Airways Optical Limited

Report and Financial Statements

28 February 2015

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Airways Optical Limited Report and financial statements Contents

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Airways Optical Limited Report and financial statements Officers and professional advisers

Directors

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Specsavers Laboratories Limited T Seymour S Lawe V McLean S Holloway (Appointed 10/10/14)

Secretary

Specsavers Laboratories Limited

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

Registered office

Forum 6, Parkway Solent Business Park Whiteley Fareham PO15 7PA

Registered number

02889471

Airways Optical Limited

Registered number: 02889471

Directors' Report

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2015.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company is the production and supply of quality prescription lenses to the Specsavers group and its retail partners.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 6 and shows the profit for the year.

In accordance with the Articles of Association the right to participate in the profits of the company is exclusive to "A" shares and no dividend is payable on the 100 "B" ordinary £0.50 shares.

During the year the directors paid an interim dividend of £1,245,868 (2014: £660,000). The directors are not proposing a final dividend for the year (2014:£nil).

Strategic Report

These financial statements include a separate strategic report that provides information with regards to a review of business performance for the year, a summary of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the business and the key performance indicators measured by the directors in assessing business performance. This information would be required to be included in the directors' report if it was not being separately presented in the strategic report.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no material post balance sheet events that would require disclosure or adjustments to these financial statements.

Future developments

The company is committed to providing high quality product to its markets in a timely and reliable manner. To enable it to continue to do this, the shareholders are committed to continuing to invest in the latest technology to ensure product is supplied to the requisite quality. This strategy should ensure the continued profitability of the company.

Directors

The directors during the year under review were:

Specsavers Laboratories Limited

T Seymour

S Lawe

V McLean

S Holloway (Appointed 10/10/14)

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the Group's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Auditors

BDO LLP resigned as auditors on 3 November 2014 and the directors resolved to appoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors/with effect from that date.

This report was approved on behalf fo the Board on 21 May 2015.

Specsavers Laboratories Limited

Director

Airways Optical Limited

Registered number: 02889471

Strategic Report

The directors present their strategic review of the business for the year ended 28 February 2015.

Review of the business

As shown in the company's profit and loss account on page 6, turnover has increased by 2.4% (2014: 6.4% increase). Turnover is affected by the product sales mix each year and the directors are responsible for maximising the efficiency of production within the company to generate the best possible return on the company's turnover. During the year operating profit decreased to £1,556,723 from £1,641,527, an outcome broadly in line with management's expectations.

The optical industry continues to be a highly competitive environment and the directors believe that continuing to provide high quality prescription lenses to the Specsavers Group and its retail partners is key to ensuring the continued success of the business.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The directors have considered the requirement of Section 417 of the Companies Act 2006. After due consideration the directors believe that the exposure of the company to market price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk is minimal. The main risk to which the company is exposed are:

Operational risk

Operational risk relates to the challenge of providing product to the Specsavers group and its retail partners cost effectively. This principally relates to providing product to its market in a timely and reliable manner whilst meeting the highest quality standards.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that orders placed reduce significantly due to changes in the retail environment. Given the continuing growth of Specsavers retail operations, the directors see this risk as unlikely.

These risks are addressed through the shareholders' commitment to investment in the latest technology.

Key performance indicators

The directors use a number of financial and non-financial key performance indicators to enable a consistent method of analysing performance. The key performance indicators utilised by the directors are as follows:

Financial Key Performance Indicators

Operating Profit Margin

Operating profit measures the profit achieved on the company's activities after taking account of the total operating costs incurred, before exceptional items, finance costs and taxation. The margin is calculated by taking the operating profit and dividing it by turnover.

The company achieved an operating profit margin of 6.3% for the year, compared with the prior year figure of 6.8%. These results fall within the range of managements expectations.

Non-financial Key Performance Indicators

The company uses non-financial KPIs to manage its business, in particular Returns (%) resulting from unacceptable quality, and On Time Delivery (%). During the year Returns averaged 0.6% (2014: 0.5%) and On Time Delivery averaged 99.9% (2014: 99.9%). These performance metrics are in line with management expectations.

