000	2000000	2.5p	2012-2022
A McKerlie	1000000	1000000	2.5p	2012-2022

Blakeway Productions Limited

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Directors' Report

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the report and accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the accounts in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the accounts unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each person who was a director at the time this report was approved confirms that:

- . so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit
 information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Going Concern

The company has a balance sheet deficit of £597,909 (2013: deficit of £818,270). The directors are satisfied that the company is a going concern on the basis that they have received comfort from the ultimate parent, on the understanding that they will be provided with continued support if required.

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP having expressed their willingness to continue in office, will be deemed reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006 unless the Company received notice under section 488(1) of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 30 March 2015 and signed by its order.

Secretary

Blakeway Productions Limited Independent auditors' report to the members of Blakeway Productions Limited

We have audited the accounts of Blakeway Productions Limited for the period ended 30 June 2014 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the accounts in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the accounts

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on the accounts

In our opinion the accounts:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2014 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report and the Strategic Report for the financial period for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the accounts are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report in preparing the Directors' Report

Gm + Thoriton UK LLP

Nicholas Page (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Accountants and Statutory Auditors 31 March 2015

Grant Thornton House Melton Street London

NW1 2EP

Blakeway Productions Limited Profit and Loss Account for the period from 1 April 2013 to 30 June 2014

	Notes	2014 £	2013 £
Turnover	2	6,019,230	4,529,317
Cost of sales		(4,827,166)	(3,609,601)
Gross Profit		1,192,064	919,716
Administrative expenses		(952,232)	(1,719,201)
Operating profit/(loss)	3	239,832	(799,485)
Interest receivable Interest payable	6	- (19,471)	492 -
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		220,361	(798,993)
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	7	-	(28,762)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		220,361	(827,755)

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial

Continuing operations

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two periods.

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit/(loss) for the above two financial years.

Blakeway Productions Limited Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2014

	Notes		2014 £		2013 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		512		3,304
Current assets					
Stocks	9	40,849		82,109	
Debtors	10	1,143,243		744,998	
Cash at bank and in hand		607,228		769,622	
		1,791,320		1,596,729	
Creditors: amounts falling due)				
within one year	11	(2,389,741)		(2,418,303)	
Net Current liabilities			(598,421)		(821,574)
Total assets less current		_		_	
liabilities		_	(597,909)	_	(818,270)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		100		100
Profit and loss account	14		(598,009)		(818,370)
Shareholders' funds	15	·	(597,909)		(818,270)

Director

Approved by the board on 30 March 2015

02968076

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

"The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis due to the parent company indicating their intention to continue to provide financial support to the company for a period not less than 12 months from the date of approval and signing of the financial statements.

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous year and are set out below.

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement."

Consolidation

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements under section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 on the grounds that it is itself a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking and is included in the consolidated financial statements of its immediate parent undertaking. Therefore, the financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Turnover

Turnover (which excludes VAT) represents the value of amounts receivable from clients in respect of production costs and is recognised over the period of the production.

Gross profit on production activity is recognised based upon the stage of completion of the production and in accordance with the underlying contract. Gross profit from exploitation of programme rights is recognised when receivable.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Production Cost and WIP

Where the company has deficit-financed a completed and delivered production, the cost is recognised as a fixed asset, described as "Production costs". The amortisation charge for such production costs will equal the receipt of ancillary revenue in the period, supplemented if necessary by any provision for diminution in the value of the asset. The net book value of the production is reduced at the year end by the income received in the year, and the amount held on the balance sheet will be the lesser of the amount of anticipated ancillary revenues and the amortised cost of investment. Where the company has deficit-financed an incomplete television production, the cost of investment is recognised as a current asset "Work in Progress" less provisions for any anticipated under-recoveries.

Programmes incomplete at Year End

Where productions are in progress at the year end and where the sales invoiced exceed the value of work done the excess is shown as deferred income; where the costs incurred exceed sales invoiced the amounts are classified as accrued income. Where it is anticipated that a production will make a loss, the anticipated loss is provided for in full.

