Registration number: 02892597

# Amdecc Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2020

Brian Nuttgens Accountants Ltd Chartered Certified Accountants 1007 London Road Leigh-On-Sea Essex SS9 3JY

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## **Company Information**

**Directors** Mrs Anne Storrar

Mr Robert George Storrar

Company secretary Mrs Anne Storrar

**Registered office** 66 Ward Avenue

Grays Essex RM17 5RW

Accountants Brian Nuttgens Accountants Ltd

Chartered Certified Accountants

1007 London Road Leigh-On-Sea

Essex SS9 3JY

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## (Registration number: 02892597) Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>3</u>	11,000	14,000
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	27,231	36,307
		38,231	50,307
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	5,000	5,000
Debtors	<u>6</u>	125,002	140,849
Cash at bank and in hand		69,978	108,472
		199,980	254,321
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(85,544)	(117,314)
Net current assets		114,436	137,007
Net assets		152,667	187,314
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	10	10
Profit and loss account		152,657	187,304
Total equity		152,667	187,314

For the financial year ending 31 January 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 16 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

The notes on pages  $\frac{4}{2}$  to  $\frac{9}{2}$  form an integral part of these financial statements.

## (Registration number: 02892597) Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2020

Mrs Anne Storrar Company secretary and director	
Mr Robert George Storrar	
Director	

The notes on pages  $\frac{4}{2}$  to  $\frac{9}{2}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 3

### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2020

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 66 Ward Avenue Grays Essex RM17 5RW

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 16 September 2020.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2020

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and ratePlant and machinery25% on reducing balanceOffice equioment25% on reducing balanceFixtures and fittings25% on reducing balance

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
S% on cost

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2020

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

**Amdecc Ltd** 

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2020

3 Intangible assets			
		Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 February 2019	_	60,000	60,000
At 31 January 2020	_	60,000	60,000
Amortisation			
At 1 February 2019		46,000	46,000
Amortisation charge	-	3,000	3,000
At 31 January 2020	_	49,000	49,000
Carrying amount			
At 31 January 2020	=	11,000	11,000
At 31 January 2019	=	14,000	14,000
4 Tangible assets			
	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 February 2019	108,734	190,123	298,857
At 31 January 2020	108,734	190,123	298,857
Depreciation			
At 1 February 2019	99,769	162,781	262,550
Charge for the year		6,835	9,076
At 31 January 2020	102,010	169,616	271,626

## 5 Stocks

Carrying amount

At 31 January 2020

At 31 January 2019

	2020 £	2019 £
Other inventories	5,000	5,000

6,724

8,965

20,507

27,342

27,231

36,307

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2020

6 Debtors				
			2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors			125,002	140,849
		_	125,002	140,849
7 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	year			
		Note	2020 £	2019 £
		Note	*	<b>₩</b>
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings		9	-	19,111
Trade creditors			13,882	14,887
Taxation and social security			64,121	73,495
Other creditors			7,541	9,821
		_	85,544	117,314
8 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2020	)	2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	10	10	10	10

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### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 January 2020

### 9 Loans and borrowings

	2020 £	2019 £
Current loans and borrowings		
Hire purchase contracts		19,111
10 Dividends	2020 £	2019 £
Final dividend of £28,000 (2019 - £16,000) per ordinary share	280,000	160,000
Interim dividend of £Nil (2019 - £12,000) per ordinary share	-	120,000
	280,000	280,000

### 11 Related party transactions

### **Directors' remuneration**

The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Remuneration	16,848	16,692
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	34,024	32,514
	50,872	49,206

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