This report was approved on behalf of the Board on 21 May 2015.

Specsavers Laboratories Limited

Director

Airways Optical Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

: ;

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report, strategic report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Airways Optical Limited Independent auditors' report to the members of Airways Optical Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Airways Optical Limited (the 'company') which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes 1 to 25. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the accounts

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the accounts

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28 February 2015 and of its profit for the year then
 ended:
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report and the Strategic Report for the financial year for which the accounts are prepared is consistent with the accounts.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- . we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Julie Carlyle (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of
Ernst & Young LLP
Statutory Auditor
London

21 May 2015

Airways Optical Limited Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 28 February 2015

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Turnover		24,600,463	24,301,028
Cost of sales		(18,776,818)	(18,574,108)
Gross profit		5,823,645	5,726,920
Distribution costs Administrative expenses Other operating (loss)/ income		(283,000) (3,960,747) (23,175)	(280,000) (3,821,731) 16,338
Operating profit	2	1,556,723	1,641,527
Interest receivable Interest payable	6	532 (56,258)	421 (75,196)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,500,997	1,566,752
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(330,381)	(381,150)
Profit for the financial year		1,170,616	1,185,602

All activities derive from continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains or losses for the current or prior period other than as stated in the Profit and Loss Account.

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of the financial statements.

Airways Optical Limited Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2015

	Note		2015 £		2014 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		2,968,055		2,796,371
Current assets					
Stocks	9	1,096,850		1,137,670	
Debtors	10	3,219,348		2,720,438	
Cash at bank and in hand		7,412		8,100	
		4,323,610		3,866,208	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	11	(5,362,403)		(4,658,065)	
Net current liabilities			(1,038,793)		(791,857)
Net assets		- -	1,929,262	- -	2,004,514
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		100		100
Profit and loss account	15		1,929,162		2,004,414
Shareholders' funds	17	-	1,929,262	_	2,004,514

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 May 2015 and signed on the their behalf.

Specsavers Laboratories Limited

Director

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

Airways Optical Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 28 February 2015

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	Notes	2015 £	2014 £
CASH FLOW STATEMENT		~	~
Net cash inflow from operating activities	18	2,290,199	2,891,843
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	19	(55,726)	(74,775)
Taxation		(436,680)	(493,850)
Capital expenditure	19	<u>(1,347,643)</u> 450,150	(1,224,715) 1,098,503
Equity dividends paid		<u>(1,245,868)</u> (795,718)	(660,000) 438,503
Financing	19	795,030	(437,407)
(Decrease)/increase in cash		(688)	1,096

The notes on pages 9 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards. The accounting policies which have been applied consistently throughout the current and prior years, are described below.

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts invoiced for the provision of goods and services which fall within the company's ordinary activities, net of value added tax. Turnover is recognised in the period in which the goods and services are provided.

Going concern

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. The use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate because there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for any impairment.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost of the asset, on a straight line basis, over their expected useful life or, if held under finance, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter. The rates used are as follows:

 Land and buildings
 over the term of the lease

 Plant and machinery
 7%-33% on cost

 Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment
 7%-50% on cost

 Assets under construction
 Not depreciated

Information technology costs are only capitalised if the costs are externally generated and relate to a specific project with quantifiable benefits. These costs are then included in equipment and depreciated over their useful economic life.

Stock

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all consts incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition, as follows:

Raw materials, consumables and goods for resale - actual cost basis

Work in progress and finished goods - cost of direct materials

Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price, less further costs of completion and all relevant marketing, selling and distribution costs.