Development Costs

Development costs on new projects are written off as incurred unless they are attributable to specific projects and the directors are of the opinion that the relevant project will proceed and be profitable.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the group an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is included as an exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss account

2	Analysis of turnover	2014 £	2013 £
	By activity:	~	
	Television Production	6,019,230	4,529,317
	By geographical market:		
	UK Europe	4,702,230 159,000	3,664,340 75,583
	Rest of world	1,158,000 6,019,230	789,394 4,529,317

3	Operating profit	2014 £	2013 £
	This is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets Auditors' remuneration for audit services	2,792 10,000	3,592 8,000
4	Directors' emoluments	2014 £	2013 £
	Emoluments	302,500	235,000
	Highest paid director: Emoluments	145,000	145,000
	Number of directors in company pension schemes:	2014 Number	2013 Number
	Money purchase schemes	3	-
5	Staff costs	2014 £	2013 £
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	896,244 105,789	631,436 74,299
	Other pension costs	23,338 1,025,371	705,735
	Average number of employees during the year	Number	Number
	Administration Production	2 29 31	1 23 24
6	Interest payable	2014 £	2013 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	19,471	
7	Taxation	2014 £	2013 £
	Analysis of charge in period Current tax: UK corporation tax on profits of the period Adjustments in respect of previous periods	<u>-</u>	1,462
	Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences		1,462 27,300
	Effect of increased tax rate on opening liability		27,300
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities		28,762

Factors a	affecting	tax charge	for period
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The differences between the tax assessed for the period and the standard rate of corporation tax are explained as follows:

8

	2014	2013
Profit/(Loss) for the period/year	£ 220,361	£ (798,993)
Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	21%	24%
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of	£ 46,276	£ (191,758)
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation Utilisation of tax losses Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	(46,276) - -	194,420 (1,200) - -
Current tax charge for period		1,462
Tangible fixed assets	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost At 1 April 2013 Additions	17,776 -	17,776 -
Disposals At 30 June 2014	17,776	17,776
Depreciation At 1 April 2013 Charge for the period On disposals At 30 June 2014	14,472 2,792 17,264	14,472 2,792 - 17,264
Net book value		
At 30 June 2014 At 31 March 2013	512 3,304	512 3,304
Stocks	2014 £	2013 £
Work in progress	40,849	82,109

10	Debtors			2014 £	2013 £
				~	~
	Trade debtors			286,292	499,398
	Amounts owed by group undertakings and	d undertakings ir	which the	163,536	84,241
	Deferred tax asset (see note 12) Prepayments and accrued income			34,900 658,515	34,900 126,459
	, repayments and assistant moonie			1,143,243	744,998
11	Creditors: amounts falling due within o	one year		2014 £	2013 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts			451,453	_
	Trade creditors			202,139	173,566
	Amounts owed to group undertakings and	l undertakings in	which the	1,066,566	1,266,631
	Corporation tax			24	24
	Other taxes and social security costs Other creditors			128,318 12,732	204,495 9,000
	Accruals and deferred income			528,509	764,587
	Proposed dividend			· <u>-</u>	-
	,			2,389,741	2,418,303
12	Deferred taxation			2014	2013
				£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances			(34,900)	(34,900)
	Tax losses carried forward				- (0.1.000)
	Undiscounted provision for deferred tax			(34,900)	(34,900)
	Discount			-	-
	Discounted provision for deferred tax			(34,900)	(34,900)
				2014 £	2013 £
				*	2
	At 1 April Deferred tax charge in profit and loss acc	ount		(34,900) -	(62,200) 27,300
	At 30 June			(34,900)	(34,900)
12	Share capital	Nominal	2014	2014	2013
13		value	Number	£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully paid: Ordinary shares	£1 each	100	100	100
	Ordinary Strates	LI Calli	100	100	

14	Profit and loss account	2014 £	
٠	At 1 April 2013 Prior year adjustments At 1 April 2013 Profit for the period At 30 June 2014	(818,370) - - (818,370) 220,361 (598,009)	
15	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds	2014 £	2013 £
	At 1 April Profit/(Loss) for the period/year Dividends Other recognised gains and losses Shares issued Shares redeemed Net capital redemption reserve transfer (should be nil)	(818,270) 220,361 - - - - -	9,485 (827,755) - - - - - -
	At 30 June	(597,909)	(818,270)

16 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 "Related party disclosures" and has not disclosed transactions with group undertakings.

There are no other related party transactions

17 Ultimate controlling party

The Company is a subsidiary of Ten Alps Plc, which is the ultimate parent undertaking.

Copies of its group accounts, which include the company, are available from 7 Exchange Crescent, Conference Square, Edinburgh, EH3 8AN