Current taxation

Current taxation is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in tax computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currency

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling at that date. These translation differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Leased assets

Assets obtained under finance leases or hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet at the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates defined contribution pension schemes for certain employees under which the pension costs charged against profit represent the amount of contributions payable to the schemes for the year. Differences between contributions payable and contributions actually paid in the year are shown as either accruals or prepayments at the year end.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised when they become authorised. Final dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

Change in presentation

During the current year it has been decided that freight costs will be disclosed separately in the Profit and Loss Account and not netted-off with the amount of Turnover from recharges of the same costs. The directors believe that this change in presentation provides more detailed information to the users of financial statements. This change in presentation has resulted in an adjustment to the prior year Profit and Loss Account. The summary of the change is as follows:

Impact on Profit and Loss Account (increase/ (decrease) in profit)

·		•	2014 £
Turnover			280,000
Gross profit			280,000
Distribtuion costs			(280,000)
Operating profit			
Profit for the financial year			
2 Operating profit		2015	2014
This is stated after chargin	g / (crediting):	£	£
Depreciation of owned fixe Depreciation of assets held	d assets d under finance leases and hire purchase	1,095,052	849,727
contracts	,	-	327,678
Depreciation of leasehold t	puildings	104,967	104,991
Operating lease rentals - p	lant and machinery	598	17,981
Operating lease rentals - la		111,506	113,824
Auditors' remuneration for	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,120	10,798
Loss / (Profit) on sale of ta	ngible fixed assets	1,751	(1,000)
Foreign exchange losses		23,175	11,171

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3	Directors' emoluments	2015 £	2014 £
	Emoluments	161,975	163,763
	Social security costs	19,924	20,228
		181,899	183,991
	Highest paid director:		
	Emoluments	83,000	83,894
	The number of Directors who were members of the Airways Optical Limited during the year was nil (2014: nil).	defined contribution	on pension scheme
4	Staff costs (excluding directors)	2015 £	2014 £
	Wages and salaries (excluding directors' emoluments)	3,622,993	3,219,407
	Social security costs	297,509	225,786
	Other pension costs	76,524	22,207
		3,997,026	3,467,400
	Average number of employees during the year	Number	Number
	Administration	17	18
	Manufacturing	160	163
		177	181
5	Interest Receivable	2015	2014
		£	£
	Interest received from Group Treasury Company (note 24)	532	421
6	Interest payable	2015	2014
	•	£	£
	Interest paid to Group Treasury Company (note 24) Finance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase	19,755	30,108
	contracts	36,503	45,088
		56,258	75,196

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7	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2015	2014
a)	Analysis of charge in period	£	£
aj	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax	388,963	478,906
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(777)	830
	Total current tax (note 7b)	388,186	479,736
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(57,731)	(92,199)
	Adjustment in respect of previous years	(74)	(41,090)
	Effect of increased tax rate on opening liability		34,703
	Total deferred tax (note 10)	(57,805)	(98,586)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	330,381	381,150
b)	Factors affecting tax charge for period The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corpora (2014: 23.08%).	tion tax in the United Ki	ngdom 21.17%
	The differences are explained below:	2015 £	2014 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,500,997	1,566,752
	Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	21.17%	23.08%
		£	£
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation		
	tax in the United Kingdom of 21.17% (2014: 23.08%)	317,761	361,606
	Effects of:		
	Income not taxable for tax purposes - fixed assets		
		10,024	10,287
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	69	592
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for period in excess of capital allowances	69 60,732	592 106,362
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for period in excess of capital allowances Other short term timing differences	69 60,732 377	592 106,362 59
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for period in excess of capital allowances	69 60,732	592 106,362

8 Tangible fixed assets

o Tuligible fixed assets	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	Assets under construction	Total
Cost					
At 1 March 2014	1,202,845	13,528,710	804,359	391,573	15,927,487
Additions	-		<u>.</u>	1,371,703	1,371,703
Transfers to fixed assets	-	1,236,425	61,934	(1,298,359)	(700.070)
Disposals	<u> </u>	(708,073)	-		(708,073)
At 28 February 2015	1,202,845	14,057,062	866,293	464,917	16,591,117
Depreciation					
At 1 March 2014	1,044,446	11,400,375	686,295	-	13,131,116
Charge for the year	104,967	1,031,241	63,811	-	1,200,019
On disposals		(708,073)			(708,073)
At 28 February 2015	1,149,413	11,723,543	750,106		13,623,062
Net book value					
At 28 February 2015	53,432	2,333,519	116,187	464,917	2,968,055
At 28 February 2014	158,399	2,128,335	118,064	391,573	2,796,371
	•			2015	2014
				£.	£
Net book value of fixed assets included	d above held under fi	nance leases and	hire purchase		
contracts.					97,559

Included within plant and machinery and fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment, the net book value of finance leases and hire purchase is £Nil (2014:£97,559) comprising a total cost of £1,638, 392 (2014:£1,638,392) less accumulated depreciation of £1,638,392 (2014:£1,540,833)

All land and buildings are held under operating leases, the net book value of leasehold buildings is £53,432 (2014:£158,399) comprising a total cost of £1,202,845 (2014:£1,202,245) less accumulated depreciation of £1,149,413 (2014:£1,044,447).

9	Stocks	2015 £	2014 £
	Raw materials and consumables Work in progress	552,588 63,275	1,062,324 54,340
	Finished goods and goods for resale	480,987	21,006
		1,096,850	1,137,670
10	Debtors	2015	2014
		£	£
	Trade debtors	1,800	-
	Amounts owed by parent and fellow subsidiaries (note 24)	2,090,325	2,253,834
	Group Treasury Company (note 24)	722,958	121,869
	Deferred tax asset	381,357	323,552
	Other debtors and prepayments	22,908	21,183
		3,219,348	2,720,438
	_		
	Defered taxation is accrued in the accounts as follows:	2015	2014
		£	£
	Short term timing difference	5,395	485
	Accelerated capital allowances	375,962	323,067
		381,357	323,552
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Asset at the start of the period	323,552	224,966
	Deferred tax charge in the profit and loss account for the period (note 15)		
		57,805	98,586
	Asset at the end of the period	381,357	323,552
11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2015	2014
		£	£
	Group Treasury Company (note 24)	67,224	218,433
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	•	246,813
	Trade creditors	906,761	1,221,717
	Amounts owed to ultimate parent and subsidiaries (note 24)	2,983,886	1,658,255
	Corporation tax	195,574	244,068
	Other taxes and social security costs	643,101	461,172
	Other creditors	71,360	2,424
	Accruals and deferred income	494,497	605,183
		5,362,403	4,658,065

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12	Secured debts			2015 £	2014 £
	The following debts secured against spewithin creditors:	ecific fixed assets	are included	_	_
	Finance lease and hire purchase contracts	i		-	246,813
			- -	-	246,813
13	Obligations under finance leases and hi contracts	re purchase		2015 £	2014 £
	Amounts payable:				
	Within one year		-		246,813
14	Share capital	Nominal value	2015 Number	2015 £	2014 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:	00.50			
	"A" Ordinary shares "B" Ordinary shares	£0.50 each £0.50 each	100 100	50 50	50 50
	b Ordinary Strates	EU.SU EAGN	-	100	100
15	Profit and loss account			2015 £	2014 £
	At 1 March			2,004,414	1,478,812
	Profit for the financial year	:		1,170,616	1,185,602
	Dividends (note 16)			(1,245,868)	(660,000)
	At 28 February		-	1,929,162	2,004,414
16	Dividends			2015	2014
	"A" Ordinary shares			£	£
	Interim paid of £12,459 per share (2014:£6	,600)	_	1,245,868	660,000

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17	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds	2015 €	2014 £
	At 1 March	2,004,514	1,478,912
	Profit for the financial year	1,170,616	1,185,602
	Dividends (note 16)	(1,245,868)	(660,000)
	Dividends (note 10)	(1,243,000)	(000,000)
	At 28 February	1,929,262	2,004,514
18	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash flow from operating activities	2015	2014
		£	£
	Operating profit	1,556,723	1,641,527
	Depreciation and amortisation	1,200,019	1,282,396
	Decrease/(increase) in stocks	40,820	(103,277)
	Increase in debtors	(441,105)	(374,394)
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(66,258)	446,591
	Profit on sale of tangible fixed assets	-	(1,000)
		2,290,199	2,891,843
19	Gross cash flows	2015	2014
		£	£
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance	_	£
	Interest received	532	£ 421
	Interest received Interest paid	532 (19,755)	£ 421 (30,108)
	Interest received	532 (19,755) (36,503)	£ 421 (30,108) (45,088)
	Interest received Interest paid	532 (19,755)	£ 421 (30,108)
	Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments Capital expenditure	532 (19,755) (36,503) (55,726)	421 (30,108) (45,088) (74,775)
	Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	532 (19,755) (36,503)	£ 421 (30,108) (45,088)
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	Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets	532 (19,755) (36,503) (55,726) (1,347,643)	421 (30,108) (45,088) (74,775) (1,274,786) 50,071
	Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	532 (19,755) (36,503) (55,726) (1,347,643)	421 (30,108) (45,088) (74,775) (1,274,786) 50,071
20	Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets Financing	(1,347,643) (1,347,643) (246,813)	421 (30,108) (45,088) (74,775) (1,274,786) 50,071 (1,224,715) (298,509)
20	Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets Financing Capital element of finance lease rental payments	532 (19,755) (36,503) (55,726) (1,347,643) (1,347,643) (1,347,643)	£ 421 (30,108) (45,088) (74,775) (1,274,786) 50,071 (1,224,715) (298,509)
20	Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets Financing Capital element of finance lease rental payments	(1,347,643) (1,347,643) (246,813)	421 (30,108) (45,088) (74,775) (1,274,786) 50,071 (1,224,715) (298,509)
20	Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rental payments Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets Receipts from sales of tangible fixed assets Financing Capital element of finance lease rental payments Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds / (debt)	532 (19,755) (36,503) (55,726) (1,347,643) - (1,347,643) (246,813) 2015 £	£ 421 (30,108) (45,088) (74,775) (1,274,786) 50,071 (1,224,715) (298,509)

21 Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 Mar Cash flows		Non-cash	At 28 Feb 2015	
	2014 £	£	changes £	£	
Cash at bank and in hand	8,100	(688)	-	7,412	
Debt due within 1 year	(218,433)	(1,041,843)		(1,260,276)	
Finance leases	(246,813)	246,813	-	-	
Total	(457,146)	(795,718)	-	(1,252,864)	
22 Capital commitments			2015 £	2014 £	
Amounts contracted for but not provided	in the accounts	_	544,269	324,998	

23 Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The unpaid contributions outstanding at the year end, included in 'other taxes and social security costs' (note 11) are £8,990 (2014 - £2,425).

24 Related party transactions

During the year, the company has conducted transactions with its ultimate parent, Specsavers International Healthcare Limited and its fellow subsidiaries as follows:

	2015 £	2014 £
Sales	24,600,463	24,301,028
Purchase of goods	2,268,081	1,378,627
Interest paid	19,755	30,108
Interest received	532	421
Overhead costs	2,070,616	2,012,401

Specsavers International Healthcare Limited has confirmed that its subsidiaries will continue to provide and procure these goods and services for the foreseeable future.

The balances owed to Group Treasury company of £67,224 (2014: £218,433) and balances owed from Group Treasury company of £722,958 (2014: £121,869) are held with Specsavers Finance (Guernsey) Limited, a fellow subsidiary company, which is incorporated in Guernsey, and provides treasury services to the company and to other Specsavers Group companies.

At the year end there were debtor balances of £2,090,325 (2014: £2,253,834) and creditor balances of £2,983,886 (2014: £1,658,255) held with Specsavers International Healthcare Limited, its subsidiaries and franchises.

Interim dividends have been paid to the directors of the company during the year totaling £498,347 (2014: £264,000). Interim dividends have been paid to the group during the year totaling £747,521 (2014: £396,000)

25 Ultimate controlling party

Specsavers International Healthcare Limited is the ultimate parent company of Airways Optical Limited. Mr and Mrs Perkins have the controlling holding in the ordinary shares of Specsavers International Healthcare Limited, which is a Guernsey registered company, the accounts of which are not available to the public.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is Specsavers Procurement UK Limited. Its accounts are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF4 3UZ, Wales.